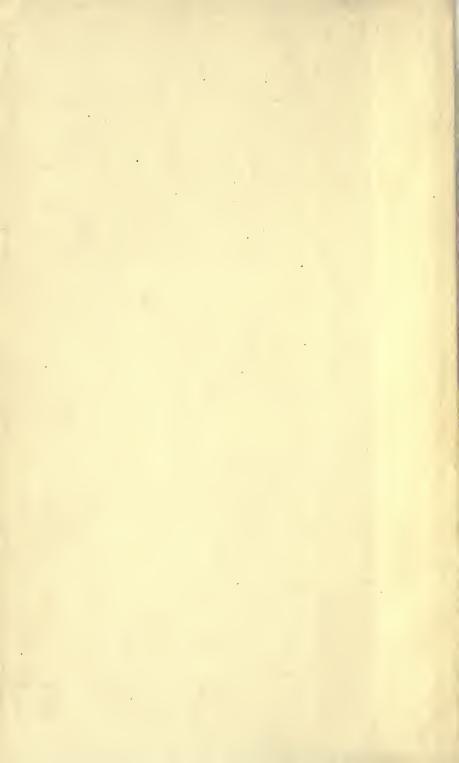
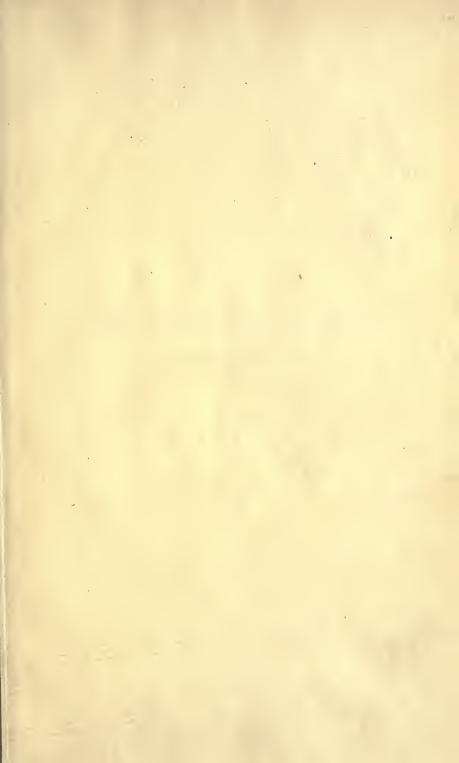


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INDEX OF PROPER NAMES AND SUBJECTS

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# Chauger's Canterbury Tales

TOGETHER WITH

COMPARISONS AND SIMILÉS, METAPHORS
AND PROVERBS, MAXIMS, Etc.,
IN THE SAME.

COLLECTED BY

PROF. HIRAM CORSON, LL.D.

OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY.



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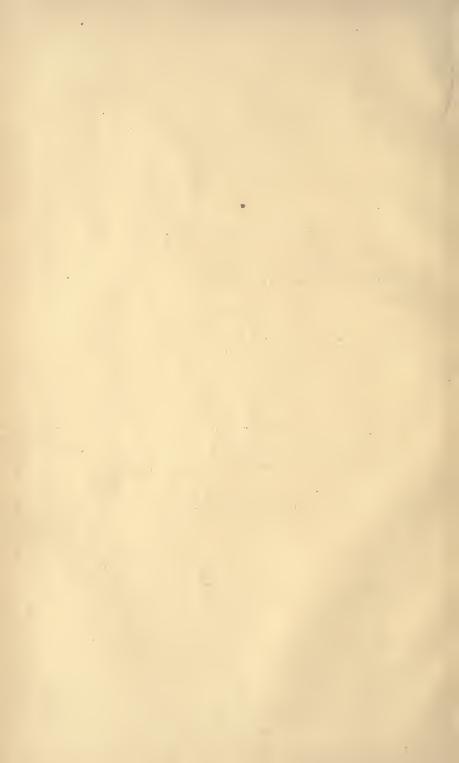
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# TABLE OF CONTENTS.

					PAGE
Introduction (by the Rev. Prof. Skeat)	•	•	•	•	vii
PART I.					
INDEX OF PROPER NAMES AND SUBJECTS					1
Addition to the Index				50	87
SCRIPTURAL QUOTATIONS AND ALLUSIONS (cf.	p.	10)	•		94
PART II.					
TAUT II.					
Comparisons and Similes (cf. p. 19) .		•			97
Метарнов (cf. p. 51)			•		108
PROVERBS, MAXIMS, AND SENTENTIOUS EXPRES	sio	ns in C	BENE	RAL	
(cf. p. 67)					111
Prayers, Entreaties, Imprecations, etc. (	ef.	p. 64)		• •	118



### INTRODUCTION.

BY THE REV. PROFESSOR SKEAT.

THE present issue was originally announced in the following terms:—"The issue for 1884, in the First Series, is to be

IXXII. The Six-Text, Part IX, with colord Lithographs of 6 Tellers of Tales and 6 emblematical Figures from the Cambridge Univers. MS. Gg. 4.27; Forewords, Title-pages for the three volumes, &c.; and Prof. Hiram Corson's Index to the Subjects and Names of *The Canterbury Tales*."

It has been recently discovered, after a careful enquiry, that a portion of the work thus promised has long been ready, but the publication of the whole was delayed for the sake of the remainder.

The coloured cuts were completed long ago, and are now issued. It will be seen that all the pictures are from the Cambridge MS. The six Tellers of Tales are the Monk, the Pardoner, the Reeve, the Cook, the Wife of Bath, and the Manciple. The six Emblematical Figures are Envy, Charity, Gluttony, Abstinence, Lechery and Chastity.

The "Forewords" were never written, and it is doubtless on this account that the issue was delayed. Dr. Furnivall had already issued, in 1868, his "Temporary Preface to the Six-text Edition of Chaucer's Canterbury Tales, Part I." But no continuation of this, in the form of "Part II.," was ever written. No doubt his intention was to write a full preface, to be called "Forewords," in

place of the "Temporary Preface"; but the opportunity for this never came; and it would now be unadvisable to substitute anything for it. The "Temporary Preface, Part I.," must be allowed to continue to occupy its place. And I think it must always be a subject for regret that the "Attempt to show the right order of the Tales" was held to be a justification for deliberately disturbing their order. The placing of Groups C and D in their present positions gives us an order which appears in no MS. whatever, and dissociates the Six-text, to that extent, from all the MSS. which it is meant to reproduce. Surely the best course would have been to keep to the order in the Ellesmere MS., on which the Six-text was founded. The misfortune is that editors have to follow suit, and the dislocated order cannot easily be set right again.

Neither are "the Title-pages for the three volumes, &c.," here included. Such "temporary" title-pages as have been already printed are practically sufficient; we are not likely to forget the fact that the famous "Six-text" edition of the Tales was edited throughout by Dr. Furnivall himself; and that, but for his energy and supervision, it would, probably, never have appeared.

It is not quite clear of what the "three volumes" consist. As far as I can judge, vol. i. was meant to include Group A, and its appendix, the Tale of Gamelyn. Vol. ii. may include Groups B and C; and vol. iii., perhaps, the rest, though this would make vol. iii. far too large. It might be better to include B, C, D, and E in vol. ii. Note that we cannot make a volume end with D, because the "side-notes" on p. 402 belong to the following group. I have found, in practice, that the most convenient way is to have four volumes, arranged thus: vol. i., A and Gamelyn; vol. ii., B and C; vol. iii., D, E, F, G, H, and the Parson's Prologue in Group I.; and vol. iv., the Parson's Tale by itself. But other arrangements can be made, and the problem is best solved by not limiting the

number of volumes, but leaving each subscriber free to follow his own method.

#### PROFESSOR CORSON'S INDEX.

It remains to say a few words as to the very useful Index compiled by the late Professor Hiram Corson, of Cornell University. It has long been in type, but it has no words of introduction. I therefore take upon myself to supply them.

It will be seen that there are really no less than seven indexes; and the book consists, accordingly, of two parts, the second of which begins at p. 97.

Part I. includes the three indexes following:—(a) Index of Proper Names; (b) Addition to the Index, pp. 87-93; (c) Scriptural Quotations and Allusions, pp. 94, 95.

Part II. includes:—(a) Comparisons and Similes, pp. 97–108; (b) Metaphors, pp. 108–111; (c) Proverbs, Maxims, &c., pp. 111–117; (d) Prayers, Entreaties, &c., 118–121.

Some of the information is repeated. Thus the Scriptural Quotations at pp. 94, 95, largely agree with the list of quotations given under the heading "Bible" at pp. 10, 11; indeed, the earlier list is, in some instances, the fuller of the two. In Part II., the Comparisons and Similes may be compared with the list of the same at pp. 19, 20; the Metaphors, with the list at p. 51; the Proverbs, with the list at pp. 67, 68; and the Prayers, with that at 64, 65. These repetitions are helpful rather than superfluous.

A few words are further necessary with regard to the references.

These are all to the paging and lines of the Six-text edition; but they can easily be used for other editions <sup>1</sup> by observing the following notes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As, for example, the text in vol. iv. of the Oxford edition in six volumes; Mr. Pollard's edition of the Canterbury Tales; the Student's Chaucer; and the Globe edition.

Group A occupies pp. 1-128; B, pp. 129-301; C, pp. 303-332; D, pp. 334-401; E, pp. 403-476; F, pp. 478-525; G, pp. 527-574; H, pp. 576-587; I, pp. 589-end. For practical use, we have only to reverse this arrangement, as under.

1-128	contains	Group	A.	478-525	contains	Grou	p F.
129-301	"	79	B.	527-574	"	,~99	G.
303-332	39	37	C.	576-587	>1	37	H.
334-401	19	1)	D.	589, &c.	99	33	I.
403-476	,,	,,	E.				

A few examples will make this plain.

Abailard, letters of, 353/677 = D 677.

Abigail, mentioned, 210/2290; 446/1369 = B 2290, E 1369.

Achelous, the river-god, 259/3296 = B 3296.

In the case of the Tale of Gamelyn (see p. 31), the references are to the separate paging in the Six-text. Thus "Boundys, Sir John of," refers to p. 1, following after p. 128 of the Six-text. At p. 101, the quotations in smaller type are from the same; thus "lokid as a wild lyon" is from Gamelyn, l. 125. The number of the page does not matter.

In conclusion, I beg leave to record my sincere regret that Professor Corson—of whom I entertain the most kindly recollections and whose loss I sincerely lament—did not live to see the issue of this most acceptable Index.

# INDEX OF

## PROPER NAMES AND SUBJECTS

TO

#### CHAUCER'S CANTERBURY TALES,

ELLESMERE MS.

N.B.—The references are to the paging and lines of the Six-Text edition.

Aaron, brother of Moses; his abstinence, 390/1894

Abailard and Héloïse, Letters of, alluded to, 353/677

Abelard. See Abailard

Abigail, the wife of Nabal, afterwards of David (1 Sam. xxv.); allusions to her saving her husband, 210/2290; 446/1369

Abraham, the patriarch; cited by Wife of Bath, in defense of polygamy, 335/55

Absalom (Absolon), son of King David, who rebelled against his father (2 Sam. xiii.—xix.), 641/639

Absolon, the parish clerk, in the Miller's Tale, 95/3313; 96/3339, 3348, 3353; 97/3366, 3371, 3387, 3389, 3394, 3398; 105/3657, 3671; 106/3688, 3711, 3714, 3719, 3723; 107/3730, 3733, 3741, 3744, 3749; 108/3764, 3766, 3767, 3772, 3783, 3793; 109/3804; 110/3852

Absolon. See Absolom

Abstinence, remedy against gluttony; not meritorious if practised for health of body (St. Augustine quoted), 660/831, 832; its fellows, 1. temperance, 2. shame, 3. suffisance, that avoids rich meats and drinks, 4. measure or moderation, 5. soberness, 6. sparing, not sitting long and comfortably at table, 660/833—835

Accidie, or Sloth, one of the seven deadly sins, 645—649/677—727; its remedy, 650, 651/728—738. See Idleness

Achelous (Acheloys), the river-god, with whom Hercules contended, 259/3296

Acheloys. See Achelous

ELLES, INDEX.

Achilles, the Greek hero, 136/198; 292/4338; 485/239 Achitofel. See Ahithophel

Actæon, Diana's punishment of, alluded to, 66/2303; his metamorphosis portrayed on the walls of Diana's temple (Ovid's Met., iii. 138), 59/2065—2068

Acts of the Apostles, 637/597

Actuum, gen. pl. See Acts of the Apostles

Adam, the first man, 211/2293; 295/4448; 319/505, 508; 353/696; 445/1325; 612/323, 325; 613/331, 332, 333; 630/516; 645/682; 658/819; 669/926, 928; the story of, in Monk's Tale, 256/3197—3204; Adam and Eve, the story of their fall, and its consequences, 612—614/325—336

Adam, the spencer, or butler, in the spurious tale of *Gamelyn*, who aids Gamelyn against his elder brother and his other foes, pp. 12 et seq.

Adonis (Adoon), the youth loved by Venus, 64/2224

Adriane. See Ariadne

Adromacha. See Andromache

Adultery, and the punishment of adulterers (Rev. xxi. 8, quoted), 661/840, 841; defined, 664/874; the many sins it includes, 664/875—884; set in decalogue between theft and murder, as partaking of both sins, 665/887—889; most heinous when committed by those in holy orders, 665/891—894; may be between man and wife, 667/904—906; copulation with kinsfolk, spiritual or fleshly, 667/907—909

Ælla, king of Northumberland (A.D. 560—588), 148/578; 149/604, 610; 150/659; 151/688, 691; 152/725; 157/876; 158/893, 897; 161/984, 988, 996, 1003; 162/1006, 1014, 1016, 1022, 1032; 163/1045, 1046, 1051; 164/1088; 165/1100, 1128; 166/1141, 1144

Aemilia, name given to the provinces of Parma, Modena, and the Romagna, in Italy, 404/51

Æneas, the Trojan hero, alluded to as "the false," 130/64. Æneid, Virgil's epic poem; the slaying of Priam (lib. iii. 550—553), alluded to, 298/4549

Æsculapius, the god of Medicine, 13/429

Æsop, the fabulist, quoted against trusting an enemy, 216/2374

Africa (Affrike), one of the grand divisions of the earth, 291/4314

Age. See Old Age

Ahasuerus (of the Book of Esther), king of Persia, 210/ 2291; 446/1374; 457/1745

Ahithophel, a counsellor of King David, who sided with Absalom in his rebellion against the king, his father (2: Sam. xv. 31 et seq.), 641/639

Alanus de Insulis (Alain de l'Isle), a Cistercian monk, 12th cent., and bp. of Auxerre. "the Universal Doctor;" proverb from his Parabolæ, "But euery thyng which pat seineth as the gold, Nis nat gold," etc., 558/962,963

Alayn. See Aleyn

Albon, daun, name by which the host addresses the Monk 254/3120

Alcebiades. See Alcibiades

Alceste. See Alcestis

Alcestis, wife of Admetus, king of Pheræ, alluded to as a devoted wife, 131/75; 520/1442

Alchemy, its vain efforts and pretences, 550/666—683; 552—559/720—971

Alcibiades, the Athenian general; his wife's devotion alluded to, 520/1439—1441

Alcione. See Ceyx and Alcyone

Alcoran, the sacred book of the Mahometans, 140/332

Alcyone. See Ceyx and Alcyone

Aldiran (MSS. mostly Aldrian), a star in the constellation Leo, 486/265

Aldrian. See Aldiran

Alexander, the Great; the story told him, of the identity in character, of an outlaw and a tyrant, 583/223—234; story of, in Monk's Tale, 276, 277/3821—3860

Alexandria, city in Egypt, 2/51; 268/3582; 560/975

Aleyn, the clerk or scholar, of Soler hall, Cambridge, in the Reeve's Tale, 115/4013 et seq.

Alfonce. See Pedro Alfonse

Alfonso. See Pedro Alfonso

Algarsif (Algarsyf), son of the Tartar king Cambynskan, in Squire's Tale, 479/30; 497/663

Algezir, city of, taken from the Moorish king of Granada in 1344, 2/57

Al-Hazem (Al-hazel or Alhazen), Arabian mathematician, physician, and astronomer, 11th cent., 485/232

Alisandre. See Alexandria

Alisaundre. See Alexandria and Alexander

Alisoun (or Alison), the Carpenter's wife, in the Miller's Tale, 97/3366; 101/3523; 102/3577; 104/3617, 3639, 3649; 105/3653, 3678; 106/3698; 108/3790

Alisoun, the name of the Wife of Bath, 356/804

Alisoun, a gossip of the Wife of Bath, 349/530; called dame Alys, 349/548

Alkaron, Alkoran. See Alcoran

Alliterations, 1/9; 1/13; 3/69, 90; 4/103, 124, 135;  $\begin{array}{c} 5|149,\ 154,\ 159,\ 167,\ 169,\ 170;\ 6|200;\ 7|217,\ 233;\ 8|273;\ 9|284,\ 309;\ 10/344;\ 11/365;\ 12/396,\ 399;\ 13/453;\ 14/459,\ 464,\ 471;\ 16/536,\ 539,\ 546;\ 17/573,\ 591;\ 18/603,\ 606;\ 20/705;\ 21/711,\ 735;\ 23/735,\ 792,\ 798;\ 24/831;\ 27/890,\ 893,\ 899,\ 908;\ 28/940;\ 31/1067;\ 36/1221;\ 38/1295;\ 39/1331;\ 41/1416;\ 48/1676;\ 49/1678;\ 53/1837;\ 54/1878,\ 1880;\ 55/1906,\ 7;\ 56/1935;\ 57/1977;\ 58/2002;\ 60/2079;\ 61/2116;\ 62/2154,\ 2164;\ 65/2283;\ 66/2309;\ 67/2333,\ 2334,\ 2335,\ 2338;\ 68/2386;\ 69/2419;\ 70/2437,\ 2463;\ 71/2494;\ 73/2550;\ 74/2603,\ 2605;\ 75/2607,\ 2608,\ 2609,\ 2610,\ 2611,\ 2612,\ 2613,\ 2615,\ 2616;\ 76/2649,\ 2654;\ 77/2691;\ 78/2735;\ 80/2804;\ 82/2860,\ 2865;\ 85/2996;\ 86/3019,\ 3025;\ 88/3095;\ 89/3109,\ 3122,\ 3125;\ 90/3141;\ 92/3202;\ 95/3308,\ 3317;\ 96/3342;\ 97/3393;\ 100/3472,\ 3484,\ 3488;\ 101/3512,\ 3517,\ 3521;\ 102/3545;\ 103/3587,\ 3609;\ 104/3618,\ 3610;\ 106/3703;\ 108/3796;\ 117/4090;\ 118/4101,\ 4107;\ 119/4163;\ 121/4232;\ 125/4355,\ 4356;\ 127/4369;\ 130/34,\ 62;\ 135/173;\ 142/388;\ 143/432;\ 144/445,\ 447,\ 32/30/34,\ 62;\ 135/173;\ 142/388;\ 143/432;\ 144/445,\ 447,\ 32/30/34,\ 62;\ 135/173;\ 142/388;\ 143/432;\ 144/445,\ 447,\ 32/30/34,\ 62;\ 135/173;\ 142/388;\ 143/432;\ 144/445,\ 447,\ 32/30/34,\ 62;\ 33/30$ 5/149, 154, 159, 167, 169, 170; 6/200; 7/217, 233; 8/273; 4107; 119/4103; 121/4232; 129/4355, 4356; 127/4369; 130/34, 62; 135/173; 142/388; 143/432; 144/445, 447, 468; 146/522, 525; 148/579, 592; 149/602; 150/640; 153/731; 154/761, 764, 787; 155/790, 818, 819; 156/830, 839; 157/873; 158/886; 159/932; 161/976, 985, 994; 162/1026, 1028; 163/1039; 165/1104, 1109; 166/1158; 170/1275, 1286; 171/1322; 173/1394; 176/1496; 177/1508; 186/1774, 190/1896; 191/1902, 1911; 192/1932, 1944; 193/1076, 106/21068; 108/1, 108/21086, 194/1088; 108/21086, 194/10886, 1 1956, 1962, 1968, 1981, 1982, 1986; 194/1988; 195/2017, 2023, 2036, 2038, 2040, 2042, 2044; 198/2105, 2107; 200/ 2156; 254/3115, 3122, 3131; 257/3216; 268/3587; 273/3724; 279/3913; 283/4016; 286/4119; 287/4159, 4163; 389/4253; 290/4288; 291/4299; 292/4332; 298/4554, 4562; 327/780; 335/32; 338/166, 168; 339/195; 340/209, 225, 229, 231; 341/249; 342/285; 346/450; 347/459; 348/ 229, 231; 541/249; 542/285; 546/450; 347/459; 348/524; 349/536; 351/601; 352/672; 353/685, 686; 354/736, 741; 355/774; 360/913, 918; 361/941; 364/1033; 367/1138; 368/1179; 369/1228, 1230; 370/1253; 375/1436; 380/1606, 1610; 381/1639; 385/1734, 1736; 386/1737, 1738; 394/2027; 395/2087; 396/2107; 404/28, 45; 405/60, 81; 407/118; 409/187; 410/214; 412/276; 418/487; 419/504; 421/572, 574; 425/685; 428/781; 430/860; 434/971; 441/121; 442/123; 1230; 444/1272; 1231; 1230; 444/1272; 1231; 1230; 444/1272; 1231; 1230; 144/1272; 1231; 1230; 144/1272; 1231; 1230; 144/1272; 1231; 1230; 144/1272; 1231; 1230; 144/1272; 1231; 1230; 144/1272; 1231; 1230; 144/1272; 1231; 1230; 144/1272; 1231; 1230; 144/1272; 1231; 1230; 144/1272; 1231; 1230; 144/1272; 1231; 1230; 144/1272; 1231; 12 971; 441/1211; 442/1213, 1230; 444/1273, 1281, 1284, 1290; 445/1341; 447/1381; 448/1418, 1446; 453/1628; 454/1645; 456/1735; 460/1865; 463/1961; 464/2010; 466/2072, 2082; 467/2125; 468/2172; 476/2422; 478/6; 482/121, 136; 483/153, 168; 486/261; 487/323; 491/460; 498/607, 608; 500/1706, 500/ 488/697, 698; 502/796; 503/819, 821; 504/874; 508/985, 1006, 1010; 509/1031; 510/1064; 511/1106, 1116, 1121; 512/1163; 514/1228; 516/1305; 517/1344; 518/1348, 1360, 1361; 523/1541, 1552; 524/1590; 525/1600; 528/49; 538/321; 546/534; 561/1032; 567/1218, 1219; humourously alluded to by the Parson: "I kan nat geeste Rum, Ram, Ruf, by lettre," 590/43

Almache. See Almachius

Almachius, the Roman prefect under whom St. Cecilia

suffered martyrdom, 540/362; 541/405, 410; 542/421, 431, 435; 543/468; 544/487; 545/524

Almagest, Ptolemy's Μεγάλη Σύνταξις τῆς 'Αστρονομίας, the handbook of astronomy in the Middle Ages, 92/3208; 339/183; 343/325

Alma Redemptoris Mater, name of a hymn to the Virgin, 184/1708; 185/1744; 187/1802; 188/1831, 1845

Alms, an essential of satisfaction; 3 kinds of: contrition of heart, pity for one's neighbour's defaults, giving good spiritual counsel and providing for the wants of the body, 679/1030—1033; should be done timely, and in secret if possible, 679/1034

Alnath, a star in the horns of Aries, 516/1281

Alocen. See Al-Hazem

Alphonsine Astronom. tables, terms employed in, 516/1273.—93. See Tables Tolletanes

Alys, dame, the wife of Bath, 343/320. See Alisoun

Amazons, a race of female warriors, 26/880

Ambrose, Saint, one of the Latin Fathers of the Church (b. ab. 340, d. 397, A.D.), 536/271; 594/84

Amor vincit omnia, 5/162

Amphiaraus, a famous soothsayer and warrior, native of Argos, whose wife Eriphyle induced him to go to the Theban war where he lost his life, 354/741

Amphion, king of Thebes, renowned for his music, 45/1546; 456/1716; 580/116

Amphiorax. See Amphiaraus

Amphioun. See Amphion

Ancestors; "of oure eldres may we no thyng clayme but temporel thyng þat man may hurte and mayme," 366/1131, 1132; "children ofte been vnlyk hir worthy eldres hem bifore," 408/155

Andromache, wife of Hector; her dream of her husband's death, 292/4331—48

Angelus ad virginem, the title of a hymn in the Church service, 92/3216

Anger hinders wise counsel, 212/2313—18; treated of, as one of the Seven Deadly Sins, 631—43/533—653; its remedy, 643—45/654—76. See Ire

Anne, St., mother of the Virgin, 150/641; 380/1613; 529/70

Anselm, St., archbishop of Canterbury, b. 1033, d. 1109; 600/169, 170

Antæus, a giant in Libya, slain by Hercules, 259/3298 Antecrist. See Antichrist Antheus. See Antaus

Anthiochus. See Antiochus

Anthony, St. See Antony

Antichrist, 655/788

Antiochus, king, violated the daughter of Apollonius of Tyre, 131/82

Antiochus IV., surnamed Epiphanes, king of Syria; the story of, in Monk's Tale (from 2 Maccabees ix.), 274—276/3765—3820

Antonius, Marcus, slaughter of, portrayed on the wall of the temple of Mars, 58/2032

Antony, or Anthony, St., fire of, 622/427

Apelles, a celebrated Greek painter, 303/16; 348/499

Apennines, a chain of mountains in Italy, "the hilles hye, That been the boundes of westlumbardye," 404/45

Apennyn. See Apennines

Apia. See Via Appia

Apocalypse, the Revelation delivered to St. John, in Patmos, 597/136

Apollo, the sun, 497/671; 509/1031. See Phæbus

Apollonius of Tyre, 131/81

Appelles. See Apelles

Appollo. See Apollo

Apprentice of London, described, 127, 128/4365—4422

April, Aprill, Aprille, the fourth month, 1/1; 129/6; 349/546

Apulian. See Poilleys

Arabe, Arabia, a country of Asia, 482/110

Arabian, Arabyen, native of Arabia, 267/3529

Arch-deacon, description of a strict, 372/1301-1331

Arcite, the Theban prince in Knight's Tale, the rival of his cousin Palamon, for the hand of Emilia, 30/1013, et seq.

Argus, the hundred-eyed keeper of Io, 41/1390; 344/358; 467/2111

Ariadne, daughter of Minos, forsaken by Theseus, 131/67 Aries, sign of the Zodiac, 480/51; 489/386; 516/1282. See Ram

Aristoclides, a tyrant of Orchomenus, 519/1387

Aristotle, the Grecian philosopher, 9/295; 485/233

Armed complaint. See Insurrection

Armenian, a native of Armenia, 267/3528

Armorica (Armorik, Armorike), the ancient name of Bre-

tagne, in France, 268/3578; 500/729; Armorik Briteyne, 510/1061

Arnauld de Villeneuve, celebrated alchemist and physician of 13th cent.; b. 1238, d. 1314; author of Rosarium Philosophorum, 572/1428

Arnold of the newe toun. See Arnauld de Villeneuve

Arpies. See Harpies

Arrius, a person mentioned by wife of Bath, 355/758, 762 Arrogance, one of the twigs of Pride, 619/391; defined, 619/396

Arson, the crime of, portrayed on the wall of the temple of Mars, "The shepne brennynge with the blake smoke," 58/2000

Artemisia, wife of Mausolus, king of Caria, to whom she erected the Mausoleum, 520/1451

Arthemesie. See Artemesia

Arthur (Arthour), king, the hero of British romance, 359/857, 882; 360/891; 365/1089

Arthures, gen. s. See Arthur

Artois (Artoys), a former province of France, 3/86

Arviragus (Arveragus), the knight in Franklin's Tale, 503/808, 814, 837; 507/969; 510/1087; 518/1351; 520/1424; 521/1460; 522/1517; 523/1526, 1551; 524/1595

Ashes; in our asshen olde is fyr yreke (Petrarch, Son. 16), 111/3882

Asia, the continent east of Europe; used, probably, for Asia Minor, 183/1678

Assuer, Assuere, Assuerus. See Ahasuerus

Assurance, a remedy against Accidie, or Sloth, 650/735

Astrolabe (Astrelabie), an astronomical instrument, 92/

Astronomical and astrological allusions, 64/2217; 65/2271; 68/2367; 70/2462; 92/3193—5; 129/1—14; 284/4045—7; 293/4384, 5; 351/613—6; 353/695—705; 458/1795—7; 461/1887; 463/1968—70; 470/2222—4; 480/49—51; 486/263—5; 273, 4; 488/352; 497/671, 2; 510/1057, 8; 512/1129—31; 515/1245—8; 589/1—12; astrolog, influence, 136/194—203; invocation to the firmament, 139/295—308; astronom. terms employed in the Alphonsine tables, 516/1273—91

Asye. See Asia

Atalanta, the huntress, portrayed on the wall of Diana's temple (Ovid's Met. x. 560), 59, 60/2069, 70

Atazir, a term under which the planet Mars is invoked (Spanish spelling of Arabic attathir, influence, employed in a bad sense; Skeat), 139/305

Athens, city and republic of Greece, 26/861, 873; 29/968, 973; 30/1023; 35/1194; 41/1391, 1395, 1406, 1413; 60/2098; 71/2483; 77/2701; 84/2964; 85/2971; 518/1369

Attalia, city taken from the Turks by Pierre de Lusignan, soon after 1352, 2/58

Atthalante. See Atalanta

Atthenes. See Athens

Attheon. See Acteon

Attila, king of the Huns, surnamed The Scourge of God; his death from drunkenness, 321/579

Attilla. See Attila

Auerill. See April

Auerrois. See Averroës

Augrim (contr. of Ar. algorithm, numeration), 92/3210

Augustine (Augustyn), St., Bp. of Hippo, the most eminent of the Latin fathers of the Church, 6/187, 188; 175/1449; 181/1631; 239/2807; 241/2833; 294/4431; 306/117; 594/97; 595/101; 598/150; 604/230; 608/269; 610/302; 617/368; 618/381, 383; 627/484; 632/535; 640/630; 645/678; 647/694; 651/741; 652/754; 653/768; 660/831; 668/921; 672/958; 674/985; 675/987; 678/1020, 1026

Aurelian, Roman Emperor (A.D. 270—275); capture of Queen Zenobia by, 267-8/3541—64

Aurelius (Aurelie), the squire in Franklin's Tale, 506/938; 507/965, 970, 979, 982; 508/989, 1006, 1007, 1020; 509/1037; 511/1100, 1102; 513/1183, 1188; 514/1226, 1235; 515/1241, 1256; 516/1297, 1303; 522/1499, 1514; 523/1557; 524/1592

Austyn. See Augustine, St.

Auycen. See Avicenna

Avarice, or Covetousness, to be shunned, 239/2798; 330/905; one of the Seven Deadly Sins, 651—57/739—803; its remedy, 657, 58/804—17

Averroës, Averroïs, or Averrhoes (originally Ibn-Roshd), an Arabian philosopher and physician, b. 1120, d. 1198, 13/ 433

Avicenna, Auycen (Latin form of Ibn-Sînâ), the most eminent of Arabian physicians, b. 980, d. 1037; 13/432; 330/889

Babiloigne. See Babylon

Babylon (Babilan), the Asiatic city and empire of antiquity, 261/3339; 395/2082; used adjectively, Babilan Tesbee, 130/63

Backhus, the god of wine, 456/1722; 579/99
Backbiting (or detraction), 5 kinds of, 628/493—8

Bacus. See Bacchus

Baldeswelle (Bawdeswell), a parish in Eynford hundred, Norfolk, 18/620

Bale; "after bale cometh bote porgh goddes might," Gam. 18/631

Balthasar. See Belshazzar

Bailly, Harry, the Host of the Tabard, 126/4358. See Host of the Tabard

Barbarie. See Barbary

Barbary, the portion of the world outside of Greece, 520/1452

Barnabo Visconti, Duke of Milan. See Visconti

Basil, or Basilius, St., a Greek Father of the Church, bp. of Cæsarea, b. ab. 329, d. 379; quoted on the burnings of hell, 604/221

Basilie, St. See Basil

Bath (Bathe), a city of England, 13/445; 440/1170; 455/1685

Bayard (a horse's name, from bay), the blynde, as bolde as is, a popular proverb, 572/1413

Becket, Thomas à, Archb. of Canterbury, b. 1109, d. 1170, alluded to as "The hooly blisful mastir," 1/17; "The blisful mastir," 22/770

Belial, "that is the deuel," 666/897; "Belial is to seyn with-outen Iuge," 666/898

Belmarye, a Moorish kingdom in Africa? 2/57; alluded to, as a country where lions are hunted, 75/2630

Belshazzar, king of Babylon, story of, in Monk's Tale, 262—4/3373—3436

Benedict, Saint, the founder of monachism in the West, b. 480, d. 543, 6/173; 100/3483

Benedight, seint. See Benedict, St.

Benet, Beneyt, seint. See Benedict, St.

Bernard, Saint, abbot of Clairvaux, b. 1091, d. 1153, 528/30; 597/130; 599/166; 606/253, 256; 608/274; 646/690; 649/723

Bernardus Gordonius, prof. of medicine at Montpellier, 14th cent., 13/434

Bernardus Sylvestris. See Megacosmus of B. S.

Berwick-on-Tweed, a sea-port town of England, 20/692

Berwyk. See Berwick-on-Tweed

Bethulia, the city which is the scene of the chief events of the Book of Judith, 210/2289; 274/3755

Betraying of counsel, the sin of, 642/645

Better late than never ("bet than neuere is late"), 572/
1410; "bet is a pyk than a pykerel, and bet than olde boef is the tendre veel," 448/1419, 1420

Bevis, Sir, of Hampton (Southampton), romance of, alluded to, 197/2089

Bible, the sacred books of the Old and New Testaments, 13/438; 321/578, 586; 352/650; 353/687; 389/1845; passages quoted or alluded to—

Genesis i. 28: 335/28; ii. 18: 211/2294; iii. 1—7: 613/326—30; iv. 19: 335/54; ix. 25, 26: 652/755; xix. 33: 318/485—7; xxvii: 210/2288; 446/1363—5; xxx. 27: 623/443; xxxix. 5: 623/443; xxxix. 8: 664/880

Exodus xiv: 145/489, 90; xx. 3: 652/750; xx. 7: 323/642; 636/588; xx. 17: 661/844; xxxiv. 28: 390/1885

Leviticus x. 9; 390/1895; xix. 32: 326/744; xxi. 9: 660/838

Deuteronomy xxxii. 32? 602/195

Judges xi. 29—40: 309, 10/240—4; xiii. 4: 320/555; xvi. 19—21: 354/721—3

1 Samuel ii. 12: 666/897; ii. 30? 601/189; xxv. 2—34: 446/1369—71; xxv. 2—35: 210/2290; xxviii. 7—25: 378/

2 Samuel xvii.: 641/639

1 Kings xi. 12: 472/2301; xix. 8: 390/1890

Job i. 21: 203/2190; 430/871, 2; ii. 6: 377/1490; x. 20—22: 600/176, 7;:x. 22: 604/223; xii. 12: 214/2354; xlii. 6? 597/134

Psalms i. 1: 217/2388; iv. 5: 632/540; viii. 1, 2: 182/1643, 4; x. 9: 382/1657, 8; xxxii. 6: 611/309; xxxiv. 14: 243/2882, 3; xxxvii. 17: 240/2820, 21; xlix. 7, 8? 648/716; lv. 15: 623/442; lxxvi. 5: 602/193; xevii. 10: 611/307; evii. 34: 604/220; exix. 113: 596/125; exxvii. 1: 223/2494; exxxiii. 1—3: 245/2925

Proverbs i. 28? 599/168; vi. 27: 662/854; viii. 17: 648/709; xi. 7: 604/227; xi. 14: 215/2361; xi. 22: 599/156; xii. 5: 216/2387: xii. 10? 602/204; xii. 11: 238/2780; xiv. 13: 143/421—4; xiv. 29: 234/2703; xiv. 20, xv. 15, xix. 7: 132/115—21; xv. 4: 640/629; xv. 16: 240/2818, 19; xv. 18: 234/2704; xvi. 6: 596/119; xvi. 7: 244/2909, 10; xvi. 24: 211/2303; xvi. 32: 234/2706; xvii. 1: 641/633; xvii. 22: 203/2185; xviii. 24: 214/2349; xix. 11: 234/2702; xix. 15: 238/2779; xx. 3: 232/2675; xxi. 9, 19: xi. 22: 355, 6/775—85; xxi. 19: 210/2277; xxi. 23: 586/315; xxii. 25: 646/688; xxii. 1: 240/2828; xxii. 24: 395/2086, 7; xxiii. 9: 206/2237; xxv. 16: 229/2606: xxvi. 17: 235/2732; xxviii. 9: 214/2348; xxviii. 15: 641/631; xxviii. 13, 14: 597/127; xxviii. 14: 223/2507, 8; 243/2886; xxviii. 15: 634/568; xxviii. 23: 215/2367; 244/2894, 95; xxiii. 5; xxviii. 22: 237/2768, 9; xxix. 5: 215/2368; xxxii. 4, 5: 321/584

Ecclesiastes iii. 1: 403/6; v. 3: 642/649; vii. 28: 207/2247; 471/2247, 8; ix. 10: 645/679; x. 19: 236/2740

Song of Solomon ii. 10, 11: 468/2138-40

*Isaiah* xiv. 11? 602/198; xxxviii. 15: 597/135; 674/983; liii. 5: 609/281; lxvi. 24: 603/209

Jeremiah iv. 2: 323/635; 637/592; vi. 16: 593/77, 78

Ezekiel xviii. 26: 605/236; xx. 43: 598/141

Daniel ii. 596/126; vi. 16 et seq.: 144, 5/473-6 · xiii.
(Vulgate) 656/797

Jonah i. 12-17; ii. 1-10: 145/486, 7

Micah vii. 6: 602/201

Zechariah x. 5: 623/434

Tobit iv. 19: 211/2308; vi. 17: 667/906

Judith viii.—xiii.: 210/2289; xiii.: 159/939; xiii. 8: 446/1368

Ecclesiasticus ii. 14: 235/2729; iv. 30: 393/1989; vi. 5: 245/2930; vi. 6: 214/2357; vi. 14: 214/2351; viii. 17: 215/2363; xi. 29: 125/4331; xii. 10: 216/2376; xii. 13; xiii. 1: 662/854; xix. 8: 213/2331; xxii. 6: 206/2235; xxv. 25: 352/653[?]; xxx. 23: 203/2186; xxxiii. 24: 203/2193; xxxiii. 18: 246/2944—6; xxxiii. 20: 207/2250; xl. 28: 132/114; xli. 12: 240/2380

Story of Susanna: 150/639

1 Maccabees iii. 18, 19: 241, 2/2851-3

Matthew i. 21: 609/286; iii. 8: 596/115; v. 3: 391/1923; v. 3, 5, 6: 683/1080; v. 9: 242/2870; 643/661; v. 14—16: 679/1036, 7; v. 28: 661/845; v. 34: 323/634; 636/589; v. 44: 631/526; vi. 9: vii. 3: 112/3919, 20; vii. 20: 596/116; xii. 34: 640/627; xiv. 1—11: 319/490, 91; xiv. 15—21: 145/502—4; xix. 3: 336/74; xix. 5: 335/31; 661/842; xix. 17: 209/2269; xix. 21: 337/108—10; xxiii. 27: 493/518, 19; xxv. 30: 603/208; xxvi. 41: 680/1048; xxvi. 75: 675/994; xxvii. 37: 609/284

Mark vi. 37—44: 338/145, 6; xvi. 9: 209/2265

*Luke* v. 10: 388/18<sub>2</sub>0; vii. 37, 38: 675/996; vii. 39; 629/504; x. 7: 392/1973; x. 18: 141/366; xv. 7: 647/700; xv. 22—24: 647/701; xvi. 19: 621/413; xviii. 13: 674/986; xxiii. 42: 647/702

John ii. 1—11: 334/11; 668/919; iv. 18: 334/17—19; viii. 3: 205/2223; 665/889; viii. 34: 598/142; xi. 35: 202/2177; xii. 4, 5: 629/502; xii. 6: 373/1351; xvi. 24: 648/705; xvii. 21? 642/643; xix. 17: 644/668; xix. 23: 644/665

Acts iv. 12: 609/287; viii. 18, 19: 655/783

Romans v. 10: 631/528; v. 12: 612/322; vi. 16, 17? 598/142; vii. 3: 335/49; vii. 24: 614/344; xi. 33: 228/2596; xii. 15: 202/2179; xii. 17: 222/2482; xii. 19: 231/2650; xiii. 4: 230/2630, 31; xiii. 12: 540/385; xiv. 10: 599/162; xv. 4: 684/1083

1 Corinthians iii. 16? 632/544; iii. 17: 664/879; vi.

10: 639/619; vi. 13: 319/522, 3; vii. 3, 4: 670/940; vii. 6: 336/65; vii. 9: 335/52; x. 13: 382/1661; xi. 3: 669/922

2 Corinthians i. 12: 240/2824; iii. 6: 387/1794; iv. 17: 234/2700; vii. 10: 649/725; xi. 14: 376/1465; 666/895; xi. 23: 614/343

Galatians v. 17: 614/342; v. 19-21: 663/867

Ephesians iv. 5, 6: 534/207—209; iv. 26: 632/540; v. 4: 642/651; v. 5: 652/748; v. 18: 318/484; v. 18: 660/836 (Harl. MS.); v. 22—33: 338/160; v. 25, 28, 29: 447/1384; v. 25: 661/843; 668/922; 669/929; v. 32: 668/918

Philippians iii. 18, 19: 320/530—33; 658, 9/820 Colossians iii. 12: 681/1054; iii. 18: 641/634

1 Timothy ii. 9: 343/341—5; iv. 7: 590/33, 34; v. 6: 320/547, 8; vi. 8: 390/1881; vi. 10: 212/2320; 250/3030;

520/547, 8; VI. 8: 590/1881; VI. 10: 212/2320; 250/3030; 651/739

2 Timothy ii. 24: 640/630; iii. 16: 300/4631, 2; iv. 7, 8: 541/386—390

James i. 4: 234/2707; 615/348; i. 5: 212/2309; i. 13: 439/1153; i. 22: 391/1937; ii. 13: 251/3059; ii. 17: 529/64

1 Peter ii. 21—23: 233/2692—2694; iii. 1—6: 669/ 930; v. 6: 675/988

2 Peter ii. 22: 597/138; iii. 9: 593/75

1 John i. 8: 615/349; i. 9: 252/3075—7; iii. 15: 634/565

Revelation ii. 5: 597/136; iii. 15: 634/565; iii. 16: 646/689; iii. 20: 609/289; vii. 1—3: 145/491—4; ix. 6: 603/216; xii. 9: 141/366; xiv. 4: 186/1773—1775; xxi. 8: 661/841

Bigamy, defended by the wife of Bath, 334/9 et. seq.

Biheste is dette, 130/41

Bilyea, cited as an example of wifly chastity (omitted in the other MSS.), 521/1455

Blank-Parson Link; the Manciple's tale ended, the Host calls on the Parson for a "fable," and the Parson replies, that he'll get no fable from him, but "if that yow list to heere moralitee and vertuous mateere, and thanne pat ye wol yeue me audience, I wol fayn, at Cristes reverence, do yow plesaunce leeful as I kan; "589—91/1—74

Blee, or Blean Forest, on the route of the Pilgrims close to Canterbury, 576/3

Blood, nature's friend, 488/353

Boasting (Auauntynge), one of the twigs of Pride, 619/391; defined, 619/393

Bob-up-and-down, supposed to be Harbledown, on the route of the Pilgrims to Canterbury, 576/2; but see J. M. Cowper's letter to Athenæum, Dec. 26, 1868, p. 886, and Temporary Pref. to 6-T. ed. of C. T., p. 32

Boece. See Boethius

Boethius (Ancius Manlius Severinus), author of *De Consolatione Philosophiæ*; alluded to or quoted, 34/1163—1166; 37/1262, 1263; 85, 86/2987—3016; 271/3677—3680; 367/1159—1161, 1168; 458/1792—1794; 495, 496/608—620; Chaucer's translation of, alluded to, 684/1088

Boghton vnder Blee. See Boughton, 547/556

Bologna, a city of Italy, 422/589; 425/686; 427/763; 433/939; 437/1069

Boloigne. See Bologna and Boulogne

Bondys, Sir John of. See Boundys

Book of Fame. See House of Fame

Book of the Duchess, Chaucer's, alluded to, 684/1086

Book of the Leon, Chaucer's (now unknown), alluded to, 684/1087

Book of the .xxv. Ladies. See Legende of Goode Women Book of Seint Valentynes day or the parlement of briddes. See Parlament of Foules

Bordeaux, a city of France, famous for its wines, 12/397; 321/571

Boughton-under-Blean, a town on the route of the Pilgrims near to Canterbury, 547/556

Boulogne, a seaport of France, on the English Channel, 14/465

Boundys (Bondys, Boundis, Boundes), Sir John of, the father of the three brothers in the spurious tale of *Gamelyn*, p. 1, following 6-T. 128

Bounty. See Goodness

Bradwardine (Bradwardyn), Thomas, called the Profound Doctor, Archb. of Canterbury, author of "De causâ Dei adversus Pelagium," 294/4432; probable allusion to, 300/4635

Bretagne, Brittany, in N. France, 12/409; 500/729; 508/992; 512/1159; 514/1221; 515/1240, 1268

Breton lays, sung to musical instruments, 500/712

Breton, adj. of Bretagne, 513/1179

Bretons, the early inhabitants of Brittany or Bretagne, in France, 500/709

Briseis, a patronymic of Hippodamia, taken captive by Achilles, 131/71

Britaigne. See Bretagne

Britain, England, 503/810

Britayne. See Bretagne

Briteyne. See Britain and Armorica

Briton, 513/1179. See Breton of Bretagne .

Briton, n. 147/561; adj. 151/666

Briton, adj. Breton, 500/711

Britons, natives of Britain, 147/545, 547; 359/858

Brixseyde (from accus. Briseida). See Briseis

Brok (badger), name of a grey horse, 378/1543

Bromholm, holy cross of, 123/4286

Bruges (Brugges), a city of Belgium, 169/1245, 1251; 175/1448; 176/1491; 191/1923

Brutus, Marcus Junius, one of the conspirators against Julius Cæsar, 278/3887, 3896; 520/1450

Brutus Cassius, spoken of as one person, 278/3887

Burdeux. See Bordeaux

Burnel, daun, the Asse. See Burnellus

Burnellus seu speculum Stultorum, of Nigellus Wireker, temp. Rich. I, alluded to, 296/4502

Busiris, king of Egypt, slain by Hercules, 259/3293

Busirus. See Busiris

Cacus, the giant slain by Hercules, 259/3297

Cadmus, founder of Thebes, 45/1546

Cæsar, Caius Julius, the assassination of, portrayed on the wall of the temple of Mais, 58/2031; death of, fore-written in the stars, 136/199; the triumph of, alluded to, 142/400; story of, in the Monk's tale, 277—9/3861—3916

Cain, the son of Adam and murderer of Abel, 677/1015

Callisto (Calisto, Calistopee), daughter of Lycaon, king of Arcadia, and companion of Diana, her metamorphosis portrayed on the wall of Diana's temple (Ovid's Fasti, ii. 153), 59/2056—60

Cambalo, or Cambalus, son of the Tartar king, Cambynskan, in the Squire's Tale, 479/31; 497/656

Cambalo, Canace's lover, in the Squire's Tale, who is to fight in the lists against her two brothers, to win her, 497/667

Cambridge, a university town of England, 113/3921; 115/3990

Cambynskan, the Tartar king in Squire's Tale, 479/12, 28; 480/42, 58; 486/266; 488/345; 497/661

Cambyses, king of Persia, a story of his cruelty, 394, 5/2043—72

Cana (Cane) of Galilee, 334/11

Canaan, woman of (Matt. xv. 22-28), 529/59

Canaan, son of Noah's son Ham, 653/766

Canace, the daughter of Aeolus, guilty of incest with her brother (Ovid. Her. 11), 131/78

Canacee, daughter of the Tartar king, Cambynskan, in the Squire's Tale, 479/33; 482/144; 483/178; 485/247; 486/277; 489/361, 384; 490/410; 491/432, 449; 492/475, 485; 496/631, 633, 635, 638; 497/651, 669

Cananee, *adj.* Canaanite, 529/59. See Canaan, woman of

Cancer (Cancre), sign of the Zodiac, 461/1887; 470/2224

Cane. See Cana

Canon, description of the, who joins the Pilgrims at Boughton under Blean, 547, 8/556—86

Canon's Yeoman's Preamble. The Yeoman speaks of his seven years' hard and impoverishing experience with the Canon, and of the frauds practised by the latter in Alchemy; 552—59/720—971

Canon's Yeoman's Tale; a satire on the practice of Alchemy. A Canon pretends to teach a priest the mystery of the science, and makes him believe by his trickery that he converts quicksilver and copper into silver, and for the receipt obtains from him forty pounds. The Canon goes his way; and when the priest would make assay of this receipt, "farwel, it wolde nat be," 560—71/972—1481

Cantebregge. See Cambridge Cantebrigge. See Cambridge

Canterbury, a city of England, 1/16, 22, 27; 22/769; 23/793, 801; 549/624; 576/3

Canterbury Tales, Chaucer's, alluded to, 684/1086

Capaneus, one of the seven heroes who besieged Thebes, 28/932

Capella, Martianus Mineus Felix, author of De Nuptiis Mercurii et Philologiæ, 456/1732—1738

Capitolie. See Capitolium

Capitolium, the temple of Jupiter, in Rome, on the Mons-Capitolinus, 278/3893, 95

Cappaneus. See Capaneus

Capricorn, sign of the Zodiac, 515/1248

Carpenter, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 11/361

Carpenter's wife, in the Miller's Tale, described, 93, 94/3233-70

Cartage, Cartagena in Spain (or Carthage?), 12/404. See Carthage

Carthage, city in Africa, 298/4555; 519/1400

Cassiodorus (Magnus Aurelius), a Latin historian, etc., b.

ab. 468 A.D., quoted, 216/2386; 225/2538; 230/2628; 234/2718; 237/2754; 240/2832

Cassius, Caius, one of the assassinators of Cæsar, 278/3887.

See Brutus Cassius

Cato, Dionysius, name assigned to the author of a Latin work, entitled *Dionysii Catonis Disticha de Moribus ad Filium* (4th cent.), quoted, 93/3227; 215/2371; 218/2406; 223/2496; 232/2679; 238/2784; 239/2792; 286/4130; 287/4161, 4166; 446/1377; 550/688

Caton. See Cato

Catoun. See Cato

Caucasus, mountain range between Europe and Asia, 367/

Caunterbury, Caunturbury. See Canterbury

Caym. See Cain

Cecilia (Cecile, Cecilie), Saint, the patron saint of music; 528/28; 547/554; the story of, told by Second Nun, from the Golden Legend, 530—46/120—553; significations imputed to the name, 530, 31/85—119

Cecilies, gen. s. [St.] Cecilia's, 537/277. Evidently an error in the MSS. for Valerians, which Skeat substitutes

Cedasus, whose daughters slew themselves, to preserve their virginity, 520/1428

Cenobia. See Zenobia

Centauros, Lat. acc. pl. ? See Centaurs

Centaurs, fabled monsters of anc. myth., half man and half horse, 259/3289

Centesimus fructus, 663/869

Cerberus, the three-headed dog of hell, 259/3292

Cesar. See Cæsar, Caius Julius

Ceuta (anc. Septa or Septum), a fortified town on the N. coast of Africa, opposite Gibraltar, 160/947

Ceyx (Ceys) and Alcyone, the story of, told by Chaucer in The Boke of the Duchesse, referred to by the Man of Law, 130/57

Chain of love, all things bound with the, 85/2987—93

Chaldæa, anc. name of Babylonia, 261/3347

Chaldeye. See Chaldæa

Chalons, coverlets (from Chalons in France?); a bed with sheetes and with chalons faire yspred, 119/4140

Chanon. See Canon

Chanticleer, name of the cock, in Nun's Priest's Tale, 283/4039, et seq.

Charles the Great (Charlemagne), 268/3577

Charms for wounds or maladies of men and beasts, 638/607. See Night-spell

Chaste women, examples of, 518—21/1368—1456

Chastity, Wife of Bath's opinion of, 338/138 et seq.; c. and continence, a remedy against lechery, 668/915, 916: 1. in marriage, 668—670/917—943; 2: in widowhood, 671/944—947; 3. in virginity, 671/948—950

Chaueer, his metres and ryming, and previous works, spoken of by the Man of Law, 130/47—88; addressed and described by the Host, 190/1885—1896; his reply when interrupted in his Tale of Sir Thopas by the Host, 199/2116—2118, 2126—2138; 200/2139—2156; his advice to wives, in his Envoy to Patient Griselda, 440, 441/1177—1212; takes his leave, and asks pardon for, and grace to bewail, the sins committed in his books (which he enumerates), 684, 685/1081—1092

Chauntecleer. See Chanticleer

Cheapside, a quarter of London, 22/754; 127/4377; 321/564, 569; 576/24

Chepe. See Cheapside

Chiehiuache, i. e. lean cow; a fabled cow that fed upon patient wives, lean from the scarcity of her food, 441/1188

Chiding and Reproach, "unsowen the semes of freendshipe in mannes herte," spring from evil heart (Matt. xii. 34, Prov. xv. 4, St. Augustine, 2 Tim. ii. 24, Prov. xxvii. 15, xvii. 1, Coloss. iii. 18, quoted), 640, 641/622—634

Chilon. See Stilbon

Christ, the Saviour, 14/481; 15/527; 16/537; 20/698; 21/739; 95/3308; 99/3464; 100/3478, 3483, 3504; 101/3508; 106/3711, 3717; 108/3767, 3782; 117/4084; 122/4263; 125/4327, 4349; 132/106; 137/237; 138/258, 277, 283; 139/318; 144/450; 145/479, 501; 146/511; 147/538, 549, 561, 565, 567; 148/570, 574; 150/636; 151/686, 690, 693; 152/721; 154/760, 766; 155/811; 156/825; 158/902; 159/924; 160/950; 161/993; 163/1041; 165/1123; 166/1160; 183/1682, 1696; 184/1700, 1705, 1728; 185/1740, 1746; 186/1787, 1793; 187/1808; 188/1842, 1846; 199/2134; 202/2177; 205/2223; 209/2264, 2265; 222/2491; 223/2492; 228/2602; 229/2608, 2610; 233/2691; 305/81; 314/340; 319/501; 320/532; 321/593; 323/652, 658; 325/709; 330/898, 916; 331/946; 334/10, 15; 337/107; 338/139, 146; 344/365; 347/469; 354/717; 368/1181; 370/1258, 1261; 373/1347; 379/1561; 380/1590; 381/1647; 382/1654, 1662; 386/1762; 388/1821; 389/1867, 1871; 390/1884, 1904; 391/1921, 1935, 1946, 1949; 392/1977; 447/1384; 468/2171; 540/383; 559/967; 561/1002; 563/1072; 564/1122; 573/1467; 593/79; 594/94; 595/110; 596/115, 116, 124; 599/162; 603/208; 606/246, 255; 607/267, 269; 608/270, 272, 273, 275, 277; 609/282, 284, 285, 286, 287, 289; 612/314, 315; 616/358, 360; 618/382, 384, ELLES. INDEX.

385; 621/413; 622/429; 624/447; 629/502, 504; 631/5267528; 633/558; 634/559; 636/588, 590, 591; 637/593, 5967597, 598; 640/623, 625; 641/638; 642/642, 643; 643/6527, 661; 644/663, 665, 666, 668, 669; 645/674, 679; 646/689; 647/697, 700, 702, 703; 648/704, 708; 651/745, 747; 653/767, 768; 654/776; 656/791; 657/801, 808; 658/811, 817; 659/820; 661/842, 843; 664/878, 879, 882, 884; 665/889; 666/902; 667/906; 668/922; 669/925, 929; 670/933; 671/944, 948, 950; 672/959; 673/970; 675/994, 996, 997; 676/1002, 1007; 677/1015; 678/1023; 679/1035; 680/1039. 1040, 1048; 681/1053, 1054; 682/1067, 1070; 683/1072, 1076; 684/1081, 1084, 1087, 1089; 6am. 5/139, 159; 7/231; 10/323

Christendom, Christian lands, 2/49; the Christian religion, 141/351, 378; 664/875, 876

Christian, n. a professor of the religion of Christ, 147/540; 637/595; 638/608

Christian, adj. professing, or relating to, the religion of Christ, 2/55; 136/222; 141/369, 380; 142/386; 143/416; 147/541, 547; 160/956; 164/1090; 183/1679, 1685, 1687; 187/1804; 637/596; 666/902, 903

Christianity, the religion of Christ, 147/544

Christmas, the festival in memory of the birth of Christ, 132/126; 184/1730

Christopher, Saint, an image of, worn as a brooch, 4/115

Chrysostom, St., a Greek Father of the Church, archb. of Constantinople, b. ab. 347, d. 407; 595/109

Church; hooly chirches good moot ben despended on hooly chirches blood that is descended, 114/3983, 3984

Church pillage, the sin of, 653/767—9; c. pillagers, the devil's wolves (St. Augustine), 653/768

Cicero, Marcus Tullius, the Roman orator, quoted, etc., 214/2355; 215/2366, 2370; 216/2382; 217/2391; 225/2529, 2534, 2537; 226/2545, 2549, 2550; 227/2571, 2577, 2580, 2583; 238/2775; 239/2811; 251/3050; 287—91/4174—4294; 500/722

Cipion. See Scipio

Cipre. See Cyprus

Circe, the sorceress, 56/1944

Circes. See Circe

Cirus. See Cyrus

Cithæron (Citheron), mount, sacred to Venus, 56/1936; 64/2223

Citherea. See Cytherea

Claudianus, Claudius, a Roman epic poet; his De Raptu Proserpinæ alluded to, 470/2232

Claudius, Appius, the Roman Decemvir, rendered infamous

by his attempt to dishonor Virginia, 307/154; 308/178, 204; 309/227; 310/265, 267

Claudius, Marcus, the client and tool of Appius Claudius, the decemvir, who claimed Virginia as his slave, 307/153; 308/179; 310/269

Claudius II. (Marcus Aurelius Claudius), Emperor of Rome, A.D. 268—270, 267/3525

Clemency (Clemence), the goddess, 28/928

Clerk, or scholar, of Oxford, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 9/285—308

Clerk-Merchant Link; the merchant complains of his wife and brings her "passyng crueltee" into contrast with Griselda's "grete pacience;" 442/1213—44

Clerk's Head-Link; the Host addresses the Clerk and asks him for "som murie thyng of auentures," and the Clerk replies that he will tell a tale he learned at Padua of a worthy clerk, Francis Petrarch, "the lauriat poete;" 403, 4/1—56

Clerk's Tale of Patient Griselda, 405-41/57-1212

Clitermystra. See Clytæmnestra

Clytæmnestra, or Clytemnestra, wife of Agamemnon, her adultery and murder of her husband, alluded to, 354/737

Cock, description of a, 283, 4/4039-54

Coitu, De. See De Coitu

Cokkes, a corruption of Goddes, God's; for Cokkes bones, 576/9; 590/29

Coldness, the sin of, that freezes all the heart of man, 649/722

Colle, name of a dog, 298/4573

Cologne (Coloigne), a city of Prussia, 14/466

Colossians (Colonienses), Epistle of St. Paul to the, 641/634

Comestor, Petrus, Biblical commentator of the 12th cent., author of *Historia Scholastica*; maxim (the latter ende of ioye is wo) from, 293/4395; his work alluded to as "the stories," 318/488

stories, 318/488

Comparisons and Similes: 3/69, 81, 89, 92; 5/152, 170, 171; 6/198, 202, 205, 207; 7/238, 239; 8/257, 263, 268; 9/287; 10/332; 11/358; 16/552, 553, 556, 559; 17/590, 592; 18/605, 621, 626; 20/684, 688; 22/774; 31/1035—37; 34, 35/1177—80; 37/1261; 38/1301, 2: 40/1364; 44/1502; 46/1598; 47, 48/1637—46; 48/1656, 1657, 1658, 59; 49/1699, 1702; 50/1713; 52/1810; 61/2133; 62/2159, 2171, 2174; 63/2178; 70/2437; 72/2529; 75/2626—29, 2630—33; 81/2831—33; 93/3247—49; 94/3255, 56, 3257, 58, 3259, 60, 3261, 62, 3263, 64, 3266, 3282; 95/3310, 3314, 15, 3317, 3324; 97/3377; 99/3444, 45; 100/3472; 101/3518; 102/3576; 106/3704, 3706; 107/3731, 3759;

 $\begin{array}{c} 109/3807; \ 111/3871; \ 113/3926, \ 3935, \ 3950; \ 114/3964, \ 3974; \ 118/4107; \ 119/4154, \ 4163; \ 121/4206; \ 123/4278; \ 127/4367, \ 4368, \ 4373; \ Gam. \ 4/125; \ 8/263; \ 12/395; \ 13/423; \ 129/23, \ 24; \ 141/361; \ 149/617; \ 153/745; \ 154/774; \ 163/1054; \ 169/1228, \ 1241; \ 171/1294, \ 95; \ 174/1399; \ 178/1559; \ 191/1915—17, \ 1920; \ 192/1936, \ 37; \ 195/2024; \ 196/2057, \ 2069, \ 70; \ 197/2094, \ 95; \ 203/2187; \ 204/2256; \ 253/3106; \ 254/3124; \ 262/3365, \ 3366; \ 284/4041, \ 4049, \ 4050, \ 4051, \ 4052, \ 4053, \ 4054; \ 293/4369; \ 295/4460; \ 298/4579; \ 314/331; \ 316/397; \ 320/556; \ 341/246, \ 267; \ 346/429, \ 448, \ 456; \ 347/458, \ 465, \ 66; \ 352/637; \ 356/785, \ 794; \ 359/869; \ 362/972; \ 364/1034; \ 365/1081, \ 1095; \ 372/1327; \ 373/1339, \ 40; \ 374/1360—72; \ 383/1667, \ 1687, \ 88; \ 384/1693—95; \ 387/1804; \ 388/1825, \ 1829; \ 391/1930, \ 1931, \ 1938—41; \ 395/2090; \ 397/2152, \ 2160; \ 400/2268; \ 403/2, \ 3; \ 407/121; \ 420/338; \ 434/996, \ 998; \ 436/1047; \ 441/1196, \ 1199, \ 1200, \ 1211; \ 445/1315; \ 449/1465, \ 66; \ 455/1672, \ 73; \ 457/1748; \ 458/1786; \ 459/1818, \ 1824, \ 25, \ 1848; \ 461/1896; \ 463/1990; \ 464/2013, \ 14; \ 465/2057—64; \ 466/2080; \ 467/2108; \ 468/2156; \ 471/2275; \ 473/2322; \ 474/2364, \ 65; \ 476/2426; \ 484/204; \ 489/384—6; \ 490/400; \ 492/474; \ 493/512, \ 13, 518, 19; 507/950; 534/195, 198, 199; 542/438, 39; 547/576, 580, 81; 556/886; 558/947—50; 570/1342, 43; 572/1397, 1413; 585/294; 586/340—42; 596/113, 122; 598/139; 599/157; 616/363, 364; 618/384; 621/411; 622/424; 633/548, 551, 552; 639/620; 649/718; 658/816; 662/858; 663/870, 871; 664/879; 666/898, 899; 667/907, 911; 672/954. \end{continue}$ 

Concord, the power of, 242/2865-70

Concupiscence, "which yet is cleped norrissynge of synne and occasion of synne," 614/337 et seq.; St. Paul quoted, his own temptation, 614, 15/345, 46; St. James the apostle, and St. John the Evangelist, quoted, 615/348, 49

Confession, the branches and leaves of the tree of penitence, 596/114; defined, 612/318—20; the 2d essential of penitence, 672/958; conditions of a true and profitable c., 674—6/982—1006; true shrift asketh certain conditions, 677, 8/1012—26

Constance, the heroine of the Man of Law's Tale, 134/151; 135/184; 136/208; 137/226, 241, 245, 249; 138/264, 274, 278; 139/319; 143/431, 438; 144/446; 146/536; 147/556; 148/570, 576, 583, 597; 149/608, 612; 150/631, 651; 151/679, 682, 684, 689, 693; 152/719; 155/797, 803, 817; 156/822; 158/900, 906, 908; 159/912, 924; 160/945, 953, 970; 161/978, 986; 162/1008, 1009, 1030, 1033; 163/1047; 165/1105, 1107, 1125, 1129; 166/1141, 1145, 1147

Constancy, or stability of spirit, a remedy against Accidie, or Sloth, 650/737

Constantius Afer, a native of Carthage, a monk of Monte Cassino, and one of the founders of the School of Salerno (11th cent.), 13/433; his work, *De Coitu*, alluded to, 458/1810

Constantyn. See Constantius Afer

Constellation, causeth often to do or say amiss, 502/783

Contention ("Contek with blody knyft and sharpe manace"), portrayed on the wall of the temple of Mars, 58/2003

Continence, Wife of Bath's opinion of, 337/106 et seq.

Contra Jovinianum, a bitter diatribe by St. Jerome, against matrimony, alluded to, 353/675—681

Contrition of heart, an essential of Penitence, 595/108; the root of the tree of Penitence, 596/113; 4 things to be understood about c., 597/128; the 6 causes that ought to move a man to c., 597—609/133—291; must be universal and total, 610, 611/292—307; wherein availeth c., 611, 612/308—315

Contumacy, one of the twigs of Pride, 619/391; defined, 620/402

Cook, description of the among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 11, 12/379 - 387

Cook's Prologue; the Cook expresses his joy at the Reeve's Tale; cites Solomon, "Ne brynge nat every man in-to thyn hous, ffor herberwynge by nyghte is perilous," and offers to tell "a litel iape that fil in oure citee." The Host accedes, but tells him to look that it be good, for that he has prepared many bad dishes, 125, 126/4325—4364

Cook's Tale, of a riotous London apprentice, "cleped Perkyn Reuelour" (left unfinished), 127, 128/4365—4422

Copulation, permissible between man and wife for 3 causes, 1. begetting of children, 2. to pay, each to other, the debt of their bodies, 3. to avoid lechery, 670/939—942; unrestrained indulgence, deadly sin, 670/943

Cor meum eructauit, 391/1934

Corinth (Corynthe), an ancient city of Greece, 322/604

Counsel; "werk al by conseil and thou shalt nat rewe," 101/3530; 203/2193; "good conseil wanteth whan it is moost nede," 206/2238; the taking of, 211, 212/2305—2310; three obstacles to good counsel, "ire, coueitise, and hastifnesse," 212/2311—2325; to be kept secret, 213/2329—2346; with whom it should be taken, 214, 215/2347—2361; the counsel of fools, flatterers, reconciled enemies, servants, drunkards, and young folk, to be eschewed, 215, 216/2362—2389; how counsel should be examined, after the teaching of Cicero, 217, 218/2390—2412; when and wherefore a man may change his counsel, 218, 219/2413—2421; Dame Prudence's opinion of the several counsellors, good and bad, of Melibeus, 219/2431 et seg.; wicked counsel (as Ahithophel's to Absalom), its effect, 641/639—640; not to be taken of false or angry folk, 641/641

Counsellors, must be true, wise, and of old experience, 214, 215/2359; many c. sometimes necessary, 215/2360, 2361

Courtesy (debonairetee), a remedy against Ire, 643/655; St. Jerome and the philosopher, quoted, 643/657, 8

Covetousness, the evils of, 212/2320—22; 250/3030; one of the Seven Deadly Sins. See Avarice

Creon, king of Thebes, 28/938, 961; 29/963, 986; 30/

Cresus. See Crossus

Crete, an island of the Mediterranean, 29/980; 354/733

Crisippus, an author in Jerome's Contra Jovinianum (the Stoic?), 353/677

Crisostom, Seint Iohn. See Chrysostom, St.

Crist, Cristen, Cristene, n. Cristiene, adj. Cristemasse, Cristendom. See Christ, Christian, Christmas, Christendom

Cristophere. See Christopher, Saint

Cristyanytee. See Christianity

Crossus, king of Lydia, proverbial for his riches; portrayed on the wall of the temple of Venus, 56/1946; story of, in Monk's Tale, 279, 80/3917—56

Cross of Christ, Constance's invocation to, 144/451-62

Crows, why they are all black and have harsh voices, 585/292-308

Cruelty joined to might, 271/3683, 84

Cuckoo, the bird of Jealousy, 56/1930

Cupid, god of Love, invoked, 47/1623, 24; described, 57/1963—66; the seintes legende of Cupide, 130/61

Cupide, Cupido. See Cupid

Cursing that comes of irous heart (simile of a bird returning to its nest), 639/619—21

Custance. See Constance

Cutberd, seint. See Cuthbert

Cuthbert, St., Bp. of Lindisfarne, 118/4127

Cyprus, island in the Mediterranean, 268/3581

Cyrus, the Great, king of Persia, 279/3918; 395/2079

Cytherea, an appellation of Venus, 64/2215

Dalida, 258/3253. See Delilah

Damascene (Damyosene, 1, 2, 5; Damassene, 3; Damascene, 4; Damasene, 6), the field of, where Adam was created, and where afterwards Damascus was supposed to stand, 256/3197

Damascenus (Damascien), Johannes, an Arabian physician, 13/433

Damasie, Seint. See Damasus

Damasus I., St., bishop of Rome (366—384), quoted on simony, 655/788

Damned, the, 7 causes why they are without hope, 604/224 et seq.

Damocles, a parasite at the court of Dionysius the Elder; probable allusion to the story of, 58/2028—30

Damyan, the Squire in Merchant's Tale, in love with May, the wife of January, 457/1772; 458/1789; 460/1869, 1875; 461/1898, 1900; 462/1923, 1933, 1936; 463/1979; 464/2002, 2009, 2019; 466/2093, 2097; 467/2120; 468/2150, 2152; 469/2207; 470/2210; 473/2326, 2352; 474/2361; 475/2394

Damyssene. See Damascene

Dane, 59/2062-64. See Daphne

Daniel (Danyel), the Hebrew prophet, 144, 145/473—76; 261/3344—56; 263/3399; 291/4318; 596/126; 672/955

Dante Alighieri (Dant'), the Italian poet, 270/3651; 366/1126, 27; 378/1520

Dantes, gen. s. See Dante Alighieri

Daphne, her metamorphosis into a bay-tree, portrayed on the wall of Dian's temple (Ovid's Met. I. 450), 59/2062—64

Darius, the Great, king of Persia, 263/3427; 276/3838; allusion to his tomb, "which that Appelles wroghte subtilly," 348/498

Dartmouth, a seaport of England, in Devonshire, 12/389

David, king of Israel, the Psalmist, 159/935; 210/2290; 217/2388; 223/2493; 240/2820; 245/2925; 391/1933; 586/345; 596/125; 602/193, 204; 604/220; 611/307, 309; 623/442; 632/540; 648/716

Day of Judgment, dread of the, should move to contrition, 599/158--165

Death, portrayed on the wall of the temple of Mars, "the colde deeth with mouth gapyng vp right," 58/2008; death of Arcite, described, 80/2798—2814; "an ende of euery worldes soore," 81/2849; in the stars is written every man's death, 136/194—6; the face of one led to his death, described, 150/645—50; taketh of heigh and logh his rente, 166/1142; personified, 324/675—701; "manaceth euery age and smyt In ech estaat," 407/122, 3; when it comes, uncertain, 407/125, 6

Deceiver; "A gylour shal hym self bigyled be," 124/4321 December, the twelfth month, 515/1244

'De Civitate Dei,' St. Augustine's, 652/754

De Coitu, a medical work, by Constantius Afer (11th Cent.), 458/1811

Deïanira, or Deianeira (Dejanira), wife of Hercules, 131/66; 260/3310; 354/725

Delights of the five senses, loss of the, in hell, 603/207 et seq.

Delilal, the woman loved by Samson (Judges xvi.), 258/3253

Delphi, the seat of the celebrated oracle of Apollo, 510/

Delphos. See Delphi

Demetrius (perhaps Demetrius Nicator, king of Syria, who was defeated and taken prisoner by the Parthians, 138 B.C. Skeat), 322/621

Demociones doghter (Democionis Ariopagitarum principis virgo, Latin note), slew herself, to preserve her virginity, 520/1426

Demophon. See Demophoön

Demophoön, or Demophon, a king of Athens, son of Theseus and Phædra, enamoured of Phyllis, 131/65

Denis (Denys), St., patron saint of France, 1st bp. of Paris, 172/1341. See St. Denis, a suburb of Paris

Denmark, a country of Europe, 357/824

Denys, Seint, suburb of Paris. See St. Denis

Deptford (Depeford), a town of England, on the Thames, 112/3906

Dertemouthe, 12/389. See Dartmouth

Desires of men; no one knoweth his own good, 37/1255.

—67

Despair of God's mercy. See Wanhope

Despite, one of the twigs of Pride, 619/391; defined, 619/395

Destiny, characterized, 48/1663—72; may not be eschewed, 297/4528

Devil. See Satan

Deyscorides. See Dioscorides

Diana, goddess of chastity, hunting, etc., 49/1682; 55/1912; 65/2274; 519/1390; paintings on the walls of her temple, 59, 60/2054—88; Emily's sacrifice and invocation to, in Knight's Tale, 65—8/2171—2366

Diane. See Deïanira

Dianira, Dianyre. See Deïanira

Dido, queen of Carthage, 130/64

Dioscorides Pedanius, a Greek botanist, born at Anazarba, in Cilicia, lived between 50 and 200 A.D., 13/430

Discipline, an essential of bodily penance, in what it consists, 681/1052—6

Discord, fatal to riches, 242/2867; the sin of sowing and making d., 641, 2/642, 3

Disobedience, one of the twigs of Pride, 619/391; defined, 619/392

Dispositions, different influences of the planets Mercury and Venus upon, 353/697—705

Dives, the rich man of the Parable (Luke xvi. 19), "Lazar and diues lyueden diuersly," 389/1877

Divinations, forbidden of God, 638/605, 6

Doctor of Physic, description of, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 12, 13/411-44

Doctor-Pardoner Link; the Host comments feelingly on the Doctor's Tale and then calls on the Pardoner to tell "som myrthe or Iapes right anon," 312, 13/287—328

Doctor's Tale, of Virginius and his daughter Virginia, 303—11/1—286

Donegild, mother of Ælla, king of Northumberland, in Man of Law's Tale, 152/695; 153/740; 154/778; 155/805; 158/896

Dorigene, or Dorigen, wife of Arveragus, in Franklin's Tale, 503/815; 506/919, 926, 936; 510/1090; 521/1457, 1469, 1488; 522/1500; 523/1542, 1551; 525/1598

Double tongue, the sin of, 642/644

Douere. See Dover

Dover, a seaport town in Kent, England, 125/4347. See Jack of Dover

Dreams, subject of, discussed by the cock and the hen, in Nun's Priest's Tale, 285—92/4111—4346; stories of, 287—91/4174—4294

Drunkards, the counsel of, to be eschewed, 216/2383, 2384

Drunkenness, the vices of; "Ther dronkenesse regneth in any route, Ther is no conseil hyd with outen doute," 154/776,777; examples of the evil effects of d. and gluttony, 318—21/485—588; story of Cambyses' cruelty from d., 394,5/2043—78; the horrible sepulture of man's reason, 659/822—4

Du Guesclin, Bertrand (1314—1380), a great French general, and constable of France; covertly alluded to, through a description of his arms, 268/3573—75

Dun is in the myre, 576/5

Dunmow (in Essex) bacon, a reward of concord in marriage, 340/217, 8

Dunstan, St., Archb. of Canterbury (b. 925, d. 988), 377/ 1502

Dyane. See Diana

Each man for himself, 35/1182

Earnest; "men shal not maken ernest of game," 91/3186 Easter, the Church festival in memory of the Resurrection, 633/552

Ebrayk. See Hebrew

Echo, a nymph in love with Narcissus (Ovid, Met. 3, fab. 5), 507/951

Ector. See Hector

Edward, St., the Confessor, 255/3160

Egeus, father of Theseus, in Knight's Tale, 81/2838; 83/2905

Egipcien, Egypcien; Egipte. See Egyptian, Egypt

Eglentyne (4, 5, 6, Englentyne), Madame, name of the Prioress of the Canterbury Pilgrims, 4/121

Egypcien Marie. See Mary, St., the Egyptian

Egypt, a country in Africa, 291/4323

Egyptian, adj. of Egypt, 145/500; n. native of Egypt, 267/3528

Ekko. See Echo

Elation, one of the twigs of Pride, 619/391; defined, 620/400

Eleyne, seint, mother of Constantine the Great, 331/951. See Helena

Eleyne, wife of Menelaus. See Helen

Elf-queen, queen of the elves or fairies, 359/860

Eliachim (A. V., Joacim), the high-priest in Jerusalem, in the time of Judith (Judith iv. 6, 14), 274/3756

Elijah (Elye), the Tishbite, his fasting, 390/1890

Elisha (Elise), the Hebrew prophet; friars have been since, 396/2116

Elpheta, wife of the Tartar king Cambynskan, 479/29

Elves, fairies, supplanted by limitours and other holy friars, 359/857-864

Elye. See Elijah, the Tishbite

Emeleward, towards Aemilia, 404/51. Skeat explains "towards the Æmilian way." See Æmilia

Emelye, sister of Hippolyta, wife of Theseus, in the Knight's Tale, loved by Palamon and Arcite, 26/871; 29/972; 31/1035; et seq.

Emetreus (2, 6, Emetrius), king of Ind, in the train of Arcite, described, 62, 3/2155—86; 75/2638; 76/2645

Empty hand; "With empty hand men may none haukes tulle," 119/4134; 345/415

End; "Som tyme an ende ther is of euery dede," 75/2636

Endor. See Witch of Endor, 378/1510

Enee. See Æneas, 130/64

Enemies, the counsel of reconciled, to be eschewed, 215, 216/2372—2379

Eneydos, gen. sing. See Æneid, 298/4549

England (Engelond), 1/16; 17/580; 61/2113; 165/1130; 331/921; 372/1322; 373/1340; 503/810; 570/1356

Englentyne, Madame. See Eglentyne

English (Englissh), (E. language), 130/49; 154/778; 480/37; 527/2

Ennok. See Enoch

Enoch, the patriarch, friars have been since, 396/2116

Envy, St. Augustine's description of, 306/115, 16; one of the Seven Deadly Sins, 627—30/484—514; its remedy, 630, 31/515—31

Ephesians, Epistle of St. Paul to the, 652/742, 748

Ephesios, ad. See Ephesians

Epicurus, the Greek philosopher, 10/336

Epistola Valerii ad Rufinum, de non ducenda uxore (by Walter Mapes?) alluded to, 352/671

Ercules. See Hercules

Eriphyle (Eriphilem), wife of Amphiaraus, whom she betrayed, 354/744

Ermyn, an Armenian, 267/3528

Ernest of game. See Earnest

Eros, the god of love, 40/1374

Erro. See Hero

Erymanthian boar, slain by Hercules, 259/3299

Esculapius. See Æsculapius

Essex, a county in the east of England, 340/218

Esther (Ester), the Jewish queen of Ahasuerus, and cousin and ward of Mordecai, 210/2291; 446/1371; 457/1744

Ethiopian (Ethiopeen), a native of Ethiopia, 615/345

Euclid (Euclude), the famous Greek geometrician, 401/2289

Europe, one of the grand divisions of the earth, 134/161

Eva. See Eve

Evangelist (Euaungelist), a writer of one of the four Gospels, 199/2133

Evangiles (Euaungiles), Gospels, 151/666

Eve (Eua, Eva), the wife of Adam, 141/368; 354/715; 445/1329; 529/62; 612/325; 613/331, 332; 630/516; 658/819

Evil-doer must not expect good, 124/4320

Extortions from underlings, to be condemned, 653/764 Exodus, the Book of, 652/750

Ezechias, or Hezekiah, king (Isa. xxxviii.), 674/983

Ezechiel (Ezechie), for Ezechias, or Hezekialı (Isa. xxxviii.), 674/983

Ezekiel, the Hebrew prophet, 597/135; 598/140, 143; 605/236

Face of one led to his death, described, 150/645—50

Fairies, the land full of, in days of Arthur, 359/857-72

Faith and hope in God and His saints, a remedy against Accidie or Sloth, 650/734

Falcon, the love-lorn bird in the Squire's Tale, whose language Canacee understands by virtue of the magic ring; described, 490, 491/409—431; her love-story, 492—496/499—631

False oaths come of Avarice, 656/795

False witness comes of Avarice, 656/795; in what it consists, 656/796, 797

Fame, House of, 684/1086. See House of Fame

Family foe, the dangers of the, 458/1783—1787; "wel oghte a man auysed for to be whom that he broghte in-to his pryuetee," 125/4333, 4334

Fashion, no new, that is not old, 61/2125

Fasting, the necessity and merit of, 389, 390/1879—1916; its efficacy (St. Jerome quoted), 680/1047; consists in 3 things: forbearing 1. meat and drink, 2. worldly jollity, 3. deadly sin, 681/1049; ordained by God, 681/1050; 4 strings appertain to f., liberality to the poor, spiritual gladness of heart, not grudging at fasting, seasonable and moderate eating, 681/1050, 1051

Fate, may not be escaped, 297/4528

Fathers and mothers, advice to, on their responsibility, 305, 306/93—102

Faucon. See Falcon

Feeble trees; "of fieble trees ther comen wrecched ympes," 254/3146

Feeld hath eyen and the wode hath eres, 44/1522

Felony, portrayed on the wall of the temple of Mars, 57/1995, 1996

Ferrara (Ferrare), a city of Italy, on the Po, 404/51

Finisterre, cape of, a promontory at N. W. extremity of Spain, 12/408

First to mille, who so comth, first grynt (first come, first served), 345/389

Fish, a sign of the Zodiac, 486/273

Fish street, in the City of London, close to the Thames, 321/564

Five senses, loss of the delights of the, in hell, 603/207 et seq.

Flanders, a country of Europe, 3/86; 173/1389; 174/1429; 176/1490; 191/1909; 318/463

Flatterers, the counsel of, to be eschewed, 215/2365; Cicero, Solomon, and Cato, quoted, 215/2366—71; the devil's nurses, his enchanters, and chaplains, 639/613, 615—17

Flattery, beware of, 297/4515—20; the evil consequences of listening to, 297—300/4521—4627; the vice of (Solomon quoted), 639/612—18

Flaundres. See Flanders

Fleming, a native of Flanders, 126/4357; 299/4586; 587/

Florence, a city of Italy, 366/1125

Fools, the counsel of, to be avoided, 215/2363

Forbearance (Suffrance), a remedy against Ire, 643/656

Force; leueful is, with force force of showue (vim vi repellere), 112/3912

Foreknowledge of God, the vexed question as to the, 294, 295/4424—41

Forest, description of a, painted on the wall of the temple of Mars, 57/1975—80

Forgiveness, who is worthy to have, 247/2963—5

Fortitude, a remedy against Accidie or Sloth, 650/728—37

Fortune, the goddess, 27/925; 32/1086; 36/1238-42; 37/1253, 54; 230, 231/2640-45; 256/3185, 86; 260/3326-32; 264/3431-35; 268/3587, 88; 270/3635; 272/3709-16; 273/3740; 273/3746-48; 276/3833; 277/3851; 279/3912-16; 280/3953-56; 299/4593, 94; 312/295-300; 465/2057-64; 518/1355-67

Fox, description of a, 285/4089—95

France, a country of Europe, 171/1306; 172/1341

Franklin, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 10, 11/331-60; never learned rhetoric, 500/719; nor slept on Parnassus, 500/721; nor learned Cicero, 500/722

Franklin's Tale, of Arveragus, and his wife Dorigene, "that loueth hire housbonde as hire hertes lyf," 500—525/729—1624

Free will, the vexed question of, 294, 5/4424—41

Friar, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims,

7, 8/208-69; a skirmish of words between him and the Summoner, 357/829-49; "a flye and eek a frere Wol falle in euery dyssh and mateere," 357/835, 6; "ffreres and feendes been but lyte a-sonder," 383/1674

Friar-Summoner Link; the Summoner vents his rage against the Friar for the latter's derogatory story of a

Summoner and the Devil, 383, 4/1665-1708

Friar's Prologue; the Friar vilifies Summoners; the Summoner threatens to pay him back when his turn comes to tell a story; the Host bids the Friar tell forth his tale, 371/ 1265-1300

Friar's Tale, of a Summoner and the Devil, 372—382/1301 -1664

Friday, alluded to as an unlucky day, 45/1534—1539; 297/4531, 4541, 4542

Frideswide (or Fredeswyde?), St., a Saxon, patroness of a Priory at Oxford, 99/3449

Friends, grief for the loss of, should be moderate, 202/ 2182; the value of true friends as counsellors, 214, 215/ 2347—2361; should obey each other, 501/762, 763; loss of, in hell, 602, 603/199—206

"Fruyt (the) of euery tale is for to seye," 152/706

Frydeswyde. See Frideswide

Funeral of Arcite, described, 81/2853 et seq.; funeral pile, and burning of Arcite's body, described, 83/2913 et seq.

Future, the, uncertain; "A man woot litel what hym shal bityde," 99/3450

Fyshstrete. See Fish Street, 321/564

Galatea (Galathee), mistress of Pamphilus, in a Med. Latin poem of the latter name, 511/1110

Galen (Claudius Galienus), a celebrated physician of antiquity, b. 130 A.D., 13/431; 660/831. See Galiones

Galgopheye (4, Galgopheie; 5, Galgopleye; 6, Golgopheie), the vale of, allusion uncertain; Morris supposes the vale of Gargaphie (Ovid's Met. iii. 155, 156), 75/2626

Galicia (Galice, a province of Spain), the shrine of St. James at Compostella, in, 14/446

Galien. See Gallienus and Galen

Galilee, Cana of, 334/11

Galiones, medicinal potions (?) named from Galen, the ancient physician, 312/306

Gallienus, Emperor of Rome, 260—268 A.D., 267/3526

Gallus, Caius, or Cnæus Sulpitius, Roman consul, B.C. 166; his repudiation of his wife alluded to, 352/643-6

Galyen. See Galen

Gambling. See Hazardry

Game; "men shal nat maken ernest of game," 91/3186; "a man may seye ful sooth in game and pleye," 125/4355

Gamelyn, the spurious Tale of (App. to Group A. of the Tales), pp. 1—26, following 6-T. p. 128; relates how Gamelyn, the youngest of three sons of a doughty knight, Sir John of Boundys, after having become chief of the outlaws, avenges the wrongs done him by his eldest brother, who had deprived him of his patrimony and, until he grew to man's estate, kept him in servile dependence; and how Gamelyn, in the end, is made by the king chief justice of his free forest, and weds a wife good and fair.

Garden, a, described, 465/2029—41; 505, 6/902—17

Garland, name of a dog, in the Nun's Priest's Tale, 298/4573

Gatesden, John, a physician of Oxford (14th cent.), 13/

Gaufred. See Geoffrey de Vinsauf

Gaul, anc. name of France, 519/1411

Gawain (Gawayn), Sir, a knight of the Round Table, noted for his courtesy, 481/95

Gawle. See Gaul

Gaza, one of the cities of the Philistines, 258/3237

Gazan, from Gazam, Lat. accus. See Gaza

Gemini, sign of the Zodiac, 470/2223

Genelon, the Breton Knight who betrayed to their death, the great Roland and Charlemagne's paladins, to the Moors at Roncesvalles; the name used as an epithet synonymous with traitorous, "Genylon Olyuer," 268/3579; apostrophised as type of treachery, 294/4417; his punishment alluded to, 173/1384

"Gentil herte is fulfild of pitee," 150/660; "pitee renneth soone in gentil herte," 51/1761; 463/1986; 492/479; "he is gentil that dooth gentil dedis," 367/1170

Gentleman, the true, defined, 366/1113—16

Gentleness, true, in what consists, 366—8/1109—76; general signs of (Seneca quoted), 625/464—9; a remedy against Ire, 643/654

Genylon. See Genelon

Geoffrey de Vinsauf's De Poetria Nova, passage in, bewailing the death of Richard I., alluded to, 297/4537—42

Gerland. See Garland

Gernade. See Granada

Gerounde. See Gironde

Gerueys (3, Ieruys; 4, 6, Geruays; 5, Gervase), name of the smith in the Miller's Tale, 108/3761, 3765, 3775, 3779 Ges'a Romanorum, one of the oldest mediæval collections of pious legends, etc.; alluded to as "the Romayn geestes," 472/2284; "the olde Romane geestes," 165/1126. The latter may have a general reference to Roman histories.

Ghent, a city of Belgium, noted for its cloth-making, 13/448

Gibraltar, the southernmost promontory of Spain, 160/ 947; Strait of. See Marrok

Gifts of fortune or of nature, cause of death to many, 312/295—300; "euerich hath of God a propre yifte," 337/103

Gilbertus Anglicus, a physician of the 13th cent., author of Practica et Compendium Medicinæ, 13/434

Gilbertyn. See Gilbertus Anglicus

Gile, Giles (Lat., Ægidius), St., b. in Athens, 6th cent., d. in France, 721; oath by, 566/1185

Gile, the Carpenter's maid, in the Miller's Tale, 102/3556

Gironde, a river in France, 514/1222

Gladness, preserves freshness in age, 203/2185

Gluttony, kindles the fire of lechery, 318/481, 482; full of cursedness, 319/498; one of the Seven Deadly Sins, 658, 659/818—830; its remedy, 660/831—835

God, the supreme being, 16/533; 17/573; 26/886; 32/1084; 33/1127; 37/1252, 1282; 38/1317; 44/1520; 46/1599; 48/1665; 52/1800, 1810; 54/1863; 60/2104; 73/2558, 2563; 79/2782; 87/3064; 88/3099, 3108; 89/3132, 90/3165, 3172; 94/3281; 95/3325; 97/3369; 98/3427; 99/3454; 100/3491; 103/3588, 3592, 3595; 106/3709; 108/3769, 3792; 110/3838, 3854; 112/3918; 116/4026, 4036; 117/4073, 4086, 4089; 118/4118; 122/4247, 4252; 124/4322; 125/4335, 4339; 129/18; 134/156, 160; 135/169; 136/195; 137/245; 140/334; 143/439; 145/476, 477, 504; 146/523; 149/602; 150/639; 153/733; 154/782; 155/813; 157/872, 873; 158/907; 159/914, 938, 942; 160/943; 162/1019, 1023; 163/1060; 166/1146, 1155; 171/1305, 1325; 172/1338, 1356, 1360; 173/1383, 1398; 174/1416; 175/1449, 1454, 1464; 176/1476; 177/1535; 178/1545, 1570, 1573, 1575; 179/1583, 1596, 1611, 1614; 180/1623; 181/1628; 186/1767; 187/1797; 189/1873, 1878; 195/2021; 197/2098; 199/2109, 2112, 2119, 2126; 202/2172; 204/2205; 207/2248; 209/2270; 210/2280, 2291; 219/2427; 228/2586, 2599; 230/2636; 233/2685; 234/2700; 240/2818, 2819; 241/2847, 2851; 242/2853, 2870; 244/2909; 246/2954; 251/3063; 252/3073, 3075; 254/3122, 3133, 3140; 255/3152; 256/3198; 257/3207, 3231, 3236; 261/3358; 262/3367, 3369, 3372; 263/3400, 3403, 3409, 3411, 3415, 3421; 269/3590; 272/3712, 3715; 274/3778, 3780; 275/3789, 3799, 3805, 3812; 281/3978; 283/4018; 285/4084, 4086, 4099, 4107, 4112; 287/4164; 289/4240, 4244; 290/4287; 291/4310; 292/4349; 293/4378; 294/4424, 295/4438; 296/4485; 299/4598, 4615; 300/4622, 4634; 310/242, 250; 311/278; 312/304; 319/523; 321/576; 323/633, 640, 647,

654; 324/692, 695, 701; 325/715, 726; 326/748, 750, 757, 766; 327/782; 328/843; 329/860; 334/5, 15; 335/28, 39, 41, 50, 60; 336/69; 337/102, 103, 128; 338/147, 151, 164; 339/201; 340/207, 223; 345/385, 401; 346/423, 450; 347/ 381/(642 : 388/(1722 : 384/1722 : 388/1722 : 381/1642; 383/1673; 384/1702, 1707; 385/1723; 386/1747, 1749, 1772; 387/1784, 1787, 1807; 388/1809, 1810, 1834; 389/1850, 1858, 1861; 390/1886, 1890, 1892, 1913; 391/ 1937, 1941, 1948; 392/1972; 393/2006, 2013, 2014; 394/ 2053; 396/2103, 2106, 2112; 397/2153; 398/2169, 2177, 2187, 2193, 2197, 2202; 399/2205, 2207, 2210, 2232; 400/2252, 2265; 403/7; 404/30; 407/133, 135, 136; 408/155, 2252, 2205; 408/7; 404/30; 407/133, 135, 130; 408/155, 157, 159; 409/206; 412/274; 415/395; 416/423; 417/455; 418/491; 419/505; 426/718; 429/821, 830, 839; 430/841, 852; 436/1034; 437/1062, 1064, 1076; 438/1096; 439/1151; 440/1171; 442/1232, 1240; 443/1262, 1267; 444/1301, 1308; 445/1311, 1325, 1327; 446/1352, 1353, 1373; 447/1401, 1404; 448/1449; 449/1457; 450/1489, 1493, 1510; 451/1544, 1549; 454/1660, 1665; 458/1787, 1674, 1688; 456/1707; 457/1778, 1761, 1762; 458/1787, 17674, 1688; 456/1707; 457/1758, 1761; 1762; 458/1787, 1792; 459/1814; 460/1851, 1874; 463/1974; 468/2165; 469/2175, 2195; 472/2290, 2291, 2293, 2299, 2300; 473/2341; 474/2375, 2377, 2385; 475/2392, 2418; 476/2419, 2420; 491/464; 493/534; 498/679; 499/707; 501/756; 504/865, 871; 505/888, 891; 507/967, 976, 983; 508/989; 514/1223; 517/ 1321, 1329; 518/1374; 521/1470; 525/1610; 528/38; 531/ 125; 532/135; 533/162; 534/207; 535/239; 536/267; 537/ 275, 278; 538/325; 539/330, 335, 345, 351, 356, 357; 540/378; 542/417, 418; 548/583, 593; 549/641, 651; 550/655; 551/715; 552/723, 740; 555/839; 560/996; 562/1046, 1064; 563/1073; 565/1176; 567/1243; 568/1274; 570/ 1327, 1351; 571/1372, 1375; 574/1481; 576/15; 581/160; 583/221; 584/248; 586/318; 590/44; 591/74; 593/75; 596/118, 119, 120, 121, 125; 597/136; 598/140, 148, 149; 599/153, 168; 600/176, 179; 601/184, 189, 191; 602/195, 198, 200, 201; 603/210, 218; 604/220, 221, 225; 605/236; 606/244, 252; 607/261, 264, 268; 609/282, 283, 290, 291; 610/294, 296, 301, 303; 611/304, 307; 612/323; 613/326, 327, 328; 614/338, 340; 616/356, 365; 617/366, 368, 369, 370, 375; 618/378, 383; 619/392; 623/434, 435, 442, 443; 625/458; 626/474, 479; 627/487; 628/499; 629/500, 501; 630/515, 516, 517, 522, 523; 631/523; 632/544, 545; 633/ 553; 634/560; 635/580; 636/581, 582, 587, 588, 589; 637/ 595, 596; 638/606; 639/619; 640/630; 642/643; 643/661; 545/682; 646/683, 687; 647/699; 648/712, 713; 649/718; 651/740; 653/760, 769; 654/771, 773, 778; 655/781, 783; 789; 656/793, 795; 660/832, 837, 838, 839; 661/842, 844; 662/859, 860; 663/867; 664/879, 881, 882, 883; 665/893,

894; 666/894; 668/921; 669/923, 928; 670/939; 672/957;

ELLES. INDEX.

673/970; 674/983, 984, 985, 986; 675/988, 989; 676/1005; 678/1026; 679/1030; 680/1039, 1043, 1045; 681/1050 1054; 682/1062, 1069; 683/1075; 684/1084

Gold; "if gold ruste, what shal iren doo?" 15/500; "euery thyng which bat seineth as the gold nis nat gold," 558/962, 963

Goldless for to be it is no game, 176/1480

Golias. See Goliath

Goliath, the Philistine giant, 159/934

Good name, the value of a, 240, 241/2827—2837; 250/3033—3036

Good or harm not to be hastily requited, 207/2243

Goodness, comes all from God, not from birth, 408/157

Gothland, or Gottland (Gootland), the southernmost province of Sweden; also an island in the Baltic, 12/408

Grace, Accidie or Sloth an enemy to, 646/684

Granada, a Moorish kingdom in Spain, 2/56

Great Sea, the part of the Mediterranean on which Palestine borders (Num. xxxiv. 6, 7; Josh. i. 4), 2/59

Great things, done not by strength nor agility, but by good counsel, by authority, etc. (Cicero), 214/2355

Greece (Grece), a country of south-eastern Europe, 29/962; 277/3847; 520/1444; 144/464

Greece, Sea of. See Sea of Greece

Greek, native of Greece; the Grekes hors Synon, i. e. the horse of Sinon the Greek, 484/209

Greeks, people of Greece, 83/2899; 84/2951, 9; 85/2969; 354/744

Greenwich, a town in Kent, England, on the Thames, 112/3907

Gregorie, Gregory I., Pope, a saint and doctor of the Church, b. ab. 540, d. 604, 233/2687; 594/92; 603/214; 605/238; 621/414; 626/470; 647/692; 659/828; 670/934; 682/1069

Grekes. See Greek and Greeks

Grenewych. See Greenwich

Grete See (the). See Great Sea, 2/59

Grief, excessive, does not become a wise man, 202/2171; moderation should be observed in g., for the loss of a friend, 202/2182

Grievances, 4 kinds of (wicked words, damage or loss of property, harm of body, excessive labour), and their remedies, 643, 4/662—9

Griselda (Grisild, Grisilde, Grisildis), the Patient, the subject of Clerk's Tale, 410/232; 411/255; 412/274, 297; 413/

335; 414/344, 365; 416/428; 417/442; 418/466, 470; 420/ 537; 421/576; 427/752; 428/792; 433/948, 953; 434/989; 435/1007, 1009, 1029; 436/1030, 51; 437/1062; 439/1143, 47; 440/1165, 77, 82; 441/1187; her great patience compared, by the Merchant, with "the passing cruelty of his wife," 442/1218—25

Grudging or murmuring, against God and man, 628, 9/499 -501; from avarice (Judas Iscariot cited as example), 629/ 502; among servants, 629/506—8; from ire or privy hate, 629/509

Guesclin, Bertrand du. See Du Guesclin

Guilty man, the, suspicious, 550/688, 689

Guy (Gy), Sir, of Warwick, Romance of, alluded to, 197/ 2089

Gysen (called Gyndes in Seneca and Herodotus), a river destroyed by Cyrus because his horse was drowned therein, 395/2079—81

Haberdasher, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 11/361

Habradate, the devotion to death, of his wife, alluded to. 519, 20/1414—18

Hailes, the abbey of, in Gloucestershire; an oath "by the blood of Crist that is in Hayles," 323/652

Haly, an Arabian astronomer, and a commentator on Galen (11th cent.), 13/431

Hanged on the gallows, who is worthy to be, 352/655— 658

Hannibal (Hanybal), the Carthaginian general, 139/290

Harpies, fabulous monsters, with the faces of women and the bodies of birds; slain by Hercules, 259/3290

Hasdrubal, the Carthaginian general in command during the siege of Carthage by the Romans; the story of his wife alluded to, 298/4553—8; 519/1399—1404

Haste; "he hasteth wel that wisely kan abyde, and in wikked haste is no profit," 207/2244

Hastiness, to be avoided, 212/2323-25

Hasty judgment followed by hasty repentance, 205/2220; 212/2325; "of an hastif thyng men may nat preche or maken tariyng," 102/3545, 3546

Havles. See Hailes

Hazardry (playing at games of chance), condemned, 321, 322/590—602; sin of, 656/793, 4

Heads and wits; "as many heddes as manye wittes ther ben," 484/203

Heaven, given to them that labour, and not to idle folk, 648/716

Hebraic (Hebrayk), Hebrew, 185/1750

Hebrew people, their passage through the Red Sea, alluded to, 145/489, 90

Hector, the Trojan hero, 81/2832; 136/198; 292/4331

Helen, wife of Menelaus, ravished by Paris, 131/70 ; 457/  $^{\rm 1754}$ 

Helena, Saint, mother of Constantine the Great; oath "by the croys which pat seint Eleyne fond," 331/951

Helie. See Belial

Hell, the land of darkness, of misease, why Job so calleth it, 601/181—188

Héloïse (Helowys), mistress of Abailard, alluded to, 353/677

Herald's proclamation of the rules of the tournament, 73/2537—60

Hercules, the hero of antiquity, proverbial for his strength, 56/1943; 136/200; 354/725; the story of, in Monk's Tale, 259, 60/3285—3332

Hereos. See Eros

Hermanno, son of queen Zenobia, 267/3535 (In Boccaccio the name is Heremianus)

Hermengyld, the wife of the Constable that receives Constance in Northumberland (It is the Saxon Eormengild, which was the name of one of the daughters of Earconbehrt, King of Kent, Wright), 146/533, 35; 147/539, 62; 148/595, 97; 149/600, 625, 627

Hermes; Hermes Trismegistus ("thrice-great Hermes"), the Egyptian Thoth, regarded as inventor of all science and learning, 573/1434

Hermione (Hermyon), daughter of Menelaüs and Helen, 131/66

Hero, the mistress of Leander, 131/69

Herod Antipas, the tetrarch, son of Herod the Great, commanded to slay John the Baptist, 318/488—491

Herod, the part of, in religious plays: "He pleyeth Herodes vp on a Scaffold hye," 97/3384

Herodes, pl. Herodes; the Jews addressed in Prioress's Tale, "O Herodes al newe!" 186/1764

Hester. See Esther

Hethenesse, Heathen lands, Heathendom, 2/49

Hieronymus. See Jerome, St.

Hippocras, a spiced cordial, named from Hippocrates, 312/306; 458/1807

Hippocrates, the celebrated Greek physician (b. 460 B.C.), 13/431

Hippolyta, queen of the Amazons, and wife of Theseus, in the Knight's Tale, 26/868, 881; 29/971; 49/1685; 74/2578

Hodge (Hogge of Ware), dim. of Roger, name of the Cook with the Canterbury Pilgrims, 125/4336. See Roger

Holderness, a district on the coast of Yorkshire, 385/1710

Holofernes, a general of Nebuchadnezzar, slain by the Jewish heroine Judith, during the siege of Bethulia, 159/940; 210/2289; 446/1368; story of, in Monk's Tale, 273, 4/3741-64

Homer, the Greek poet, 520/1443

Hope, seven causes why the damned are without, 604/224 et seq.

Horeb, Mount, one of the sacred mountains, 390/1891

Horn childe, Romance of, alluded to, 197/2088

Horse of brass, in Squire's Tale, described, 487, 488/303—334

Hosanna, i.e., "Save, we pray," from Ps. exviii. 25, 529/

Host of the Tabard Inn, 22/751—757; 181/1625—1641; 190/1885—96; 199/2109—2115, 2119—2125; 253, 254/3081—3113; 254, 55/3114—3154; 281/3970—3984; 282/3985—95; 4000—5; 312, 13/287—319; 331/946—55; 332/958, 9; 358/850—53; 371/1286—89, 1298—1300; 373/1334, 37; 386/1762, 63; 403/1—20; 442/1240—42; 476/2419—40; 478/1—3; 498/695—698; 548/594—98; 615, 616; 549/628—39; 652, 653; 550/654—6; 663, 664; 551/697, 698; 576/6—19; 577/57—60; 578/61—75, 94—96; 579/97—103; 589, 590/15—29; 591/67—74

House; "with-inne thyn hous ne be thou no leoun," 393/

House of Fame, Chaucer's, alluded to, 684/1086

Houseled, one should be, at least once a year, 678/1026, 7

Huberd. See Hubert

Hubert, the name of the limitour among the Canterbury pilgrims, 8/269

Hugelyn of Pyze. See Ugolino of Pisa

Hugh, Sir, used as a general name of a secular clergyman, 373/1356

Hugh of Lincoln, a boy murdered by the Jews, 189/1874

Hull, a seaport of England, 12/404

Humble folk, Christ's friends and contubernal with the Lord, 653/760

Humility, or meekness, 1. of heart, 2. of mouth, 3. of works, a remedy against Pride, 626, 7/476—83

Hunting, Theseus' love of, 48, 49/1673-82

Husband, a, must not be inquisitive, 90/3163; Housbondes been alle goode, and han ben yoore. That knowen wyues, 138/272, 3; the happiness between husband and wife, 502, 503/803—5

Huwe. See Hugh

Hymen, the god of marriage and nuptial solemnities, 456/1730

Hypermnestra, one of the fifty daughters of Danaus, the only one who preserved her husband's life, 131/75

Hypocrisy, one of the twigs of Pride, 619/391; defined, 619/394

Hypsipyle, daughter of Thoas and queen of Lemnos, in the time of the Argonauts, 131/67

Jack, used as a general name, 373/1357

Jack of Dover, a young Dover pike or luce, 125/4347

Jacob, the patriarch, 210/2288; 335/56; 446/1362; 623/443

Jacobus de Voragine (or Jacobus Januensis), Archb. of Genoa, b. 1230, d. 1298; author of the famous Legenda Aurea; alluded to, 530/82

Iakke. See Jack, 373/1357

Takke of Douere. See Jack of Dover, 125/4347

Iame, Seint. See James, St.

James, St., the son of Alphæus, called the Less, one of the twelve apostles; his Epistle quoted, 212/2309; 234/ 2707; 242/2866; 251/3059; 439/1154; 615/348

James, St., the son of Zebedee, called the Greater, one of the twelve apostles; shrine of, at Compostella, in Galicia, 14/466; oaths by, 122/4264; 178/1545; 342/312; 376/ 1443; Gam. 9/277; 19/665; 22/764; 23/797

Iane, a coin of Genoa, of small value, 435/999; 191/1925 Ianekyn. See Jankin

Jangling, one of the twigs of pride, defined, 620/406; (babbling), the sin of (Eccles. v. 2, and a philosopher quoted), 642/649, 50; "litel janglyng causeth muchel rest," 587/350

Ianicula (Janicle), the father of Griselda, in Clerk's Tale, 409/208; 412/304; 416/404; 423/632

Jankin, the Clerk, the Wife of Bath's fifth husband, 349/548; 350/595; 351/628; 354/713

Jankin, dim. of John, i.e. Johnny; the Host derisively addresses the Parson, "O Iankyn be ye there," 167/1172

Jankin, an apprentice alluded to by Wife of Bath, 342/303; 344/383

Jankin, the lord's squire in Summoner's Tale, 401/2288, 2293

Iankyn. See Jankin

January (Ianuarie), the old husband to the young wife May, in the Merchant's Tale, 447/1393; 449/1478; 452 1566, 1579, 1586; 455/1695; 456/1724; 457/1750; 458/1788, 1801, 1805; 459/1821; 460/1859; 461/1886, 1895, 1920; 462/1946, 56; 464/2013, 23; 465/2042, 2054, 2056; 466/2065, 2069; 467/2102, 2118, 2134; 468/2156; 469/2186; 470/2218; 473/2230; 474/2355; 475/2412, 2417

Janus, god of the sun and the year, to whom January was sacred, 515/1252

Japing, joking, the sin of; japers are the devil's apes; 642/651, 2

Jason, chief of the Argonauts, alluded to as a false lover, 131/74; 494/549

Iay tout perdu mon temps et mon labour, 606/248. (Quoted also in Chaucer's Fortune.)

Idle words, the sin of, 642/647, 8

Idleness, the Porter of Venus' dwelling, 56/1940; the nurse of vices, 527/1—21; the gate of all harms; an idle man like to a place without walls—the devils may enter on every side, 648/714—17

Idolater and an avaricious man, difference between an (Exod. xx. 3, 4, quoted), 652/749—51

Jealous people are dangerous, 114/3961

Jephthah (Iepte), the Judge of Israel who sacrificed his daughter (Judges xi. 29—40), 309/240

Jeremiah (Ieremie, Ieremye), the Hebrew prophet, 323/635; 593/76; 601/189; 637/592

Jerome, Saint, quoted on good works, 238/2785; his Contra Jovinianum alluded to, 353/674; stories of true women, drawn from his work Contra Jovinianum, lib. 1, c. 39, 518—21/1368—1456; quoted in Parson's Tale, 599/159; 600/174; 614/345; 643/657; 667/904; 670/933; 680/1047

Jerusalem, the holy city, 14/463; 261/3337; 262/3386; 275/3786; 348/495; 590/51; 593/80; 636/589

Jesu, Jesus. See Christ

Jesus, the son of Sirach, author of the Apocryphal Book, *Ecclesiasticus*, ab. 200 years B.C., 202/2185; 206/2235; 207/2249; 213/2331; 471/2250

Jew, a Hebrew, 185/1760; 186/1791; 314/351; 315/364; pl. Jews (Jewes), 185/1749, 1755; 186/1763, 1789; 187/1810, 1819; 189/1875; 196/2054; 275/3782; 318/475; 637/591; 638/599; 644/663; 665/889

Jewry (Jewerye), Jews' quarter in a city, 183/1679; 185/

1741; 186/1782

Ignorance, the mother of all harm, 648/710

Ignotum per ignotius, 573/1457

Ihesu and Ihesus. See Christ

Ihesu Crist. See Christ

Ihesus filius Syrak. See Jesus, son of Sirach

Ihesus Nazarenus rex Iudeorum, 609/284

Ilion (Ilium), ancient city of Troy, 139/289 (Skeat substitutes Theseus in this place), 298/4546

Imagination, men may die of, 103/3612

Impatience, one of the twigs of Pride, 619/391; defined, 620/397

Ind (Inde), India, 62/2156; 325/722; 357/824; 441/1199; 482/110

In manus tuas (Ps. xxx. 6; Luke xxiii. 46), 123/4287

Innocence, Accidie or Sloth an enemy to, 645/682; betrayal of, 305/91, 92

Innocent (Pope Innocent III?), quoted on poverty, 237/2758—2760

In nomine Ihesu, &c. 637/598

In Principio, the first words of the Gospel of John (see Furnivall's Temp. Pref. to 6-T. ed. of Chaucer's C. T., p. 93), 8/254; "ffor al so siker as In principio," i. e., for as sure as gospel, 292/4353

Insolence, one of the twigs of Pride, 619/391; defined, 620/399

Insurrection (armed compleint), portrayed on the wall of the temple of Mars, 58/2012

Joab, commander of the Hebrew army under King David, 456/1719

Joacim. See Eliachim

Job, the hero of the Book of Job, 203/2189; 346/436; 377/1491; 432/932; 597/134; 600/176, 178; 601/181; 603/211, 217; 604/223

Joce (or Jose or Josse), St., Sanctus Judocus, a saint of Ponthieu (*Vocab Hagiol.* pref'd to Ménage, *Etymol. Fr.*), oath by, 347/483

John, the carpenter, in the Miller's Tale, 97/3369; 100/. 3501; 101/3513; 102/3577; 104/3639; 105/3662.

John, the clerk or scholar of Soler hall, Cambridge, in the Reeve's Tale, 115/4013 et seq.

John, Daun, the friar in Shipman's Tale, 169/1233, 1248; 170/1258, 1279, 1288; 172/1348; 173/1377; 174/1411; 175/1445; 176/1472, 1484, 1486, 1488, 1498, 1502, 1504; 177/1509, 1512, 1527, 1532, 1539; 179/1592

John, Daun, name by which the Host addresses the Monk, 254/3119

John, Sir, name by which the Host addresses the Nun's Priest, 282/4000; "This sweete preest, this goodly man sir Iohn," 282/4010

John, St., the Evangelist, 129/18; 162/1019; 186/1772; 200/2141; 252/3075—3077; 326/752; 338/164; 381/1647; 387/1800; 400/2252; 495/596; 603/216; 615/349; 634/565; 661/841; 670/933

John, the friar in Summoner's Tale, 398/2171

John, the Baptist, 319/491

Jonah (Jonas), the Hebrew prophet, 145/486

Joseph, son of Jacob and Rachel, viceroy of Egypt, 291/ 4320; 623/443; 664/880

Joseph, the husband of Mary, 609/286

Ioue. See Jove

Iouinian. See Contra Jovinianum

Iouis. See Jupiter

Jove, the supreme Roman deity, 64/2222. See Jupiter

Jovinian, fabulous emperor of Rome, in Gesta Romanorum, cap. lix., celebrated for his pride and luxury? 391/1929

Iovinyan. See Jovinian

Joy, preserves freshness in age, 203/2185; Ioye after wo and wo after gladnesse, 81/2841; worldly joy cannot last, 166/1133—38; 465/2055; the latter ende of ioye is wo, 293/4395

Irascimini et nolite peccare (Ps. iv. 5), 632/540

Ire, portrayed on the wall of the temple of Mars, 57/1997; "a thing that hye god defended," 388/1834; one of the greatest of the deadly sins, 393/2005; "executour of pryde," 393/2010; causes often to do or say amiss, 502/783; treated of, as one of the Seven deadly sins, 631—43/533—653; its remedy, 643—45/654—76

Irreverence, one of the twigs of Pride, 619/391; defined, 620/403

Isaac, the patriarch, 210/2288; 446/1365

Isaiah, the Hebrew prophet, 602/198; 603/210; 609/281

Isidore of Seville, or, Isidorus Hispalensis, St., bp. of Seville, b. ab. 570, d. 636; 594/89; 633/551

Isiphilee. See Hypsipyle

Isope. See Æsop

Israel, kingdom of, 258/3250; 261/3342

Italy (Itayle), a country of Europe, 143/441; 270/3650:

 $404/33\,;\,405/57\,;\,411/266\,;\,439/\textsc{1}{132}\,;\,\,440/\textsc{1}{178}\,;\,\,450/\textsc{1}{511}\,;\,\,456/\textsc{1}{714}$ 

Iubaltare. See Gibraltar

Iudas. See Judas Iscariot

Judas Iscariot, the betrayer, 294/4417; 373/1350; 561/1003; 629/502; 639/616; 647/696; 677/1015; name used for a betrayer, 561/1007

Judas Maccabæus, the Jewish general, whose exploits are related in the apocryphal books of the Maccabees, 241/ 2848

Judge, a wise, characterized, 205/2221

Judgment, hasty, followed by hasty repentance, 205/2220; 212/2325

Judgment Day, dread of, should move to Contrition, 599/ 158—165

Iudicum, gen. pl., i.e. Liber Iudicum, the Book of Judges, 257/3236

Judith, the heroine of the apocryphal book so named, the slayer of Holofernes, 159/939; 210/2289; 274/3761; 446/1366

Iuerie (Iues). See Jewry, Jews

Julian, St., the patron of hospitality, 10/340

Iulius. See Cæsar, Caius Julius

July, the seventh month, 467/2133

Juno, the sister and wife of Jupiter, 39/1329; 45/1543, 1555, 1559

Jupiter, the supreme deity of the Romans, 70/2442; 79/2786; 80/2792; 86/3035; 87/3069; 279/3934; 280/3942; 540/364; 541/413; the planet, 470/2224; a name for tin, 555/828

Iuppiter. See Jupiter

Iustinus, one of the friends of January, in the Merchant's Tale, 449/1477; 450/1519; 454/1655; 455/1689

Iustyn. See Justinus

Juvenal, the Roman satirist, quoted on poverty (Sat. x. 22), 368/1192—4

Iuyl. See July

Ive, St., an exemplary priest of Lantriguier, in Bretagne, 174/147; 391/1943

Kaukasous. See Caucasus

Kayrrud (2. Kairrud, 3. kayrrud, 4. 5. kynrede, 6. kynred)? 503/808

Kenelm, Saint, king of Mercia, of the Saxon Heptarchy, A.D. 819; his dream related, 291/4300

Kent, St. Thomas of, 95/3291

Kenulph, king of Mercia, of the Saxon Heptarchy, 291/ 4301

Kind: "alle thyng repeirynge to his kinde gladeth hym self," 495, 496/608, 609

Kings, Book of, 666/897

Knight, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 2, 3/43—78; his Tale of Palamon and Arcite, 26—88/859—3108; stops the Monk's tragic stories, as "a greet disese," 281/3957—69; reconciles the Pardoner and the Host, 332/960—967

Koran. See Alcoran

Laban, the uncle and father-in-law of the patriarch Jacob, 623/443

Lacedæmon, or Sparta, an ancient city of Peloponnesus, capital of Laconia, 322/605; 518/1380

Lacedomya. See Laodamia

Lacedomye, Lacidomye. See Lacedæmon

Ladomya. See Laodamia

Ladon, the dragon which guarded the golden apples of the Hesperides, 259/3291

Lamech (Gen. iv. 19), alluded to as the first bigamist, 335/54; 494/550

Lameth. See Lamech

Lamwel. See Lemuel

Lancelot du Lac, the most famous knight of Arthur's Round Table, 294/4402; 486/287

Laodamia, wife of Protesilaus, 131/71; 520/1445

Latin, the language of the Romans, 146/519; 184/1713; 292/4355; 314/344; 391/1934; 513/1174

Latin words, phrases, and sentences: Actuum, g. pl., 637/597; O Alma Redemptoris mater, 184/1708; 185/1744; 187/1802; 188/1831, 1845; Amor vincit omnia, 5/162; Angelus ad virginem, 92/3216; Cor meum eructauit, 391/1934; De civitate Dei, 652/754; Deus hic, 386/1770; Ihesus Nazarenus rex Iudeorum, 609/284; in manus tuas, 123/4287; In nomine Ihesu, &c., 637/598; In Principio, 8/254; 292/4353; Irascimini & nolite peccare, 632/540; Iudicum, g. pl., 257/3236; Mulier est hominis confusio, 292/4354; Non est aliud nomen sub celo, &c., 637/597; Pater noster, 104/3638; 629/508; 680/1039; Placebo, 395/2075; 639/617; qui cum patre, 385/1734; 685/1092; Questio quid juris, 19/646; Radix malorum est cupiditas, 314/334; 316/426; Significauit, 19/662; Te Deum, 389/1866

Latumyus (Camb. MS. Latymyus), a person mentioned by the Wife of Bath, 355/757 Latyn. See Latin

Launcelot (Launcelet) de lake. See Lancelot

Law; "swich lawe as a man yeueth another wight he sholde hym seluen vsen it by right," 130/43, 44

Lazarus, the brother of Mary and Martha, in the Gospel (John xi.), 202/2177

Lazarus, the beggar of the Parable (Luke xvi. 20); "Lazar and diues lyueden diuersly," 389/1877

Leander, the lover of Hero, 131/69

Lechery, one of the Seven Deadly Sins, 660—668/836—914; its remedy, 668—672/915—957

Legende of Goode Women, Chaucer's, alluded to by the Man of Law, as "the seintes legende of Cupide," 130/61; alluded to as 'The book of the .xxv. Ladies, 684/1086

Lemuel, King (Prov. xxxi. 4, 5), 321/584, 585

Leo, sign of the Zodiac, 486/265; 510/1058. See Lion

Leon. See Leo

Lepe, a town in Spain; its wine alluded to, 321/563, 570 Lernaean Hydra, slain by Hercules, 259/3295

Lettow. See Lithuania

Liber aureolus Theophrasti, de Nuptiis, quoted by Jerome, in his Contra Jovinianum; alluded to, 352/671

Liberality, reasonable, a remedy against avarice, 658/811, 12; foolish and vain l., to be eschewed, 658/813—17

Libra, a sign of the Zodiac, 589/11

Lieys (Lyeys), in Armenia, taken from the Turks by Pierre de Lusignan, about 1367, 2/58

Life of all things, limited, 85, 86/2994—3016; examples drawn from the oak, the hard stone, the broad river, great towers, man, 86/3017—3034

Lignano, Giovanni di, Prof. of Canon Law at Bologna in 1363; died at Bologna in 1383, 404/34

Ligurge. See Lygurge

Limitour, a great honour to be a, 371/1293-97

Limitour, story of a, in Summoner's Tale, 385—401/1709—2294

Lincoln, a cathedral city of England, 189/1874. See Hugh of Lincoln

Lion, sign of the Zodiac, 486/265

Lithuania, an anc. territory of Europe, west of Russia, and north of Poland, 2/54

Livelihood, Accidie or Sloth an enemy to one's, 646/685 Livius Patavinus, Titus, the Roman historian, 303/1 Lollard, a term of reproach, applied to a follower of Wyclif, 167/1173, 1177

Lollere. See Lollard

Lombards, people of Lombardy, 178/1557

Lombardy, a territory of northern Italy, 269/3590; 404/46; 405/72; 433/945; 443/1245; 484/193

London, capital city of England, 11/382; 15/509; 104/3632; 125/4325; 349/550; 561/1012; 576/11

London apprentice, described, 127, 8/4365—4422

Londoun. See London

Looth. See Lot

Lord, Theseus' opinion of a true, 51/1774—81; lords and churls have a common origin and destiny, 653/761, 2; lords should have the love rather than the dread of their churls, 653/763; lords who devour the possessions of the poor, are like wolves, 654/775

Lordships, oppressive, come of covetousness, 652/752; St. Augustine, *De Civitate*, lib. ix, and Gen. ix. 25-27, referred to, 652/754

Lord's Prayer. See Pater Noster

Loss of property, but not loss of time, recoverable, 129/27, 28

Lot, his drunkenness alluded to (Gen. xix. 33), 318/485-7

Love; "who shal yeue a louere any lawe: Loue is a gretter lawe," 34/1164, 1165; "a man moot nedes loue," 34/1169; love is free, 47/1606; 501/767; loue ne lordshipe wol noght hir thankes haue no felaweshipe, 47/1625, 1626; personified, 45/1564; the power of, 52/1785—1790; symbolic representations on the wall of the temple of Venus, of the power of, 55, 56/1918—1946; all things bound with the chain of, 85/2987—2993; "alwey the nye slye maketh the ferre leeue to be looth," 97/3392, 3393; "is noght oold as whan þat it is newe," 430/857; will not be constrained, 501/764—766; the most submissive in, have the most advantage, 502/771, 772; love of God and neighbor, a remedy against envy, 630/515, 516; how a man should do 3 deeds of love against 3 deeds of hate (Matt. v. 44, quoted), 631/524—526; the medicine that casts out the venom of envy from man's heart, 631/531

Love days, allusion to, 8/258

Lover's malady, 40/1355—1379

Loy, St. "Hire grettest ooth was but by seint Loy," 4/
120. The saint meant is uncertain. See Mr. Furnivall's letter to the London Academy, May 22, 1880, p. 385, and replies, May 29, pp. 403, 404

Loy, St. (St. Eloi, bp. of Noyon [Lat. Eligius], patron of goldsmiths and farriers); "I pray to god saue thee, and

seint loy," 379/1564. "Loye; elegius, nomen proprium." Cathol. Angl. ed. Herrtage.

Luc. See Luke, St.

Lucan (M. Annæus Lucanus), the Roman poet, author of the Pharsalia, 142/401; 279/3909

Lucia. See Lucilia

Lucifer, the fallen angel, 655/788; the story of, in the Monk's Tale, 256/3189—3196

Lucilia, a woman who killed her husband with a love potion, mentioned in the Epistola Valerii ad Rufinum de non ducenda uxore, 355/747, 752

Lucina, an appellation of Diana, as the goddess presiding over child-birth; portrayed on the wall of Dian's temple, 60/2083—2086; the moon, 509/1045

Lucrece, or Lucretia, the wife of Collatine, ravished by Sextus Tarquinius, 130/63; 519/1405

Lucresse. See Lucrece

Lucye. See Lucilia

Luke, St., the Evangelist, 200/2141; 647/700, 702

Lumbardes, Lumbardye. See Lombards, Lombardy

Luna, a woman who poisoned her husband, mentioned in the *Epistola Valerii ad Rufinum de non ducenda uxore*, 355/747, 750

Luna, the moon, a name for silver, 555/826; 573/1440

Lust, its influence and effects, 159/925—31

Lybeux (Lybeaus Disconus), Sir, Romance of, 197/2090. See Percy Folio MS. ii. 404, and Ritson's Metr. Romances, Vol. ii.

Lycurgus, King of Thrace, described, in the train of Palamon, 61, 62/2128—2154; 76/2644

Lydia (Lyde), an ancient kingdom in Asia Minor, 279/ 3917; 291/4328

Lyeys. See Lieys

Lygurge, King of Thrace. See Lycurgus

Lying, various kinds of, enumerated, 638, 9/608—11; comes of avarice, 656/795

Lyma. See Luna

Lynyan. See Lignano

Mabely, name of the old woman in Friar's Tale, 381/1626 Maccabæus. See Judas Maccabæus

Maccabees, the apocryphal books so called, 274/3769; 277/3845

Macedonia, an ancient kingdom of south-eastern Europe, 277/3846; 520/1435

Machabee. See Maccabees

Macidonye, Macidoyne. See Macedonia

Macrobius Ambrosius Aurelius Theodosius, the Grammarian, end of 4th cent., author of a Comm. on Cicero's Somnium Scipionis, 291/4313

Madness (woodnesse), portrayed on the wall of the temple of Mars, 58/2011

Madrian. See Mathurin, St.

Magdalene, or Mary Magdalene, 629/502, 504; 671/947

Magdalene, the "woman who was a sinner" (Luke vii. 37), 675/996

Magdaleyne. See Magdalene

Magic, feats of, enumerated, 512/1143-1151

Magic mirror, 482/132-141

Magic scenes, 513/1189-1201

Magnanimity, or greatness of spirit, a remedy against Accidie or Sloth, 650/731—33

Magnificence, or the doing of great works of goodness, a remedy against Accidie or Sloth, 650/736

Mahomet, the Arabian prophet, 136/224; 140/333, 336, 340

Mahoun. See Mahomet

Makomete. See Mahomet

Malice, two kinds of, 1. hardness of heart, 2. opposition to known truth, 627/486, 7

Malkin (Malkyn), dim. of Mary, Molly, used generically for any young woman, 130/30; name of a maid in Nun's Priest's Tale, 298/4574

Malle, name of the widow's sheep, in Nun's Priest's Tale, 283/4021

Malmsey. See Malvesie

Malvesie (Maluesye, Malvoisie), a wine, named from Malvasia, or Napoli di Malvasia, in the Morea, 170/1260

Malyne, i. e. Malkin, dim. of Mary, Molly, 121/4236

Manciple, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 17/567—586

Manciple's Head-Link; the Host calls on the Cook for a tale, but in his drunken condition he prefers to sleep, and the Manciple offers to tell the next tale, and is accepted by the Host, 576—579/I—104

Manciple's Tale, of Pheebus and his white crow that tells him of his wife's infidelity during his absence from home, and is turned black therefor (Ovid's Met. Bk. ii. 534—550), 580—587/105—362

Mane techel phares (Mene, Mene, Tekel, Upharsin of A. V. of Dan. v. 25), 262/3396

Man of Law, 130/33

Man of Law's Head-Link; the Host reminds the company that the fourth part of the day is gone, and entreats them not to lose time; calls for a tale, on the Man of Law who, after enumerating the several stories that had been told by Chaucer and alluding to "cursed stories," "unkind abominations" which Chaucer, and which he himself, would not tell, begins his story of the pious Constance, 129—131/1—98

Man of Law's Prologue; he addresses Poverty, and cites its ills, 132, 133/99—133

Man of Law's Tale, of the pious Constance, 134—166/134—1162

Manslaughter, an offspring of ire or anger, 634/564; kinds of spiritual m.: 1. by hate (1 John iii. 15, quoted): 2. by backbiting: 3. in giving wicked counsel by fraud (Prov. iii. 27, 28, quoted), 634/562—569; bodily m., slaying with the tongue, giving order or counsel to slay a man, 634/570: m. in deed, 1. by law, as when a judge condenns a man to death: 2. in self-defence: 3. by accident: 4. when a woman by negligence overlies her child: 5. by preventing conception, inducing abortion: 6. when a woman kills her child after birth, for shame: 7. when a man by lechery or blows destroys a foetus, 635/571—579

March, the month, 1/2; 349/546; 387/1782; 480/47; the month in which the world began, 293/4378

Marcian. See Capella, Martianus Mineus Felix

Mardoche. See Mordecai

Marie, Egypcien. See Mary, St., the Egyptian

Marie, Seinte, the Virgin. See Mary, the Virgin

Mark, St., the Evangelist, 200/2141; 338/145

Market; "greet prees at market maketh deere ware, and to greet cheepe is holde at litel prys," 348/522, 523

Marriage, Wife of Bath's views of, 334—357/r—828; the wo that is in, 334/3; never forbidden by God, 335/60; the tribulation in, 339/173—183; a great sacrament, 445/1319; a horrible thing to break the sacrament of (Matt. xix. 5, quoted), 661/842; what this sacrament betokens (Exod. xx. 17, St. Augustine, Matt. v. 28, quoted), 661/843; a great sacrament established by God; true effect of; figured between Christ and Holy Church, 668/918—922; how a man should bear him towards his wife (Ephes. v. 25, quoted), 669/925—929; how a wife should be subject to her husband (1 Pet. iii. 1—7, St. Jerome and St. Gregory, quoted), 669, 670/930—938. See Wedlock

Marrok, the Strayte of. See Morocco

Mars, the god of war, 29/975; 45/1559; 49/1682, 1708,

50/1747; 55/1907; 59/2050; 62/2159; 64/2248; 68/2369, 2372; 70/2431, 2434, 2441; 71/2473, 2480; 74/2581; 76/2669; temple of, described, 57/1981-1994; representations on the walls, 57-59/1967-2040; statue of, described, 59/2041-2050; Arcite's invocation of, 68,69/2373-2420; the planet, 59/2035; 68/2367; 139/301, 305; 351/612, 613, 619; 480/150; a name for iron, 555/827

Martes, gen. s. See Mars

Martin (Martyn), St., a Hungarian by birth, served in the army under Constantius and Julian; an opponent of the Arians; d. at Tours; oaths by, 172/1338; Gam. 2/53; 7/225; 172/1338

Mary, the Virgin, 150/641; 159/920; 179/1592; 183/1698; 189/1880; 193/1974; 312/308; 324/685; 380/1604; 445/1337; 461/1899; 475/2418; 562/1062; prayer of Constance to, 156, 157/841—54; the Prioress's invocation to, 182, 183/1657—1677; the second nun's, 528—530/29—84

Mary, St., the Egyptian; allusion to her being miraculously fed in a cave, 145/500

Mathurin, St., an oath "by that precious corpus Madrian," 253/3082

Matthew (Mathew), St., the Evangelist, 200/2141; 323/634; 636/588; 661/842, 845; 679/1036

Maudelayne, the name of the Shipman's barge, 12/410

Mauny, Sir Oliver, of Armorica (Bretagne), an accomplice in the murder of Peter the Cruel, of Spain; Chaucer conceals the name under the synonym of wicked nest, O.Fr. mau ni (Skeat), 268/3576

Maur (Maure), St., a disciple of St. Benedict, and from whom a Congregation of Benedictines in France was named, 6/173

Maurice, gen. Maurices. See Mauricius

Mauricius, the son of Constance and king Ælla, in the Man of Law's Tale, 152/723; 163/1063; 164/1086; 165/1121, 1127

Mawmet (from Mahomet), an idol, 652/749; 662/860

Mawmettrie (from Mahomet), idolatry, 652/750

Maxime. See Maximus

Maxims. See Proverbs

Maximus, an officer of the Roman Prefect Almachius, 540/368, 372, 377; 541/400

May, the month, 3/92; 31/1034, 1037, 1042; 43/1462; 44/1500; 48/1675; 71/2484; 129/6; 349/546; 505/906, 907; 506/928; 570/1343; May wole haue / no slogardrie a nyght, 31/1042; the influence of the season of, 31/1043 — 45; description of a May morning, 43/1491 — 96; invoked, 44/1510—12

May, the wife of January, in the Merchant's Tale, 455/

1693; 457/1742, 1774; 458/1782; 459/1822; 460/1851, 1859, 1871, 1882; 461/1886, 1888, 1895, 1914; 462/1932, 1955; 463/1977; 464/1995, 2002; 465/2054; 466/2092, 2100; 467/2116; 468/2137, 2157; 469/2185; 470/2218; 473/2321, 2328

Mayus, the wife of January in the Merchant's Tale. See May

Mecene. See Messene

Medea, the sorceress, wife of Jason, 56/1944; 131/72

Medes, the people of Medea, a province of the Assyrian Empire, 263/3425

Megacosmus of Bernardus Sylvestris (12th cent.), passage imitated from, 135,136/190—203

Melan. See Milan

Meleager, the Calydonian hunter, portrayed on the wall of Dian's temple, 60/2071

Meleagree. See Meleager

Melesie. See Miletus

Melibee. See Melibeus

Melibee, "this is to seyn, a man that drynketh hony," 228/2600

Melibe-Monk Link; the Host contrasts his shrewish and big-armed wife with Melibeus' patient wife, Prudence, calls for a tale on the Monk, who proposes to tell a series of Tragedies, 253—255/3079—3180

Melibeus, Chaucer's Tale of: Melibeus, a young man mighty and rich, whose wife Prudence and daughter Sophie were beaten and wounded, in his absence, by three of his old enemies, calls together a great congregation of folk, of various kinds, to take counsel what is best to be done in the case. The greater number advise vengeance, but Dame Prudence, by means of an elaborate argument, backed by quotations from Holy Writ and ancient authors, at last prevails against all evil advisers, and persuades her husband to become reconciled to his enemies, and to forgive as he hopes to be forgiven, 201—252/2157—3078

Menace, the sin of, 642/646

Merchandise, bodily and spiritual, 654/777; bodily m., when lawful, and when cursed and damnable, 654/778—780

Merchant, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 8, 9/270—284; merchant of Shipman's Tale, 168—180/1191—1624; of deceit between merchant and merchant, 654/778—780

Merchant's End-Link; the Host prays God to keep him from such a wife as January's wife May; declares his own wife to be "as true as any steel," but "a labbyng shrewe," with "an heepe of vices mo; "476/2419—2440

Merchant's Prologue: the merchant complains of his wife and brings her "passyng crueltee" into contrast with Griselda's "grete pacience," 442/1213—1244

Merchant's Tale of January and May, illustrating that "men sholde wedden after hire estaat ffor youthe and elde is often at debaat," 443—475/1245—2418

Merchants, rich, addressed by the Man of Law, 132, 133/ 122-130

Merchants of Syria described, 134/134-140

Mercia, one of the Kingdoms of the Saxon Heptarchy, 291/4302

Mercury (Mercurius), the messenger of the gods, description of, 40, 41/1385—90

Mercury, the planet, 353/697, 699, 703, 705; 497/672; a name for quicksilver, 555/827; 573/1438

Mercy, recommended to Melibeus by his wife, 251/3050-58; a remedy against avarice, 657/804—10

Mertenrike (for Mercenrike), 291/4302. See Mercia

Messene (MSS. 1, 2, Mecene; 3, Messene; 4, 5, mesue; 6, Mesne), now Mavromati, the later capital of Messenia, a country in Peloponnesus, 518/1379

Metamorphoseos, gen. s. Ovid's Metamorphoses, 131/93

Metaphors: 16/563; 24/823; 26/886, 87; 27/925; 29/982; 71/2469; 87/3061; 89/3115; 108/3774, 75; 110/3852; 111/3865, 3868, 3882, 3883—85; 112/3887; 112/3889—3895; 112/3911; 117/4096; 119/4155; 132/124; 135/165—8; 140/323; 141/358, 364; 143/438; 152/701, 2; 156/833; 164/1090; 181/1626; 187/1799, 1800; 188/1846; 247/2966; 254/3123; 276/3832; 277/3851; 294/4430; 300/4633; 305/75; 320/558, 9; 325/729—31; 337/107, 113; 339/170, 171, 176, 177; 347/477, 478, 484, 487, 489, 492; 350/572, 573; 351/602—604; 395/2091; 403/22; 432/919; 440/1166—1169; 450/1516; 451/1553; 458/1783, 1708; 493/505; 506/042; 528/37; 552/730; 458/1783, 1798; 493/505; 506/942; 528/37; 552/730; 562/1069; 563/1080; 569/1301, 1313; 577/42; 578/72: 584/252; 590/26, 35, 36

Metellius. See Metellus

Metellus, Egnatius, killed his wife for wine-drinking (Valerius Maximus, lib. vi. cap. 3), 347/460-462

Methamorphosios. See Metamorphoseos

Micah, the Hebrew prophet, 602/201

Michias. See Micah

Midas, the Phrygian king; the story of his ears (Ovid's Met. lib. xi. fab. 4, 5), 361, 362/951—982

Middelburgh. See Middleburgh

Middleburgh, a port of the island of Walcheren in the Netherlands, 8/277

Might does not make right, 218/2408; when joined to cruelty, 271/3683, 3684

Milan, city and dukedom in Italy, 269/3589

Miletus, the 7 maidens of, that slew themselves to save their virginity, alluded to, 519/1409—1411

Miller, description of a, in the Reeve's Tale, 113/3925 et seq

Miller, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 16, 17/545—566

Miller, the stealing propensity of the, in Reeve's Tale, 115/3995—3998

Miller's daughter, in the Reeve's Tale, description of, 114/3973—3976

Miller's Prologue: The Knight's Tale ended, the Host calls on the Monk for the second tale; the drunken Miller insists on telling next "a legende and a lyf bothe of a carpenter and his wif, how that a clerk hath set the wrightes cappe." The Reeve tells him to hold his tongue and let be his "lewed dronken harlotrye;" but "he nolde his wordes for no man forbere, but tolde his cherles tale in his manere." The poet begs to be put out of blame, as he must rehearse the tales, be they better, or worse, 89—91/3109—3186

Miller's Tale, of a carpenter, and his wife Alisoun who with a clerk "cleped hende Nicholas," plots against his honor, 92—110/3187—3854

Minotaur, a monster, half man and half bull, slain by Theseus, with the aid of Ariadne, 29/980

Miracle, the, wrought at request of Saturn, in favor of Palamon, 77/2684, 2685

Mischance, portrayed on the wall of the temple of Mars, 58/2009, 2010

Monday, second day of the week, 71/2486; 98/3430; 101/3516; 104/3633; 105/3659

Money, chapmen's plough, 176/1478

Monk, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 5, 6/165—207; called on for a tale, 89/3118, 3119; his definition of tragedy, in the prologue to his tale, 255/3163—3172; his tale de casibus virorum illustrium (Lucifer, Adam, Samson, Hercules, Nebuchadnezzar, Belshazzar, Zenobia, Nero, Holofernes, Antiochus IV. surnamed Epiphanes, Alexander the Great, Julius Cæsar, Cræsus, Peter the Cruel of Spain, Peter of Cyprus, Bernabo Visconti of Milan, Ugolino, Count of Pisa), 256—270/3181—3652

Monk-Nun's-Priest's Link; the Knight stops the Monk in his tedious stories, and the Host tells him his talking is not worth a butterfly, and prays him to say somewhat of hunting, which the Monk declines to do, and the Host calls on the Nun's Priest for "swich thyng as may oure hertes glade," 281, 282/3957—4010

Monte Viso, in Italy, 404/47; 405/58

Mordecai, the Benjamite, 446/1373

Morocco, the strait of (Strait of Gibraltar), 144/465

Moses, leader of the Israelites, 602/195; 615/355; his fasting alluded to, 390/1885—90; alluded to as having skill in magic, 485/250

Mother, grief of a bereaved, should be allowed to have its course, for a time, 201/2167

Moyses. See Moses

Mulier est hominis confusio, 292/4354

Murder will out, 186/1766; 289/4242

Muses, the Pierides spoken of as, 131/92

Myda. See Midas

Mynotaur. See Minotaur

Nabal, the husband of Abigail, who protected him against the anger of David (1 Sam. xxv.), 210/2290; 446/1370

Nabugodonosor. See Nebuchadnezzar

Narcissus, a beautiful youth, who slighted the nymph Echo, and died of love of himself, having seen his own face in a fountain (Ovid, Met. 3, fab. 5), 507/952; portrayed on the wall of the temple of Venus, 56/1941

Narcisus. See Narcissus

Nature: ther Nature wol nat wirche, ffare wel Phisik, 79/2759, 60; speech imputed to, in regard to the Roman maiden, Virginia, 303, 4/11—28; cannot be restrained, 581/160—62; illustrations of the fact, 581, 2/163—86

Nazarenus is as muche for to seye as florisshynge, 609/288

Nebuchadnezzar, the Great, King of Babylon, story of, in Monk's Tale, 261, 2/3333—72; pronounced a god, by Holofernes, 274/3752; his vision alluded to, 596/126

Necessity, wisdom to make a virtue of, 87/3041, 2; "I made vertu of necessitee," 495/593

Need; nede has na peer, Hym boes serue hym selne that has na swayn, 116/4026, 27

Negligence (or recklessness), the nurse of all harm, 648/710, 11; the remedy, 648/712, 13

Neighbour, how a man shall love his, 630/517—21; how an enemy is included in the name, 630, 31/521—23

Neot, St., a Saxon Saint, oath by, 108/3771

Neptunus, god of the sea, 509/1047

Nero, the infamous Roman Emperor; the slaughter of,

portrayed on the wall of the temple of Mars, 58/2032; story of, in Monk's Tale, 271—3/3653—3740; his burning of Rome alluded to, 298/4560—63

Neroun (Lat. acc. Neronem). See Nero

Nessus, the Centaur, slain by Hercules with a poisoned arrow for offering violence to Deianira, 260/3318

New; "ther is no newe gyse that it nas old," 61/2125

Newegate. See Newgate

Newgate, name of a prison in London, 128/4402

Nicanor, a general of Antiochus Epiphanes (2 Maccabees ix.), 275/3781

Nicerates, gen. s. Niceratus, father, or son, of Nicias, the Athenian general? Nicerates wyf that for swich cas birafte hir self hir lyf, 520/1437. [MS. 2, Nyceratis; 3, nycherates; 4, Nicharatiffs; 5, Nicharatyfs; 6, Nichostratifs]

Nichanore (MSS. 2, 3, Nychanore; 4, 5, Nichasore; 6, Nichasor); the Theban mayden that for Nichanore hir seluen slow, 520/1432. Latin note: "Nichanor victis Thebis vnius captiue virginis superatus est." Which of the several ancient generals of the name is meant is uncertain. See Nicanor

Nicholas, the clerk, or scholar, in the Miller's Tale, 92/3199; 94/3272, 3285, 3288; 95/3298, 3303; 97/3386, 3396, 3397; 98/3401, 3403, 3409, 3413, 3420, 3424, 3426; 99/3437, 3444, 3462; 100/3472, 3477

Nicholas, Saint, his early piety alluded to, 184/1704. See Tyrwhitt's note, v. 13444

Nicholay. See Nicholas

Niggard; "he is to greet a nygard that wolde werne a man to lighte his candle at his lanterne," 343/333, 334

Night-spell, pronounced by the carpenter, in Miller's Tale, 100/3483—3486

Nineveh, capital of the ancient Assyrian empire, 145/487; 560/974

Noah, the patriarch, 101/3518, 3534, 3539; 102/3560; 103/3582; 104/3616; 109/3818; 110/3834; 653/766

Noah's wife, an allusion to her obstinacy, as represented in the Mysteries, 101/3539, 3540

Noe. See Noah

Non est aliud nomen sub celo, &c. (Acts iv. 12), 637/597

Norfolk (Northfolk), a county in the East of England, 18/619

Northhumberland, Northhumbrelond. See Northumberland

Northumberland, the region of country north of the Humber (Yorkshire is meant, Skeat), 146/508; 148/578

Note. See Neot, St.

Nowel (Fr. Noël, Christmas, from Lat. natalis), a cry of joy and festivity, 515/1255

Nun, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims,

4, 5/118—164

Nun-Canon's-Yeoman Link: the Second Nun's Tale of Saint Cecilia finished, at Boughton-under-Blean the Pilgrims are overtaken by a Canon and his Yeoman; the Canon's appearance described; talk between the Host and the Yeoman in regard to the Canon, who drawing near and hearing what the yeoman is saying of him and his alchemy, rides away "for verray sorwe and shame." The Yeoman then proposes to tell all he knows about his master's rascalities, 547—551,554—719

Nun's Priest's Tale, of the Cock and Hen (Chanticleer and Partlet), and the Fox, 283—300/4011—4636

Nynyuee. See Nineveh

Oaths: by the sweete seinte Anne, 380/1613; by Seint Austyn, 181/1631; by Seint Charite, *Gam.* 13/451; par charitee, 197/2081; by my croun, 118/4099; by the croys which bat seint Eleyne fond, 331/951; by seint Cutberd, 118/4127; by Seint Denys of ffrance, 172/1341; depardieux, 130/39; 374/1395; by my fader kyn, 116/4038; by my fader soule, 475/2393; 254/3127; by thy fader kyn, 577/37; by youre fader kyn, 254/3121; by my fai, Gam. 9/301; by my fay, 116/4034; 450/1505; by my feith, 375/1403; 397/2137; 570/1334; Gam. 4/95; 25/868; by my fey, 125/4356; 326/762; 339/203; 340/215; 378/1535; 388/1811; 399/2236; 576/13; vpon my feith, 254/3125; par ma fay, 194/2010; by thy feith, 126/4358; 379/1551; vp-on thy fey, 364/1057; by youre fey, 363/1002; 403/9; Elles the feend me fecche out of this place, 163/1064; the foule feend me fecche, 380/1610; by Seint Gile, 566/1185; by God, 116/4026, 4036; 117/4089; 122/4252; 570/1327; 571/1372, etc.; by God aboue, 340/207; by god oure heuene kyng, 179/1583; by god bat all made, Gam. 14/ 469; by god that for vs deyde, 437/1062; by god and by the hooly sacrement, 326/757; by god and by Seint Iohn, 162/1019; 338/164; by god and by seint Martyn, 172/1338; By god and by this Porthos I yow swere, 171/1325; goddes Armes, 324/692; By goddes Armes, 323/ 654; goddes Armes two, 357/833; by goddes berd, Gam. 9/295; By goddes bones, 253/3087; 477/2; for goddes bones, 397/2153; by goddes booke, Gam. 3/91; by goddes corpus, 107/3743; by goddes dignitee, 122/4270; 324/701; for goddes herte, 109/3815; By god [des] herte, 117/4087; Ey goddes mercy, 476/2419; Ey goddes precious dignitee, 327/782; By goddes precious herte and by his nayles And by the blood of Christ that is in Hayles, 323/651, 2; By God sale, 120/4187; by goddes sweete pyne, 199/126; 345/385; as help me god, 106/3709; 350/596; 351/605;

356/805; as helpe me god, 172/1360; god helpe me so, 299/4615; God helpe me so, 175/1464; 357/823; so helpe me god, 552/740; so god me saue, 95/3325; 108/3795; 396/2112; 571/1361; god so saue me, 388/1809; as god my soule saue, 437/1064; god so my soule saue, 419/505; so god my soule blesse, 576/21; als wisly god my soule blesse, 199/2112; as wisly helpe me the grete god of kynde, 492/469; as helpe me verray god, omnipotent, 346/423; So wysly god my soule brynge at reste, 450/1489; So wisly god my soule brynge in blisse, 469/2175; So wisly help me god out of care and synne, 380/1605; as wys god helpe me, 299/4598; al so god my soule saue, 329/860; so god me speede, 399/2205; as help me crist, 329/300; so god the speede, 339/220; as help the crist, 391/1949; thanne haue I cristes curs, 331/946; cristes foo, 108/3782; by cristes ore, Gam. 5/139, 159; 7/231; 10/323; by Ihesu, 106/3711; by Ihesus, 559/967; by Ihesus heuene kyng, 99/3464; by heuene kyng, 475/2407; By heuene kyng, that for vs alle dyde, 282/3986; by hym that harwed helle, 101/3512; by that ilke lord that for vs bledde, 173/1368; by nayles and by blood, 312/288; by Armes and by blood and bones, 89/3125; By corpus bones, 253/3096; 312/314; by corpus dominus, 181/1625; by myn hals, *Gam.* 12/391; Be seint Iame, *Gam.* 19/665; 23/797; by seint Iame, 376/1443; by that lord that called is seint Iame, 122/4264; by god and by seint Iame, 178/ 1545; By seynt Tame in Galys, Gam. 9/277; by seint Iame in Galys, Gam. 22/764; by seint Ioce, 347/483; by seint John, 326/752; 387/1800; 400/2252; by god and by seint Iohn, 162/1019; 338/164; by that lord þat clepid is seint Yue, 391/1943; by that lord pat clepid is Seint Yve, 174/1417; bi 30ure lewte, Gam. 19/657; by seint Loy, 4/120; by that precious corpus Madrian, 253/3082; by seynt Martyn, Gam. 2/53; by seint Martyn, Gam. 7/225; by god and by seint Martyn, 172/1338; Marie, 179/1522; 562/ 1062; Seynte Marie, 461/1899; By seinte Marie, 324/685; lady Seinte Marie, 380/1604; goddes Mooder, 398/2202; by the heuenes queene, 563/1089; By oure lady, 570/1354; By myghty Mars, 49/1708; by myghty Mars the rede, 50/ 1747; By seinte note (i.e. St. Neot), 108/3771; pardee, 339/200; 342/310; 343/335; 354/712; 376/1468; 379/ 1565; 383/1675; 442/1234; parfay, 132/110; 163/1037; 156/849; Peter (i. e. by St. Peter), 346/446; 373/1332; 550/665; 558/942, 947; on my porthors (3, 5, portoos; 4, 6, portos, i. e. breviary), I make an ooth, 171/1321; By god and by this Porthors I yow swere, 171/1325; by seint Poules belle, 281/3970; by Seint Richere, Gam. 5/137; 6/175; 11/357; 18/619; bi be gode rode, Gam. 19/639; by Seint Ronyan, 312/310; by Seint Ronyon, 313/320; by god and by the holy sacrement, 326/757; by Seint Symon, 395/2094; so haue I blis, 292/4348; so haue I ioye or blis, 357/830; swa haue I seel, 121/4239; So moote I brouke wel myne eyen tweye, 296/4490; so moot I go, 549/634; so moot I goon, 502/777; by Termagaunt, 194/2000; So theek, 111/3864; so theech, 331/947; 558/929; as moot I thee, 349/532; al so moot I thee, 369/1215; 371/1271;

442/1226; Al so moote I thee, 194/2007; so moot I thee, 287/4166; 344/361; so moot I thee, 312/309; so moot I thryue, 394/2034; so moote I thryue, 584/255; al so moot I thryue, 578/80; as euere moot I thryue, 408/172; So thryue I, 386/1764; So browke I myn eie,  $Gam.\ 10/334$ ; so browke I myn hals,  $Gam.\ 12/407$ ; so browke I my bone,  $Gam.\ 15/489$ ; so brouke I my chyn,  $Gam.\ 17/567$ ; so euer here I masse,  $Gam.\ 15/515$ ; 17/595; so mote I wel the,  $Gam.\ 17/577$ ; euel mote I thryue,  $Gam.\ 17/586$ ; so mote I wel the,  $Gam.\ 24/833$ ; by Seint Thomas, 98/3425; 99/3461; 352/666; by seint Thomas of ynde, 442/1230; by seint Thomas of Kent, 95/3291; by my trouthe, 254/3118; 328/823; 514/1231; condemnation of,  $322,\ 323/629-659$ 

Obedience, comes of Patience, 645/674; when obedience is perfect, 645/675; what it is, generally, 645/676

Odenathus, or Odenatus, Septimus, ruler of Palmyra, and husband of Zenobia, 265/3462, 3481, 3485; 266/3508, 3517

Old; Ther is no newe gyse that it nas old, 61/2125

Old age; elde has greet auantage; In elde is bothe wysdom and vsage; Men may the olde at renne and noght at rede, 70/2447—49; Avauntyng, liyng, Anger, Couetise, Thise foure sparkles longen vn to eelde, 111/3884, 5; Age, that al wol enuenyme, 347/474

Old Testament, 321/575

Olifaunt (i. e. Elephant), Sire, the giant in the Rime of Sir Thopas, 194/1998

Oliver, a famous knight of Charlemagne's Court, 268/3577,79

Oloferne, Olofernus. See Holofernes

Olyuer, Olyuver. See Oliver

Omer. See Homer

Onedake. See Odenathus

Opiournes. See Epicurus

Oreb. See Horeb

Orewelle, a port in Essex, 8/277

Orleans, a city of France, alluded to as a seat of learning, 511/1118, 1124; 512/1153; 513/1168

Orliens. See Orleans

Orpheus, the mythic Thracian poet and musician, 456/

Osanne. See Hosanna

Osenay (Oseney, Oseneye), an abbey in the suburbs of Oxford, 94/3274; 98/3400; 105/3659

Oswald (Osewold), the name of the Reeve, of the Canterbury pilgrims, 90/3151; 111/3860; 112/3909

Ote, Sir, one of the 3 brothers, sons of Sir John Boundys, in the spurious Tale of Gamelyn, following 6-T. 128

"Ouer greet a wit, whan a man hath, ful oft hym happeth to mysusen it," 549/648, 649

"Ouerdoon, that that is, it wol nat preeue aright (omne nimium vertitur in vitium), 549/645, 646

Ouides Art. See Ovid

Ouyde. See Ovid

Ovid, the Roman poet (Publius Ovidius Naso), quoted, or alluded to, 130/54; 131/93; 201/2166; 224/2515; 229/2605; 353/630; 353/680; 361/952; 362/982; 467/2125

Oxenford. See Oxford

Oxford, a city of England, or the university of Oxford, 9/ 285; 92/3187; 96/3329; 348/527; 403/1

Padua (Padwe), town in Italy, 404/27

Palamon and Arcite, the Knight's Tale of, 26—88/859—3108

Palamon, the Theban prince in Knight's Tale, the rival of his cousin Arcite for the hand of Emilia; 30/1014 et seq

Palathia, in Anatolia, a lordship held by Christian Knights under the Turks, 3/65

Palatye. See Palathia

Pallas, Minerva, goddess of wisdom, 304/49

Palmyra, an ancient city of Syria, 264/3437

Palymerie. See Palmyra

Pamphilles. See Pamphilus

Pamphilus, a popular mediæval Latin poem, in which one Pamphilus gives a history of his amour with Galatea; quoted on the power of riches, 236/2746—2751; the lover, 511/1110

Panik (MSS. 1, 2, 3, Pavik, Pavyk; MS. 4, Panyke; 5, Pavie; 6, Pauyke and Pauyhe; Petrarch's Lat... 'comiti de Panico' and 'Panicius comes; 'Boccaccio has Panago; Skeat adopts Panik), name of a district in Italy? his suster deere that thilke tyme of Pavik was Countesse, 422/590; the Erl of Pavyk, 427/764; 433/939

Paradise, the garden of Eden, 256/3200; 295/4448; 319/506, 509; 390/1915; 391/1917; 613/325, 326, 327; 664/883; 668/918, 921; heaven, 535/227; 647/703

Paradys. See Paradise

Pardon, who is worthy to have, for his sins, 247/2963

Pardoner, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 19--21/669-714

Pardoner, the, of the Canterbury Pilgrims, 338/163; 339/185

Pardoner's Preamble; his rascalities and frauds, enumerated by himself, 314-317/329-462

Pardoner's Tale, of Death and the three Rioters, 318—332/ 463—968

Parents, advice to, 305, 306/93—102

Paris, the capital of France, 4/126; 169/1247; 177/1522; 178/1556; 353/678

Paris, son of Priam, who ravished Helen, 457/1754; alluded to as a false lover, 494/548

Parish-clerk, description of a, 95, 96/3312-3338

Parlament of Foules, Chaucer's, alluded to, 684/1086

Parnassus, Mount, in Greece, sacred to Apollo and the Muses, 500/721

Parson, description of the among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 14, 15/477—528

Parson's Tale, the, a Treatise on Penitence, 592—685/75—1092. See Penitence

Parthes. See Parthians

Parthians, the people of Parthia, 322/622

Partlet, name of the hen, in Nun's Priest's tale, 284/4060, 4075; 285/4078; 291/4295, 4312; 292/4348; 293/4367, 4390, etc.

Parys. See Paris

Pasiphae, wife of Minos, king of Crete, 354/733

Passionate man, great harm to put in high place, 393/2016

Pater noster, the Lord's prayer, 104/3638; 629/508; 680/1039; the P. N. characterized; comprises in itself all good prayers; how it must be said; 680/1039—1047

Pathmos. See Patmos

Patience, the great virtue of, and the incitements to (1 Peter ii. 21—23; 2 Cor. iv. 17; Prov. xix. 11, xiv. 29, xv. 18, xvi. 32; James i. 4, quoted), 233, 234/2691—2708; to be exercised in death of children and loss of worldly goods, 203/2188; Job cited as example, 203/2189, 2190; venquysseth thynges bat rigour sholde neuere atteyne, etc., 502/773—778; a remedy against ire, 643/659—661; incentives to, afforded by Christ, 644/663—669; story of a philosopher who had lost his patience, and was rebuked by a child, 644/670—673; obedience comes of patience, 645/674

Patmos, an island in the Ægean, where St. John wrote his Apocalypse, 186/1773

Paul's, St., of London. See St. Paul's

Paul, St., the Apostle, 202/2179; 212/2320; 222/2481;

 $\begin{array}{c} 230/2630 \ ; \ 240/2824 \ ; \ 250/3030 \ ; \ 300/4631 \ ; \ 319/521 \ , \ 523 \ ; \ 320/530 - 533 \ ; \ 320/547 \ , \ 548 \ ; \ 336/73 \ ; \ 338/160 \ ; \ 343/342 - 345 \ ; \ 381/1677 \ ; \ 388/1819 \ ; \ 590/32 \ ; \ 599/162 \ ; \ 612/322 \ ; \ 614/342 \ , \ 343 \ ; \ 637/598 \ ; \ 639/619 \ ; \ 640/630 \ ; \ 641/634 \ ; \ 642/651 \ ; \ 649/725 \ ; \ 651/739 \ ; \ 652/748 \ ; \ 658/819 \ , \ 820 \ ; \ 663/867 \ ; \ 664/879 \ ; \ 666/895 \ ; \ 669/929 \ ; \ 681/1054 \end{array}$ 

Pavia, a city in Lombardy, Italy, 443/1245

Pavik, Pavyk. See Panik

Pavye. See Pavia

Peace, the good that comes of, 245/2919

Pedmark. See Penmarch

Pedro Alfonso, a converted Jew of Huesca, in Aragon (original name Rabbi Moses Sephardi), b. 1062; author of "Dialogi... in quibus impiæ Judæorum opiniones... confutantur," etc. and Clericalis disciplina; good or harm not to be hastily requited, 207/2243; the fellowship and counsel of old enemies to be eschewed, 216/2379; might does not justify the doing of a thing, 218/2408; the company of strange men in travel to be mistrusted, 223/2499—2502; the evils of poverty, 237/2756, 2757

Pegasus (Pegasee), the winged horse of the Muses, 484/207

Pemond. See Piedmont

Penalopee. See Penelope

Penance, bodily, an essential of Satisfaction; four kinds of, prayers, watchings, fastings, virtuous teachings or discipline, 679/1038; things that disturb p., dread, shame, hope, and wanhope or despair of mercy, 681/1057; the remedies against these, 682, 683/1059—1075; the fruit of p., 683/1076—1080

Penelope, wife of Ulysses, 131/75; her chastity alluded to, 520/1443, 1444

Penitence, the Parson's Treatise on, in 3 parts: 1 on p. and its first essential, contrition, 593—612/75—315; 2. confession, 612—678/316—1028; 3. satisfaction, 679—683/1029—1080; a full noble way to Christ, 593/80; defined by St. Ambrose, 594/84; by a certain doctor, 594/85; by the Parson, 594/86; 3 actions of p., a. baptism after sin; b. not to do deadly sin after baptism; c. not to fall into venial sins after baptism, 594, 595/96—100; 3 species of p., a. solemn (to be put out of Holy Church in Lent or to do open penance); b. common (to go naked on pilgrimages, or barefoot); c. private (what men do for private sins for which they shrive themselves privily), 595/102—106; likened to a tree, of which contrition is the root, from which springeth a stalk that beareth branches and leaves of confession, and fruit of satisfaction, 596/112—114; the tree of life, 596/127. See Contrition, Confession, Satisfaction

Penmarch, or Penmark, a town and headland on the coast of Brittany, 16 miles S.W. of Quimper, 502/801

Penolopee. See Penelope

People, the fickleness and unreliableness of the, 434, 35/995—1001

Perce. See Persia

Perceval, Sir, of Galles, the hero of the Romance of, alluded to, as a water-drinker, 198/2106

Percival, Sir. See Perceval

Percyuell, Sire. See Perceval

Perfection, no man should trust in his own, 672/959

"Peril is bothe fyr and tow tassemble," 336/89

Perkyn Reuelour, name of the apprentice in the Cook's Tale, 127/4371, 4387

Pernaso. See Parnassus

Perotheus. See Perithoüs

Perses. See Persians

Perseverance, lack of [Lachesse], the sin of, 649/720; of it come poverty and destruction, 649/722

Persia, country in Asia, 264/3442

Persians, people of Persia, 263/3425; 264/3438

Pertelote. See Partlet

Pertinacity (a defending of follies), one of the twigs of Pride, 619/391; defined, 620/404

Peter Alfonso. See Pedro Alfonso

Peter, name of the Merchant in Shipman's Tale, 174/

Peter, king of Cyprus (1352—1369), story of, in Monk's Tale, 268/3581—88

Peter, Saint, 20/697; 100/3486; 233/2691; 346/446; 373/1332; 388/1819; 550/665; 558/942, 947; 598/142; 609/287; 637/597; 655/783; 669/930; 675/988, 994

Peter the Cruel, of Spain, story of, in Monk's Tale, 268/3565—80

Petrak. See Petrarch

Petrarch, Francis, the Italian poet, 266/3515; 404/31; 439/1147; "in our asshen olde is fyr yreke" (Son. 169), 111/3882

Petro. See Peter, king of Cyprus, and Peter the Cruel of Spain

Phædrus, the Latin fabulist; lib. 1. fab. 14, alluded to, 112/3904

Phanye, daughter of king Crossus; expounds his dream, 280/3941—48

Pharao. See Pharaoh

Pharaoh, king of Egypt in the time of Joseph, 291/4323; 623/443

Phasifpha. See Pasiphae

Phebus. See Phœbus

Phidon, slain at a feast in Athens, his daughters drowned themselves to save their virginity (story from Hieronymus contra Jovinianum), 518/1369—1378

Philipenses, ad. See Philippians

Philip, king of Macedon, father of Alexander the Great, 277/3846

Philippes, gen. sing. See Philip

Philippians, Epistle of St. Paul to the, 637/598

Philistiens. See Philistines

Philistines, a people of the southern sea-coast of Palestine, who warred with the Israelites, 258/3238

Phillis. See Phyllis

Philostrate, the name assumed by Arcite, 42/1428; 45/1558; 50/1728

Phisiologus. See Physiologus

Phiton. See Python

Phitonissa (i. e. Pythoness). See Witch of Endor

Phœbus, a name of Apollo, 279/3935; 280/3943; 580/105, 125, 130; 581/139, 156; 582/196, 200, 203; 583/238; 584/244, 249, 262; the sun, 43/1493; 129/11; 304/37; 470/2220; 480/48; 486/263; 509/1036, 1041, 1055; 510/1065, 1078; 515/1245. See Apollo

Phyllis, daughter of king Sithon of Thrace, enamoured of Demophoon and changed into an almond tree (Ovid's *Heroides*, II.), 131/65

Physiologus de Naturis XII. Animalium of Theobaldus (a popular metrical Latin treatise, in the Middle Ages), alluded to, 295/4461

Picardie, a province of France, 3/86

Pickpurse, portrayed on the wall of the Temple of Mars, 58/1998

Piedmont, a region in North Italy, 404/44

Pierides, the daughters of Pierus, that contended with the Muses, and were changed into magpies (Ovid, Met. V.), 131/92

Piers, Daun, name of the Monk of the Canterbury Pilgrims, 281/3982

Piers Alfonce. See Pedro Alfonso

Pigmalion. See Pygmalion

Pikardye. See Picardie

Pilate, a probable allusion to the character of, in the Mysteries, "in Pilates voys he gan to crie," 89/3124

Pilgrims to Canterbury described, 2—21/43—714

Pillars of Hercules, the Straits of Gibraltar, 260/3308

Pipen in an yuy leef, 53/1838

Piramus. See Pyramus

Pirithous, brother in arms and friend of Theseus, who obtains Arcite's release from prison, 35/1191--1208

Pirrus. See Pyrrhus

Pisa, a city of Italy, 269/3597, 3606; 270/3646

Pisces, sign of the Zodiac, 353/704; 486/273. See Fish

Pity; gentil herte is fulfild of pitee, 150/660; Lo pitee renneth soone in gentil herte, 51/1761; 463/1986; 492/479; largely taken, a remedy against avarice, 657/804—10

Pize. See Pisa

Placebo, vesper hymn for the dead (Ps. exvi. 9), 395/ 2075; used in a general sense of a hymn or song to please, 639/617

Placebo, one of the *complacent* friends of January, in the Merchant's Tale, 449/1476, 1478; 450/1520; 452/1571; 453/1617

Plato, the Greek philosopher, 21/741; 573/1448, 1453, 1456, 1460, 1463; 583/207

Pleyndamour, Sir, Romance of, alluded to, 197/2090

Plowman, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 15, 16/529—41

Pluto, god of the infernal regions, 60/2082; 66/2299; 77/2685; 465/2038; that is Kyng of ffairye, 470/2227; 472/2311; 474/2354; 510/1075

Po, a river in Italy, 404/48

Poilleys, i. e. Apulian; from Apulia, in Italy, celebrated for its horses. "Ther-with so horsly and so quyk of eye As it a gentil Poilleys courser were," 484/195

Polygamy, defended by Wife of Bath, 334/9 et seq.

Pompei. See Pompey

Pompeus. See Pompey

Pompey (Cneius Pompeius), the Great, 136/199; 277/3870; 278/3878, 3883

Poo. See Po

Poperingue, a parish in the Marches of Calais, S. by W. from Ostende, 191/1910

Poperyng'. See Poperingue

Portia (Porcia), the wife of Brutus; her wifely devotion, 520/1448—1450

Possessions, vain without virtue, 498/686, 687

Potiphar's wife, story of Joseph and, 664/880, 881

Poules, gen. s. Paul's. See St. Paul's

Poverty, personified and invoked by the Man of Law, 132/99—112; the evils of, 236, 237/2752—2762; praise of cheerful and honest, 368/1177—1206; in four things, in the world to come, against the riches of this world, 601, 602/192—199

Powles, gen. s. Paul's. See St. Paul's

Praise, popular, sometimes very false and brittle, 626/473

Prayer: Accidie or Sloth, an enemy to, 646/683; defined, 680/1039; its efficacy (St. Jerome quoted), 680/1047; "right as an hauk vp at a sours Vp springeth in-to their [the air], right so prayeres Of charitable and chaste bisy freres Maken hir sours to goddes eres two," 391/1938—1941

PRAYERS, ENTREATIES, IMPRECATIONS, Vows, etc.

Christ: ffor Thesus loue, 106/3717; for Cristes swete tree, 108/3767; for cristes peyne, 117/4084; ffor Cristes saule, 122/4263; for cristes passion, 125/4327; crist that starf for our sauacion So yeue me grace hise heestes to fulfille, 138/283, 284; Ihesu crist be with you alle, 139/318; thanked be cristes grace, 151/686; Now Ihesu Crist that of his myght may sende Ioye after wo, gouerne vs in his grace And kepe vs alle that been in this place, Amen, 166/1160—1162; for the loue of Crist pat for vs dyde, 323/658; for hym that harwed helle, 396/2107; for cristes passion, Gam. 14/477

Devil: the foule feend hym quelle, 551/705; the foule feend hym feeche, 565/1159; the deuel out of his skyn Hym terve (2, 4, 6, torne; 3, 5, turne,) I pray to god, for his falshede, 568/1273, 1274

God: God spede you, 73/2558; God saue swich a lord, 73/2563; God shilde that he deyde sodeynly, 98/3427; for goddes banes, 117/4073; I pray to God so yeue me sorwe and care, 125/4335; god forbede, 125/4339; 207/2248; for the loue of god and of Seint Iohn, 129/18; god hym see, 134/156; I pray to god in honour hire susteene, 134/160; almyghty god thee gyde, 137/245; heryed be goddes grace, 157/872; ffor wynd and weder almyghty God purchace, 157/873; God yeve him meschance, 159/914; Now god, quod he, and hise halwes brighte, So wisly on my saule as haue mercy, 163/1060, 1061; God shilde, 172/1356; god take on me vengeance, 173/1383; al so God me saue, 174/1416; God and seint Austyn spede yow and gyde, 175/14449; god shilde yow fro care, 175/1454; god vs sende Taillynge ynough vn-to oure lyues ende, 180/1624; God shilde his cors fro shonde, 197/2098; for goddes

dignitee, 199/2109; god yelde yow, 219/1772; I vowe to god, 254/3122; I pray to god yeue him confusioun, 254/ 3133; God yeue me sorwe, 254/3140; so god yow blesse, 281/3978; god his soule blesse, 296/4485; god lat him neuere thee, 300/4622; I make anow to goddes digne bones, 324/695; god yow see, 325/715; God saue yow bat boghte agayn mankynde, 326/766; god yeue his soule reste, 348/501; God lete his soule neuere come in helle, 348/504; god his soule blesse, 348/525; God haue hir soule, 349/530; ffor goddes love, 364/1060; 365/1096; God sende hem soone verray pestilence, 370/1264; on goddes name, 371/1276; I pray to god saue thee, and seint loy, 379/1564; And God pat made after his ymage mankynde, saue and gyde vs alle and some, 381/1642, 1643; God saue yow alle, saue this cursed frere, 384/1707; Deus hic, 386/1770; god amende defautes, 388/1810; god be thanked of his loone, 389/1861; Te deum, 389/1866; god yow see, 398/2169; God yelde yow, 398/2177; god lat hym neuere thee, 399/2207; god lete thee neuere thee, 399/2232; god hym saue, 400/2265; I prey to god so yeue his soule reste, 404/30; as god forbede, 407/136; god forbeede, 437/1076; God shilde that it sholde so bifalle, 442/1232; so God yow blesse, 442/1240; ther god his bones corse, 444/1303; god haue yow in his grace, 455/1688; God shilde vs alle from youre aqueyntance, 458/ 1787; God graunte thee thyn hoomly fo tespye, 458/ 1792; ffor goddes loue, 459/1814; 491/464; God be thyn helpe, 460/1874; God blesse vs and his mooder Seinte Marie, 475/2418; god yeue thee good chaunce, 493/679; for thilke god aboue, 517/1321; god yeue thee chance, 548/593; God it amende, 549/551; god yeue it harde grace, 550/665; god forbede, 560/996; 562/1046; god forbede, 562/1064; God kepe vs from his false dissymulynge, 563/1073; for goddes loue, 565/1176; Goddes blessyng and his moodres also And alle halwes have ye, 567/1243, 1244; ffor love of God that for vs alle deyde, 570/1351; God it forbeede, 571/1375; God sende euery trewe man boote of his bale, 574/1481; god yeue thee sorwe, 576/15; on goddes name, 586/318; to do wel god sende yow his grace, 591/74; hanked be goddes sonde, Gam. 13/419; god sende vs gode, Gam. 19/640; haue god my treuthe, Gam. 20/678; haue god my lyfe, Gam. 21/714; So god seue me good rest, Gam. 24/841; God bring vs to be Ioye bat euer shal be, Gam. 26/902

Lord: He that is lord of ffortune be thy steere, 144/448; Lord, wel come be thy lust and thy plesance, My lust I putte al in thyn ordinance, 154/762, 763; lord, ay welcome be thy sonde, 156/826

Mary, the Virgin: cristes mooder blessed be she ay, 160/950; Ave Maria, 183/1698; O seinte Marie, benedicite, 193/1974; a Seinte Marie benedicite, 445/1337; for hir loue pat is of heuene queene, 473/2334; God blesse vs and his mooder Seinte Marie, 475/2418; Goddes blessyng and his moodres also And alle halwe ye, 567/1243, 1244 ELLES, INDEX.

Miscellaneous: Osanne, 150/642; for seinte charitee, 297/4510; 396/2119; for seint charite, 15/513; Grantmerey, 375/1403; 571/1380; Graunt mercy, 388/1812; 437/1088; 565/1156; for seinte Trinitee, 388/1824: Er that he dye, sorwe haue he and shame, 551/709; yuele moot he cheeue, 567/1225; for Cokkes (i.e. Goddes) bones, 576/9; 590/29; foule moote thou falle, 577/40; Now faire yow befalle, 591/68; for be gode rode, Gam. 21/707; euel mote thu the, Gam. 21/720; so mote I wel the, Gam. 24/833

Preaching must be to willing ears, 206/2234

Presumption, one of the twigs of Pride, 619/391; defined, 620/403

Priam, king of Troy; his slaying of Pyrrhus (*Aeneid*, ii. 333, 334, 550—553) alluded to, 298/4547—4549

Priapus, son of Bacchus and Venus, god of gardens, 465/ 2034

Pride, one of the Seven Deadly Sins, 619—626/387—475; its remedy, 626, 627/476—483

Prioress, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 4, 5/118—164

Prioress's Prologue, an invocation to God and the Virgin, to guide her song, 182, 183/1643—1677

Prioress's Tale, of a Christian child killed by the Jews, 183—189/1678—1880

Prioress-Thopas Link; the Prioress's tale finished, the Host addresses Chaucer, alludes to his personal appearance, and asks him to tell a tale of mirth, 190/1881—1901

Procrastination in well-doing, to be avoided, 248/2984, 2985

Prologue, General, to the Canterbury Tales; early spring described, when folk long to go on pilgrimages, 1/1—18; the meeting of the Canterbury pilgrims at the Tabard Inn, in Southwark, 1, 2/19—34; the character, degree, and array of the several pilgrims, described, 2—21/43—714; the poet asks that it be not ascribed to his 'villainy,' if he use language in keeping with his characters, 21/725—742; the supper, 22/747—750; the Host described, 22/751—757; his proposal for the entertainment of the pilgrims on the way to Canterbury and back, 22, 23/758—309; they pray the Host to be their governor, and judge of the tales, 23, 24/810—818; they start next morning, and draw lots at 'the watering of St. Thomas,' 24/822—841; the lot falls to the Knight to tell the first tale, 24/842—858

Prologue of the Monk's Tale, 253—255/3079—3180. See Melibe-Monk Link

Prologue of the Nun's Priest's Tale, 281, 282/3957—4010. See Monk-Nun's-Priest Link

Prologue of the Wife of Bath's Tale, 334—58/1—856. See Wife of Bath's Preamble

Prologue of the Friar's Tale, 371/1265—1300. See Friar's Prologue

Prologue of the Summoner's Tale, 383, 4/1665—1708. See Friar-Summoner Link

Prologue of the Clerk's Tale, 403, 4/1—56. See Clerk's Head-Link

Prologue of the Merchant's Tale, 442/1213—44. See Clerk-Merchant-Link

Prologue of the Squire's Tale, 476/2419—40. See Merchant's End-Link

Prologue of the Franklin's Tale. The Franklin alludes to the ancient Breton lays sung to instruments, "and oon of hem haue I in remembraunce which I shal seyn with good wyl as I kan;" asks to be excused of his rude speech, as he has never learned rhetoric, nor slept on Mount Parnassus, nor learned Cicero, 500/709—28

Prologue of the Canon's Yeoman's Tale, 547—51/554—719. See Nun-Canon's-Yeoman-Link

Prologue of the Manciple's Tale, 576—9/1—104. See Manciple's Head-Link

Prologue of the Pardoner's Tale, 314—17/329—462. See Pardoner's Preamble

Prologue of the Prioress's Tale, an invocation to the Lord and to the Virgin, for help to tell her story, 182, 83/1643—77

Prologue of the Second Nun's Tale; the S. N. discourses of idleness, to put us from which she will tell the glorious life and passion of St. Cecilia; invokes the Virgin to help her, 527—30/1—84

Prologue of the Parson's Tale, 589 — 91/1—74. See Blank-Parson Link

Promise. Sec Biheste

Proserpina (Proserpyne), daughter of Ceres and wife of Pluto, 465/2039; 470/2229; 471/2264

Prosperity, not to be trusted, 256/3187

Protesilaus, leader of the Thessalians against Troy; his wife's devotion alluded to, 520/1445-7

Protheselaus. See Protesilaus

Protholomee. See Ptolemy

Proverbs, Maxims, and Sententious Expressions in general: 15/500; 17/586; 19/652, 658; 21/742; 24/830; 34/1164, 1165; 1169; 35/1182; 44/1521-1524; 44, 45/1532, 1533; 47/1625, 1626; 51/1761; 53/1838; 61/2125; 70/2447-2449; 75/2636; 79/2777, 2778; 2759, 2760; 81/2841; 2847-2849; 87/3041, 3042; 90/3143; 91/3186; 93/3829, 3830; 95/3299, 3300; 97/3381, 3382; 3387; 3392, 3393; 99/3450; 101/3530; 102/3545, 3546; 103/3598; 3611-

3613; 112/3903, 3904; 3912; 114/3961; 3983, 3984; 116/4026, 4027; 4054, 4055; 118/4129, 4130; 119/4134; 120/4181, 4182; 121/4210; 124/4320, 4321; 125/4331; 4333, 4334; 4355; 126/4357; 127/4395; 128/4397, 4398; 4406—4410; 4415—4417; Gam. 18/631; 20/672; 129/27, 28; 130/41; 43, 44; 136/194—196; 143/421—424; 426, 427; 150/660; 152/706; 154/776, 777; 166/1133, 1134; 1135—1138; 186/1766; 205/2220; 2226; 206/2234; 2238; 207/2244; 209/2276; 212/2325; 218/2405; 221/2454; 248/2984, 2985; 254/3146; 289/4242; 293/4395; 294/4424; 305/83-85; 91, 92; 306/101, 102; 311/286; 336/89; 337/102-104; 339/180, 181; 341/269, 270; 343/326, 327; 333, 334; 345/389; 415; 348/522, 523; 352/655-658; 354/732; 366/1128-1132; 367/1170; 368/1183; 383/1674; 392/1968, 1969; 393/1989; 408/157, 158; 430/857; 448/1419, 1420; 451/1538; 463/1986; 465/2055; 467/2115; 484/203; 492/479; 491/277; 778; 549/645, 646; 648, 649; 550/688, 689; 552/746, 747; 558, 559/962-965; 560/995; 572/1410; 1413; 576/5; 583/208; 587/350; 355/66

Pruce. See Prussia

Prudence, the wife of Melibeus, in the Tale told by Chaucer, 201—252/2157—3078, passim; compared, by the Host, with his shrewish wife, 253, 254/3079—3113

Prussia, a country of Europe, 2/53

Ptolemy (Claudius Ptolemæus), the celebrated astronomer and geographer, 339/182; 343/324; 401/2289

Puella, a figure in geomancy, signifying Mars retrograde, 59/2045

Purs is the Ercedekenes helle, 19/658

Pycardie. See Picardie

Pygmalion, an ancient artist who fell in love with a female statue he had made, and to which, at his petition, Venus gave life (Ovid. *Met.* x.), 303/14

Pykardie. See Picardie

Pyramus, the lover of Thisbe, 467/2128

Pyrrhus, son of Achilles, called also Neoptolemus; 139/ 288; his slaying of Priam alluded to, 298/4547

Python, the serpent slain by Apollo, 580/109, 128

Pyze See Pisa

Questio quid juris, 19/646 Qui cum patre, 386/1734; 685/1092

Rachel, the mother in the Prioress's Tale, spoken of as "This newe Rachel," referring to Matt. ii. 18, 187/1817

Radix malorum est Cupiditas, the theme of the Pardoner, 314/334; 316/426

Ralph, used as a general name, 373/1357

Ram, sign of the Zodiac, 1/8; 489/386. See Aries

Ram, the prize in wrestling, 16/548; Gam. 6/172, 184; 9/280

Raphael, the angel, 667/906

Rauf. See Ralph

Razis. See Rhasis

Rebekah (Rebecca, Rebekka, Rebekke), wife of Isaac, the patriarch, 210/2288; 446/1363; 455/1704

Redress; "gif a man in a point be ygreued, in another he sal be releued," 120/4181, 4182

Reeve, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 17, 18/587—622; his words to the drunken Miller, 90/3144—49; "a cherl," 91/3183; "the deuel made a reue for to preche," 112/3903

Reeve's Prologue; the company all make merry over the Miller's Tale, except the Reeve, who takes it as personal, "by-cause he was of carpenteris craft." He could retaliate, but from age was not inclined to speak ribaldry. The Host stops his sermoning about age, and tells him to go on with his story and not take up the time, as they are already near Deptford and Greenwich, and it is half way prime, 111, 112/3855—3920

Reeve's Tale of the Miller of Trumpington and the two Clerks, 113—124/3921—4324

Remedia Amoris, Ovid's, vv. 127, 128, quoted, 201/2167 Reproach. See Chiding

Revel and Truth, "they ben ful wrothe al day," 128/4397, 4398

Rhasis, a Spanish Arab physician of the 10th century, 13/432

Richard I. of England; his death bewailed in Geoffrey de Vinsauf's De Poetria Nova, 297/4537—4539; oaths "by Seint Richere," Gam. 5/137; 6/175; 11/357; 18/619

Richere, St. See Richard I.

Riches, good, when well gotten and well used, 236—241/2743—2837; "som folk wol ben wonnen for richesse And somme for strokes, and somme for gentillesse," 97/3381, 3382

Riot. See Insurrection and Theft

Risus. See Rufus

Robert, Sir, used as a general name of a secular clergyman, 373/1356

Robin, the name of the Miller of the Canterbury Pilgrims, 89/3129

Robin, the Carpenter's boy in the Miller's Tale, 99/3466; 102/3555

Robyn. See Robin

Rochelle (Rochel), a seaport town of France, 321/571

Rochester, a city in Kent; England, on the route of the Canterbury Pilgrims, 254/3116

Rodogone, mirror of wifely chastity, 521/1457

Roger, Archbishop of Pisa (Ruggieri degli Ubaldini), enemy of Ugolino, 269/3606

Roger, the name of the Cook with the Canterbury Pilgrims, 125/4345, 4353, 4356. See Hodge

Roman, n. a native or citizen of Rome, 519/1404; pl. Romans, the Roman people, 139/291; 142/394; 202/2179; 298/4555; 519/1401; 531/121

Roman, adj. pertaining to Rome, 160/954; 267/3526, 3551; 352/642; The Romayn geestes, the Gesta Roman-orum, 472/2284; the olde Romane Geestes, 165/1126

Romance of the Rose, alluded to, 465/2032

Romayn, Romayns. See Roman, Romans

Rome, a city of Italy, 14/465; 19/671; 20/689; 134/142, 145, 156; 139/290, 309; 160/966, 968; 161/974, 991; 166/1148, 1149; 266/3506; 267/3525, 3542; 271/3669; 277/3866, 3867; 278/3879, 3885; 298/4561; 353/673; 426/737; 485/231; 519/1406; 540/361; 560/975

Ronan, St., oaths by, 312/310; 313/320

Ronceval (Roncevaux), the place where Roland and the paladins of Charlemagne were slaughtered by the Saracens, and where a chapel was afterwards built, dedicated to the Virgin, and much resorted to by pilgrims; "a gentil Pardoner of Rounciuale," 19/670

Ronyan, Ronyon, St. See Ronan

Rosarie. See Rosarium Philosophorum

Rosarium Philosophorum, a treatise on alchemy, by Arnauld de Villeneuve, quoted: "Ther may no man Mercurie mortifie," 572/1429

Rose, Romance of the, alluded to, 465/2032

Rouchestre. See Rochester

Rounciuale. See Ronceval

Rubens, a figure in geomancy, signifying Mars direct, 59/2045

Ruce. See Russia

Rufus, a Greek physician of Ephesus, of the age of Trajan, author of several medical treatises, 13/430

Russel, daun, name of the fox, in Nun's Priest's Tale, 297/4524

Russia (Russye), the easternmost country of Europe, 2/54; 479/10

Sacrifice to Diana, description of Emily's, in Knight's Tale, 65—8/2171—2366

Sacrilege, spiritual theft, 656, 7/801—3

St. Denis, a suburb of Paris, 168/1191; 169/1249; 170/ 1257; 176/1498; 177/1516

St. Paul's, church in London, 15/509; With Powles wyndow coruen on his shoos, 95/3318; oath "by Seint Poules belle," 281/3970

Salomon. See Solomon

Saluce, Saluces. See Saluzzo

Saluzzo, a town of Italy, S. of Turin, 404/44; 405/63; 416/414, 420; 427/772, 775; 428/783

Samaritan, the woman of Samaria (John iv.), 334/16, 22

Sampson, Sampsoun. See Samson

Samson, or Sampsoun, 12th Judge of Israel; 320/554; 321/572; 672/955; I [Saturn] slow Sampsoun shakynge the piler, 71/2466; his death fore-written in the stars, 136/201; story of, in Monk's Tale, 257—9/3205—84; never drank wine, 320/555; his locks shorn and eyes put out, 354/721—3

Samuel, the Hebrew prophet, last judge of Israel, 321/585; 378/1510

Sapor I., king of Persia (A.D. 240-271), 266/3510

Sarah, or Sarai, the wife of the patriarch Abraham, 455/1704

Sarra, wife of Abraham. See Sarah

Sarray (anc. Sarai, mod. Tzarev), near Sarepta, "in the land of Tartarye," 479/9; 480/46

Satalye. See Attalia

Satan, the spirit of evil, 107/3750; 141/365; 148/582, 598; 150/634; 185/1748; 256/3195; 378/1526; 382/1655; 383/1686, 1687, 1689; 666/895

Satisfaction, the 3d essential of Penitence, consists most generally in alms and bodily penance, 679—683/1029—80; the fruit of the tree of Penitence, 596/114

Sathan, Sathanas. 'See Satan

Saturday (Saterday), the seventh day of the week, 98/ 3399, 3419; 105/3665

Saturn, the god; 70/2443, 2450, 2453; 76/2668; 77/

2685; the planet of malign influence, 32/1088; 39/1328; enumerates to Venus the effects of his malign influence, 70, 71/2453—2478; a name for lead, 555/828

Saturnus. See Saturn

Sayne. See Seine

Scariot. See Judas Iscariot

Scholar, the true, characterized, 9/308; "the gretteste clerkes been night wisest men," 116/4054

Scipio Africanus, the conqueror of the Carthaginians, 291/4314

Scithero. See Cicero

Scithia. See Scythia.

Scorners, compared to the foul toad, 641/636; partingfellows with the devil, and adversaries of Christ, 641/ 637, 8

Scorning, a wicked sin, 641/635

Scot, the name of the Reeve's horse, 18/616; name of a horse, 378/1543

Scotland (Scotland), country north of England, 152/718

Scots (Scottes), the people of Scotland, 148/580

Scriptural Allusions. See Bible

Scythia, "the regne of ffemenye That whilom was yeleped Scithia, 26/867."

Sea of Greece, the Mediterranean, 144/464

Second Nun's Tale, of St. Cecilia, 530-546/85-553

Secree of the Secretes, Secreta Secretorum, a treatise supposed to contain the sum of Aristotle's instructions to Alexander, 573/1447

Seine, a river in France, 514/1222

Seintes Legende of Cupide, Chaucer's Legende of Goode Women, referred to by the Man of Law, 130/61

Semiramis, the mythical queen of Assyria; the Sultaness of Syria addressed as "Semyrame the Secounde," 141/359

Sempronius Sophus, story of, in Valerius Maximus, vi. 3, of his forsaking his wife, alluded to, 352/647

Semyrame. See Semiramis

Seneca, Lucius Annæus, the Roman philosopher and moralist, 129/25; 202/2174, 2182; 208/2261; 212/2317; 213/2337; 216/2375; 218/2416; 224/2510; 230/2627, 2638, 2640; 231/2645; 232/2678; 235/2721; 247/2965; 251/3049, 3056; 272/3693, 3705; 319/492; 367/1168; 368/1184; 393/2018; 446/1376; 450/1523; 452/1567; 586/345; 598/144, 145; 653/759

Senek, Senekke. See Seneca

Senior. See Senioris Zadith

Senioris Zadith fil. Hamuelis tabula chymica (cont'd in the *Theatrum Chemicum*, Vol. v. p. 219, p. 191, ed. 1660), alluded to, 573/1450

Senses, five. See Five senses

Sententious expressions. See Proverbs

Septe. See Ceuta

Serapion, an Arabian physician, 11th cent., 13/432

Sergeant of Law, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 9, 10/309—30

Servants, the counsel of, to be eschewed, 216/2380; a riotous servant, well got rid of, 128/4409, 10

Seven deadly sins, The (Pride, Envy, Ire or Anger, Accidie or Sloth, Avarice or Covetousness, Gluttony, Lechery), treated of, 619—672/387—957

Sheffield, a city of England, celebrated for its cutlery, 113/3933

Shepherd, a negligent, 306/101, 102

Shipman, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 12/388—410

Shipman's Tale, of Dan John and the Merchant of St. Denis, 168-80/1191-1624

Shipman - Prioress Link; the Host compliments the Shipman, and calls "as curteisly as it had ben a mayde," on the Prioress for a tale, 181/1625—1642

Shrews. See Wicked

Sickness, causeth often to do or say amiss, 502/781-3

Sidyngborne. See Sittingbourne, a town in Kent, 357/847

Significavit, a writ of excommunication, of which it is the initial word, 19/662

Similes. See Comparisons and Similes

Simkin, name of Miller in the Reeve's Tale, 113/3941, 3945, 3947

Simon Magus, of Acts viii. 9—24, who wished to purchase the power of conferring the Holy Spirit, 655/783

Simon, St., oath by, 395/2094

Simon, the Pharisee (Luke vii. 40), 629/504

Simonials (from Simon Magus); "bothe he that selleth and he that beyeth thynges espirituels been cleped Symonyals," 655/784

Simony, "cleped of Simon Magus" (Acts viii. 9—24), 372/1309; 655/783; different kinds of, 655/784—787; St. Damasus quoted, 655/788

Sin; "for to do synne is mannyssh, but certes for to perseuere longe in sinne is werk of the deuel," 221 2454;

"forsaketh synne er synne yow forsake," 311/286; what it is, according to St. Augustine, 672/959; sins, whence they spring (St. Paul quoted), 612/322; came thro' Adam, 612/323; all are born sons of wrath and damnation, unless rescued by baptism, 613/335; how they grow (Moses quoted), 615, 616/350—357; venial and deadly, defined, 616/358—367; deadly, defined by St. Augustine, 617/368; divers small sins specified, on the authority of St. Augustine, 617, 618/371—381; no man can eschew all venial sins, but they can be restrained, by love to Christ, prayer, confession, good works, receiving the sacrament, holy water, almsdeed, etc., 618/382—386; the Seven Deadly Sins, their dependencies and species, and their remedies, 619—672/387—957; circumstances that aggravate sins, 672/960—978

Sinai, the mount from which the law was delivered to Moses, 390/1887

Sinon, the treacherous Greek who induced the Trojans to receive the wooden horse into their city, 484/209; apostrophised as type of treachery, 294/4418

Sirach, Jesus, son of. See Jesus

Sisera, probable allusion to the death of (Judges iv.), 58/ 2007

Sittingbourne, a town in Kent, between Rochester and Canterbury, on the route of the Pilgrims, 357/847

Sleep, the nurse of digestion, 488/347

Sleeping long, a nurse to lechery, 671/952

Sloth, one of the seven deadly sins. See Accidie and Idleness

Smiler, the (one who hides cruel purposes under a cloak of good will), portrayed on the wall of the temple of Mars, 58/1999

Smylere. See Smiler

Socrates, the Athenian philosopher, 136/201; 354/728

Sol, the sun; a name for gold, 558/826; 573/1440

Soler halle, the, at Cantebregge, supposed to be Clare Hall, at Cambridge (See Tyrwhitt's n. on v. 3988), 115/3990

Solomon, king of Israel, son and successor of David, 56/
1942; 101/3529; 125/4330; 132/113; 203/2187, 2193;
206/2237; 207/2247; 209/2266, 2268; 210/2277; 211/
2303; 214/2348, 2357; 215/2361, 2363, 2368; 216/2376,
2384; 223/2507; 229/2606; 232/2675; 235/2729, 2732;
236/2740; 237/2761, 2762; 238/2779, 2780; 240/2818,
2828; 242/2854, 2861; 243/2886; 244/2894, 2897, 2899,
2909; 245/2929; 246/2944; 335/35; 353/679; 403/6;
449/1483, 1487; 470/2242; 471/2277; 472/2292; 586/
314, 344; characterized, 472/2292—2302; 596/119; 597/
127; 599/155, 168; 604/227, 229; 634/566, 568; 639/613;

 $640/629\;;\;641/631,\;633\;;\;642/649\;;\;645/679\;;\;646/688\;;\;648/709\;;\;662/854\;;\;672/955\;;$  alluded to as having skill in magic,  $485/250\;;$  the name used metaphorically for a wise man, 558/961

Somnolence ("sloggy slombrynge, which maketh a man be heuy and dul in body and in soule"), the sin of, and its remedy (Prov. viii. 17, quoted), 648/706—9

Somnorer. See Summoner

Somonour, Sompnour. See Summoner

Sonday. See Sunday

"Sooth play, quaad pley," as the flemyng seith, 126/4357

Sophie, daughter of Melibeus and his wife Prudence, in the Tale of Melibeus, 201—52/2157—3078

Sorrow, worldly, the sin of. See Worldly Sorrow

Sorrowful heart makes the bones dry, 203/2185

Southwark, a part of London south of the Thames, 1/20; 21/718; the ale of, 89/3140

Southwerk. See Southwark

Sovereignty, why ordained by God, 654/744

Sowdan of Surrye. See Sultan

Spain (Spaigne, Spayne), a country of Europe, 12/409; 268/3565; 321/565, 570

"Spoon, a ful long, bihoueth hire that shal ete with a feend," 495/602, 603

Spring, early, described, 1/1—11

Squire, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 3, 4/79—100

Squire's Head-Link; the Host calls on the Squire to say somewhat of love, who replies that he will say as he can, 478/r-8

Squire's Prologue, 476/2419—40. See Merchant's End-Link

Squire's Tale of Cambynskan, the Tartar king, and of the wondrous horse of brass, and the magic mirror and ring, 479—497/9—672

Squire-Franklin Link; the Franklin compliments the Squire, and praises "gentillesse"; the Host orders him to tell on his tale without more words, 498, 9/673—708

Stars, every man's death written in the, 136/194-6

Statius, Publius Papinius, the Thebaïd of, referred to, 66/

Steed of brass, described, 482/115—131

Stewardships, oppressive, come of covetousness, 652/753.

Stilbon, "a wys embassadour . . . sent to Corynthe . . .

ffro Lacidomye to maken hire Alliaunce [John of Salisbury calls him *Chilon*. Polycrat. lib. 1. c. 5. Chilon Lacedæmonius, jugendæ societatis causâ missus Corinthum," etc. *Tyrwhitt*], 322/603

Stratford-atte-Bowe, 4/125; Stratford at Bow in Essex, north-east of London

Straw, Jack, an insurgent in Wat Tyler's insurrection, 299/4584

Strike while the iron is hot, 205/2226

Strother, "the valley of Langstroth, or Langstroth-dale, in the West Riding of Yorkshire," 115/4014

Stymphalides, a maiden loved by Aristoclides, 519/1388

Suetonius Tranquillus, Caius, Roman biographer, author of the lives of the first twelve Cæsars, 271/3655; 279/3910

Suffer, learn to, 502/777

Suicide, The, portrayed on the wall of the Temple of Mars, 58/2005, 6

Sulpitius Gallus, Caius or Cnæus. See Gallus

Sultan of Syria, 135/177, 186; 136/204; 137/239; 140/323; 141/354, 375, 382; 142/388, 395, 407; 143/436

Sultaness of Syria, 141/358, 372; 142/405; 143/414, 432; 160/958

Summoner, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 18, 19/623—68; his brush with the Friar, 357/832—49

Summoner, a, characterized by the Friar, 371/1283—85; the Summoner of the Friar's Tale, 372—382/1321—1664

Summoner, a satire on the, Friar's Tale, 372—82/1301—1664

Summoner's Prologue, 383, 4/1665—1708. See Friar-Summoner-Link

Summoner's Tale, on the hypocritical rapacity of friars, and how a sick man bestowed a remarkable gift on a friar, to be equally distributed among the brethren of his convent, 385—401/1709—2294

Sunday, first day of the week, 63/2188, 2209; 98/3422; 176/1497

Surrien, Surryen. See Syrian

Surrye. See Syria

Surryens. See Syrians

Susanna (Susanne), wife of Joacim, accused of adultery, by the Elders (Apocryphal 'History of Susanna'), 150/ 639; 656/797

Swearing, condemned, 322, 3/629—59; an offspring of ire or anger, 636/587; Exod. xx. 7, and Matt. v. 34,

quoted, 636/583; various kinds of, lawful and unlawful, 636-8/587-604

Swelling of heart (rejoicing in harm done), one of the twigs of Pride, 619/391; defined, 620/398

Sweton. See Suetonius

Swetonius. See Suetonius

Sword which a knight receives, when dubbed, significance of the, 653/767

Symkyn. See Simkin

Symon, St. See Simon

Symond. See Simkin

Symonyals. See Simonials

Symonye. See Simony

Symplicius Gallus. See Gallus, Caius or Cnæus Sulpitius

Synay. See Sinai

Synon. See Sinon

Syrak'. See Jesus, son of Sirach

Syria, a country of Asia, 134/134; 135/173, 177; 138/279; 142/387; 143/441; 160/955; 165/1108

Syrian, a native of Syria, 134/153; 143/435; 267/3529; Syrians, 142/394; 160/963

Syrian merchants described, 134/134-40

Tabard, the hostelry where the Canterbury Pilgrims assemble, in Southwark, 1/20; 21/719

Tables Tolletanes (Tabulæ Toletanæ), the Alfonsine Tables
—astronomical tables prepared by order of Alfonso X. of
Castile and Leon, and published in 1252; first printed in
1483; so called from their being adapted to the city of
Toledo; 516/1273

Talbot, name of a dog, 298/4573

Tale, the denouement of a, should not be too long delayed, 490/401—5

Tarquinius, Sextus (son of Tarquinius Superbus, the last King of Rome), the ravisher of Lucretia, 519/1407

Tarrying (tarditas) before turning to God, the sin of, 649/718; comes of an often false hope of long life, 649/719

Tars, cloth of; Tartarian cloth? 62/2160. See Dante's Inf., c. xvii. 17; and note thereon in Longfellow's Dante.

Tartar, adj., of Tartary, 486/266

Tartary, a country of Asia, 479/9

Tartarye. See Tartary

Tartre. See Tartar

Taurus, Sign of the Zodiac, 293/4384; 351/613; 461/1887

Tawr. See Taurus

Telephus, king of Mysia, who opposed the march of the Greeks towards Troy; was wounded by the spear of Achilles and afterwards cured by the rust therefrom, 485/238-40

Temple of Diana, representations on the walls of the, 59, 60/2051-88

Temple of Mars, described, 57/1981 — 94; symbolic representations on the wall of the, 57—9/1970—2040

Temptation, the story of the, 612, 13/325-30

Tercelet. See Tiercelet

Termagaunt, the name given in the old romances to the god of the Saracens; represented in the Miracle Plays and Moralities as a most violent character; oath by, 194/2000

Tertulan. See Tertullian

Tertullian (Quintus Septimius Florens Tertullianus), his De Pallio alluded to, 353/676

Tesbee. See Thisbe.

Teuta, the martial queen of the Illyrians, mirror of wifly chastity, 521/1453, 4

Thales, the Greek philosopher, allusion to the story told by Plato, of his falling into a ditch while star-gazing, 99/3457—60

Theatre, description of the, built by Theseus, 54, 5/1885 et seq.

Thebaïd of Statius, referred to, 66/2294

Theban, native of Thebes, 81/2829; 82/2882; of Thebes, 520/1432, 1434; Thebane knyghtes, 72/2515, 2526; Thebans, 54/1877; 73/2570; 75/2623; 85/2974

Thebes, city of ancient Greece, 28/933; 29/967, 983; 30/1002, 1019; 37/1283; 39/1331; 40/1355, 1383; 52/1793; 54/1880; 66/2294; 76/2658; 136/200; 139/289; 354/741; 355/746; 456/1721; 580/116

Theft, comes of Avarice, 656/795; of two kinds, bodily and spiritual, 656, 7/798—803

Theft and Riot, convertible terms, 127/4395

Thelophus. See Telephus

Theobaldus, his *Physiologus de naturis* XII. *animalium* alluded to, 295/4461 (See Wright's Reliq. Antiq., v. i. p. 208)

Theodomas, some famous trumpeter, in some Romantic history, perhaps, of Thebes, 456/1720

Theodora (Theodera), won to wife by Algarsif, son of Cambynskan, in Squire's Tale, 497/664

Theofraste. See Theophrastus

Theophrastus, author of Liber aureolus de nuptiis, quoted by Jerome in his work Contra Jovinianum; 352/671; 444/1294, 5; 445/1310

Theseus, son of Ægeus, and king of Athens, slayer of the Minotaur, in Crete, and conqueror of the Amazous, 26—88/859—3108, passim; description of his banner, 29/975—80; his love of hunting, 48, 9/1673—82

Thessalie. See Thessaly

Thessaly, country of ancient Greece, 277/3869

Thief; "ther is no theef with-oute a lowke that helpeth hym to wasten and to sowke," 128/4415, 4416

Thief of venison, A, can keep a forest best of any man, 305/83—85; "a trewe wight and a theef thenken nat oon," 494/537

Thimotheum, ad, the Epistle of St. Paul to Timothy, 651/739

Thisbe, the mistress of Pyramus, 130/63; 467/2128

Thobie. See Tobit

Thomas, Daun, name by which the Host addresses the Monk (his name is Piers), 254/3120

Thomas, name of the Master of the house where the Limitour visits, in Summoner's Tale, 386/1770, 1772; 388/1815, 1832; 391/1918, 1942; 392/1954, 1966, 1985; 393/1992, 2000; 395/2089; 396/2107, 2112, 2119

Thomas, St., oaths by, 98/3425; 99/3461 (which St. Thomas is uncertain)

Thomas, St., of Ind, 352/666; 392/1980; 442/1230. See Mrs. Jameson's Sacred and Legendary Art

Thomas, St., of Kent, oath by, 95/3291

Thomas, St., the watering of. See Watering of St. Thomas, a rill about 2 miles from the Tabard

Thopas, Sir, The Rime of, a burlesque on the popular metrical romances of chivalry, 191—8/1902—2108

Thopas-Melibe Link; Chaucer, stopt by the Host, in his tale of Sir Thopas, for his "drasty rymyng," offers to tell "a litel thyng in prose," 199, 200/2109—56

Thrace, a country east of Macedonia; the regne of Trace, 47/1638; "the grete temple of Mars in Trace," 57/1972; Mars addréssed as its tutelary deity, 68/2374

Thraldom, comes first by sin, 652/757; name of, not known till Noah (Gen. ix. 25), 653/766

Thralls are God's people, 653/760

Thunder; "er pat thonder stynte, comth a reyn," 354/732

Thymalao (MSS. 3, 6, Thimalao; MS. 5, Tymalao), son of queen Zenobia, 267/3535. (In Boccaccio the name is Timolaus)

Thymothee. See Timotheus

Thymothee. See Timothy, St.

Tiber, river in Italy, 271/3666

Tiburce, Tiburces. See Tiburtius

Tiburtius, brother of St. Cecilia's husband, Valerian, in Second Nun's Tale, 535/242; 536/260, 265; 537/277, 289; 538/302, 307; 539/333, 348, 349, 354; 541/408

Tiercelet, the false, that loves the falcon, in the Squire's Tale, 493/504 et seq.

Time lost, cannot be recovered, 129/20-28

Timotheus, a general of King Antiochus (2 Maccabees, c. ix.), 275/3781

Timothy, St., Bishop of Ephesus, disciple of St. Paul, 590/32; 651/739

Titanos, Titan, a name for magnesia, 573/1454

Titus Livius, the Roman historian. See Livius Patavinus, Titus.

Tobias, son of Tobit, the writer of the apocryphal book of Tobit, 211/2307

Tobie. See Tobias

Tobit, the writer of the apocryphal book so called, 211/2307; 667/906

Tolletanes (MSS. 3 — 6, colletanes). See Tables Tolletanes

Tongue, to be guarded, 586, 7/315—62; "he pat hath mysseid . . . may by no way clepe his word agayn; thing that is seyed is seyd, and forth it gooth," etc., 587/353—355

Tournament, preparations for a, 71, 2/2491—2522; described, 74—6/2599—2651

Tower (of London), alluded to as the mint where the noble was coined, 94/3256

Trace. See Thrace

Tragedy, defined by the Monk, 255/3163 - 72; the theme of tragedies, 280/3951-6

Tramyssene (MSS. 1, 2; MSS. 3—6, Tramessene), a Moorish kingdom (or city?) in Africa, 2/62

Treachery, portrayed on the wall of the temple of Mars, "The tresoun of the mordrynge in the bedde," 58/2001

Trentals, thirty masses for souls in purgatory; their efficacy, according to a friar, 385/1724—1731

Tribulation in marriage, 339/173-83

Trinity, or the three persons of the godhead, explained by Saint Cecilia, 539/338—341

Troie. See Troy

Troilus, son of Priam, lover of Cressida, 494/548

Troilus and Cressida, Chaucer's, alluded to, 684/1086

Tropheus ('Ille vates Chaldeorum Tropheus' — Marg. note, Ellesmere and Hengwrt MSS.); "At bothe the worldes endes, seith Trophee, In stide of boundes he [Hercules] a pileer sette," 260/3307, 8

Trophee. See Trophæus

Trotula ("I know of no Trotula but one, whose book Curandarum Egritudinum Muliebrium ante, in, et post partum, is printed int. Medicos Antiquos, Ven. 1547."

Tyrwhitt.), alluded to, 353/677

Troy, the famous city besieged and destroyed by the Greeks, 81/2833; 139/288; 294/4419; 484/210; 487/306; 494/548; 520/1446; 560/975. See Ilion

Troye. See Troy

Trumpington, a parish of England, co. of Cambridge, 113/3921

Trumpyngton. See Trumpington

Truth of things, rather found in few folk that are wise than by great multitude of folk, 208/2259

Tullius. Sec Cicero

Tullius Hostilius, third king of Rome, 367/1166

Turkey (Turkye), an empire in Asia, comprising Asia Minor and adjacent countries, 3/66

Turnus, a king of the Rutuli, the rival of Æneas, by whom he was slain (Virgil's Æneid, lib. vii—xii), 56/1945; 136/201

Tybre. See Tiber

Tyburce. See Tiburtius

Tyrant, The, portrayed on the wall of the Temple of Mars, 58/2015

Tzarev. See Sarry

Ugolino, count of Pisa, story of, in Monk's Tale, from Dante's Inf. c. xxxiii; 269, 70/3597—3652

Undevotion, or languor of soul, the sin of, 649/723

Vnhardy is vnseely, 121/4210

Unity, a sovereign thing, 242/2868; "ech thyng that is oned in it selue Is moore strong than whan it is to scatered," 392/1968, 69

Urban I. (St.), Bishop of Rome, succeeded Calixtus, A.D. 222, martyred A.D. 230; 533/177, 179, 185, 189; 534/217; 538/305, 306, 309; 539/350; 546/541, 551

Valentine, St., a bishop or presbyter, beheaded A.D. 270, during the Claudian persecution at Rome; seint Valentynes day, 684/1086

Vain-glory, one of the twigs of Pride, 619/391; defined, 620/405

Valeria, daughter of the emperor Dioclesian? alluded to as a mirror of wifly chastity, 521/1456

Valerian, the husband of St. Cecilia, in Second Nun's Tale, 531/129; 532/148; 533/162; 534/203, 204, 213; 535/218, 224, 232, 235; 536/253, 266; 538/306; 539/350; 541/408

Valerie, Valerius. See Epistola Valerii

Valerius Maximus, author of De Factis Dictisque Memorabilibus Libri IX.; stories in, alluded to, 279/3910; 347/460—2; 352/643—6; 367/1165

Vengeance, the opinions of Melibeus and his wife concerning, 234-6/2711-40

Venice, a city of Italy, 404/51

Venus, the goddess of love and beauty, 32/1102, 1104; 39/1332; 55/1904; 56/1937; 64/2216; 65/2265; 68/2386; 70/2440; 71/2487; 74/2585; 76/2663; 255/3151; 297/4532; 351/604, 611, 618; 353/708; 456/1723; 458/1777; 463/1971; 486/272; 506/937; 516/1304; symbolic representations on the wall of the temple of, 55, 6/1918-46; description of the statue of, in her temple, 56, 7/1957-66; Palamon's invocation to, 64, 5/2221-60; identified with Saxon goddess Friga, and alluded to as changeable and unlucky, 45/1536; meton., carnal intercourse, 347/464; carnal desire, 460/1875; love, 304/59; the planet, 353/697, 700, 704, 705; a name for copper, 555/829

Venyse. See Venice

Vernage, a sweet Italian wine (de agro Veronensi), 170/ 1261; 458/1807

Vesulus, Mount. See Monte Viso

Via Appia, the most celebrated of the ancient Roman roads, 533/172

Vinsauf, Geoffrey de. See Geoffrey de Vinsauf

Virgil (Publius Virgilius Maro), the Roman poet, 378/

Virgin, invocations to the, 182, 3/1657-77; 528-30/29-84. See Mary, the Virgin

Virginia, a beautiful Roman virgin whom her father slew to save from dishonour; subject of Doctor's Tale, 303— 11/1—286

Virginity, the Wife of Bath's opinion of, 336/62 et seq.

Virginius, Lucius, a Roman centurion, father of Virginia, whom he slew to save from the designs of the decemvir Appius Claudius, 303/2; 307/167; 308/175, 180, 191, 197, 203; 310/272

Virtue of necessity, 87/3042; 495/593

Visconti, Barnabo, Duke of Milan, story of, in Monk's Tale, 269/3589—96

Viscounte, Barnabo. See Visconti

Vitellio (or Vitello), Polish mathematician, 13th cent., author of *Perspectivæ libri X.*, Nuremburg, 1533; 485/232

Vitulon. See Vitellio

Voragine. See Jacobus de V.

Vulcanus, the god of fire and the forge; alluded to as the husband of Venus, 64/2222; 68/2389

Wades boot, 448/1424; Wade, according to the Edd., is the name of a hero of the northern mythology; but see *Notes and Queries*, 2nd S., Vol. V., p. 512, where 'Wades boot' is explained as "damages paid for breach of promise," A. S. 'wed,' pledge, contract, and bôt, compensation, reparation

Wales, a country west of England; "To Walys fledde the Cristyanytee Of olde Britons," 147/544

Walter, lord of Saluzzo, husband of Griselda, 405/77; 416/421; 422/612; 423/631; 426/722; 434/986; 436/1044; 438/1107, 1111

Walys. See Wales

Wanhope, or despair of God's mercy, and its remedy (St. Augustine, Luke xv. 7, 22, xxiii. 42, 43, quoted), 647, 8/693—705; 682, 3/1070—1075

War, portrayed on the wall of the temple of Mars, 58/2002; its cost and consequences should be considered, before it is engaged in, 206/2228—32; great harms and perils in, 245/2920; an offspring of Ire, 634/563

Ware, a town in England, 20/692; 125/4336

Watching, an essential of bodily penance (Matt. xxvi. 41, quoted), 680/1048

Watering of St. Thomas, The, a rill about two miles from the Tabard, where the Pilgrims halt and draw lots as to which shall tell the first tale, 24/826

Wealth, vain without virtue, 498/686, 7

Wed; "Men sholde wedden after hire estaat, ffor youthe and elde is often at debaat," 93/3829, 30

Wedlock, a Paradise in this world, 443/1264; apostrophized as to its blessedness, 446/1347—57; disparity in years should be avoided in, 93/3829, 30

Weeping, moderate, should be allowed to one in grief, 202/2178; excessive, to be condemned, 202/2180

Westlumbardye. See Lombardy

Wicked: "vn-to shrewes ioye it is and ese to have hir felawes in peyne and disese," 552/746, 747; "of enery ordre som shrewe is pardee," 560/995

Widow, a poor, described, 283/4011-36

Wife, a young, described, 93, 94/3233—3270; if the wife have mastery, she is contrarious to her husband, 207/2249; never give wife, child, nor friend, power over thyself (Ecclus. xxxiii. 20), 207/2250; a chiding, angry wife, 355/356/775—781; a good wife should not be watched, 581/148, 149; to take a wife, a glorious thing, 443/1268 et seq.; a wife, God's gift, and a great blessing to man, 445, 446/1311—1357; wife of the Host, described, 253, 254/3085—3112; 476/2426—2440; wife of the Merchant, described, 442/218—239; wife of Bath, description of, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 13, 14/445—476; how a wife should be subject to her husband, 669, 670/930—938

Wife of Bath's Preamble; gives her views of marriage and virginity, and relates her own marriage experiences, etc., 334-358/1-856

Wife of Bath's Tale; a knight of King Arthur, for an indignity done to a maid, is granted his life by the queen, if he can learn within a twelvemonth and a day, "what thyng is it that wommen moost desiren," 359—370/857—1264; "for the wynes loue of Bathe," 440/1170; her opinion of marriage alluded to and endorsed, 455/1685—1687

Wife-Friar Link, 371/1265—1300. See Friar's Prologue

Wives, men should not tell secrets to their, 259/3282—4; advice to, as to the stand they should take towards their husbands, 440, 41/1177—1212; good, alluded to (Rebekah, Judith, Abigail, Esther), 446/1362—74

Wilkyn, dim. of Will, name of a sheep, 346/432

William, the Conqueror, 10/324

Wine, lechery in, 318/484; a lecherous thing, 320/549; causes loss of mind and limbs, 394/2054, 55; causes to do or say amiss, 502/783

Wisdom; "of alle men his wysdom is the hyeste that rekketh neuere who hath the world in hande," 343/326. 327

Wise man, excessive grief does not become a, 202/2171 et seq.; "sende the wise and sey no thyng," 103/3598

Witch of Endor, the story of the, in 1 Sam. xxviii. alluded to, 378/1510

Witness, false, comes of Avarice, 656/795; in what it consists, 656/796, 797

Woe, invoked as ever the successor of worldly bliss, 143/421-424, 426, 427; causeth often to do or say amiss, 502/782; "ioye after wo, and wo after gladnesse," 81/2841

Woman, mankind lost through, 156/842, 3: man's joy and all his bliss, the cock's translation of Mulier est hominis confusio, in Nun's Priest's Tale, 292/4356; the bad consequences of woman's counsels, 295/4446—56; a wise woman will strive to get love, 340/209, 10; man more reasonable than woman, 346/441; the loss of all mankind, 354/720; a chiding woman, 355/776, 7; the cruelty of an angry woman, 393/2001—3; has more humility and fidelity than man, 435/936—8; must needs speak, or swell till her heart break, 472/2305, 6; woman taken in adultery (John viii. 3), comment on the story of the, 205/2223

Women, their sorrows from the loss of husbands, 80, 81/2822—26; born to be under man's governance, 138/286, 7; naturally desire six things in regard to their husbands, 173/1363—67; as counsellors, and dame Prudence's defence of, 207—11/2245—2301; what they desire, 285/4103—7; Paul's instruction as to the apparel of, 343/342—5; the nature of their love, 344/371—8; natural gifts of, 345/401, 2; Wife of Bath's opinion of, 345/414; their contrariness, 348/515—24; what they most love, 361/925—48; desire sovereignty, 364/1038—41; their sleights and subtleties, 476/2421—25; naturally desire liberty, 501/768; examples of virtuous and chaste women, 518—21/1368—1456

Won, How some folks are, 97/3381, 3382

Wonder, the result of ignorance, 486/258—60

Woodnesse. See Madness

Words, "The wordes moote be cosyn to the dede," 21/742; "The word moot nede accorde with the dede," 583/203

World, what is this? 79/2777; but a thoroughfare full of wo, 81/2847

Worldly joy cannot last, 465/2055; 166/1133, 34

Worldly sorrow, the sin of (2 Cor. vii. 10, quoted), 649/725; worketh the death of soul and body, 649/726, 7

Wrongs, should be wreaked while they are fresh (strike while the iron's hot), advice of the young folk to Melibeus, 205/2226; "on euery wrong a man may nat be wreken," 502/784

Xanthippe, wife of Socrates; his patient submission to her indignities, 354/727—32

Xantippa. See Xanthippe

Yeoman, description of the, among the Canterbury Pilgrims, 4/101—117

Yeoman, a, described, 374/1380-83

Yeoman attending the Canon who joins the Pilgrims on their way; his speeches to them, 548/587—93; 599—614,

617; 549/618-626, 640-651: 550/657-62, 665-83; 551/703-19; his Preamble, 552-59/720-971; see Canon's Yeoman's Preamble; his Tale, 560-71/972-1481; see Canon's Yeoman's Tale

Ylion. See Ilion

Ynde. See Ind, India

Yorkshire, a county of England, 385/1709

Young people, the counsel of, to be eschewed, 217/2389

Youthe and elde is often at debaat, 93/3830

Ypermystra. See Hypermnestra

Ypocras. See Hippocras and Hippocrates

Ypolita. See Hippolyta

Ypotis, Ypotys, Biblical Romance of, alluded to, 197/2088

Ypres, a town in Belgium, noted for its cloth-making, 13/

Ysaak. See Isaac

Ysaye. See Isaiah

Ysidre, Seint. See Isidore of Seville

Ytaille. See Italy

Ymeneus. See Hymen

Yue, Yve, Seint. See Ive

Zakarie. See Zechariah

Zanzis (MSS. 3, 6, 3epherus; 4, 3ephirus; 5 Zephirus). See Zeuxis

Zechariah, the Hebrew Prophet, 623/434

Zenobia, queen of Palmyra; story of, in Monk's Tale, 264—268/3437—3564

Zeuxis, the Greek painter, of Heraclea (B.C. 424—400), 303/16

Zodiac, signs of the. See Aries and Ram, Taurus, Gemini, Cancer, Leo and Lion, Capricorn, Pisces and Fish, Libra.

## ADDITION TO THE INDEX.

Penitence, A Treatise on; the Parson's Tale, 592-685/ 75-1092; a full noble way to Christ, 593/80; defined by St. Ambrose, 594/84; by a certain doctor, 594/85; by the parson, 594/86; three actions of penitence, 1. baptism after sin, 594/96; 2. not to do deadly sin after baptism, 595/99; 3. not to fall into venial sins after baptism, 595/100; three species of penitence, 1. solemn (to be put out of Holy Church in Lent, or to do open penance), 2. common (to go naked on pilgrimages, or barefoot), 3. private (what men do for private sins for which they shrive them privily), 595/102-6; three essentials of penitence, contrition of heart, confession of mouth, and satisfaction, 595/108; penitence likened to a tree, 596/112; of which contrition is the root, from which springeth a stalk that beareth branches and leaves of confession, and fruit of satisfaction, 596/113, 14; penitence the tree of life, 596/127; four things to be understood about contrition, 1. what it is, 2. the causes that move a man thereto, 3. how to be contrite, 4. what it availeth to the soul, 597/128; the six causes that ought to move a man to contrition, 1. remembrance of sin; 2. whoso sins, is the thrall of sin; 3. dread of the day of doom, and the pains of hell, which are described; 4. the sorrowful remembrance of the good left undone, and the loss of the good works done ere falling into sin or while in sin; 5. remembrance of Christ's suffer ings for our sins (St. Bernard, et al., quoted); 6. the hope of three things: forgiveness of sin, the gift of grace to do well, and the glory of heaven, 597-609/133-291; a man's contrition must be universal and total: for sins of thought, for whatever he hath desired against the law of God, for his wicked words as well as for his wicked deeds (St. Augustine quoted), 610-611/292-307; wherein availeth contrition: it sometimes delivereth a man from sin, destroyeth the prison of hell, cleanseth the soul, maketh him that was son of wrath to be son of grace, 611-612/308— 315; confession, the second essential of penitence; defined, 612/318—320; whence sins spring (St. Paul quoted), 612/ 322; sin came through Adam, 612/323; the story of the temptation, 612-13/325-330; all are born sons of wrath, and damnation everlasting, unless rescued by baptism, 613/ 335; concupiscence, the nourishing and occasion of sin, 614/338; St. Paul quoted; his own temptation, 614/342-4; St. Jerome's temptation, 614-15/345, 6; St. James the Apostle and St. John the Evangelist quoted, 615/348, 9; how sins grow (Moses quoted), 615-16/350-7; the two kinds of sin, venial and deadly, defined; venial sins give rise to deadly ones; "manye smale maken a greet;" a ship may be sunk by small drops of water entering through a little crevice, as well as by great waves; 616/358-367; deadly sin defined by St. Augustine, 617/368; divers small sins specified, on the authority of St. Augustine, 617, 18/371— 381: no earthly man can eschew all venial sins; but they can be restrained, by love to Christ, by prayers, confession, good works, receiving the sacrament, holy water, almsdeed, etc., 618/382-6; the seven deadly sins, and their dependencies and species: Pride, 619-626/387-475; its remedy, 626-7/476—483; Envy, 627—630/484—574; its remedy, 630-31/515—531; Ire or Anger, 631—643/533—653; its remedy, 643—5/654—676; Accidie or Sloth, 645—9/677— 727; its remedy, 650-51/728-738; Avarice, or Covetousness, 651-657/739-803; its remedy, 657-58/804-817; Gluttony, 658-59/818—830; its remedy, 660/831—5; Lechery, 660—8/836—914; its remedy, 668—672/915— 956

Pride, its twigs: Disobedience, Boasting, Hypocrisy, Despite, Arrogance, Impudence, Swelling of Heart (rejoicing in harm done), Insolence, Elation, Impatience, Contumacy, Presumption, Irreverence, Pertinacity (a defending of follies), Vain-glory, Jangling (speaking too much before folk, clacking as a mill, and accounting not what others say), etc., 619-20/390—406, other private kinds of pride, 620/407, 8; two manners of pride: one within the heart, the other without, and the sign of the other, "as the gaye leefsel atte Tauerne is signe of the wyn that is in the Celer," 620-21/409-411; outside pride; shown in speech and countenance, in superfluous and expensive clothing (St. Gregory quoted), 621—22/412·421; in disgraceful scantiness of clothing, 622/422—429; in the outrageous array of women, 622/430; in horses, grooms, curious harness, saddles, etc. (Zechariah x. 5 quoted), 622-23/432-6; in maintaining a great household, 623/437-441; in table, not inviting the poor, in excess of meats and drinks, in great costliness of service, in minstrelsy, 624/444—447; the sources of pride: goods of nature, of fortune, of grace, 624/450-55; the folly of such pride, 625/457-463; the general signs of gentleness (Seneca quoted; bees choose for their king one that hath no sting), 625/464—469; popular praise sometimes very false and brittle, 626/473; Remedy against Pride: humility or meekness, 1. of heart, 2. of mouth, 3. of works, 626-27/ 476-483

Envy, defined by the Philosopher and St. Augustine,

627/484; comes from malice, 627/485; two kinds of malice: 1. hardness of heart, 2. opposition to known truth, 627/486, 7; two kinds of envy: 1. sorrow of other man's goodness and prosperity, 2. joy of other man's harm, 628/491, 2: whence comes backbiting or detraction (five kinds), 628/493—8; then grudging or murmuring, against God and man, 628, 9/499—501; grudging from avarice (Judas Iscariot cited as example), murmuring from pride, envy, 629/502-5; murmuring among servants, 629/ 506-8; grudging from ire or privy hate, 629/509; then come bitterness of heart, discord, scorning, accusing, malignity, 629-30/510—14. Remedy against Envy: 1. love of God and neighbour, 630/515, 16; how a man shall love his neighbour, 630/517--21; how in neighbour is included one's enemy, 630-31/521-23; how a man shall do three deeds of love against three deeds of hate (Matt. v. 44 quoted), 631/524-6; love, the medicine that casts

out the venom of envy from man's heart, 631/531

Anger, or Ire, 631—43/533—653; the sin defined by St. Augustine; by the Philosopher; 632/535-6; is of two kinds: good and wicked, 632/538; good, when directed against wrong-doing (Ps. iv. 5 quoted), 632/539, 40; wicked ire, of two kinds: sudden, without consent of reason (venial sin, 632/541, 2; and premeditated (deadly sin, and the devil's furnace), 632/543-6; three shrews that forge in this furnace: Pride, Envy, and Contumely, 633/554-6; the offsprings of ire: hate, war, and wrong, and manslaughter spiritual and bodily, 634/562-4; six kinds of spiritual manslaughter (but three given), 1. by hate (1 John iii. 15 quoted), 2. by backbiting, 3. in giving wicked counsel, by fraud (Prov. iii. 27, 28 quoted), 634/562—9; bodily manslaughter: slaying with the tongue, giving order or counsel to slay a man, 634/570; manslaughter in deed, four kinds (seven named), 1. by law, as when a judge condemns a man to death; 2. in self-defence; 3. by accident (shooting an arrow or casting a stone); 4, when a woman by negligence overlies her child; 5. by preventing conception, inducing abortion, etc.; 6. when a woman kills her child after birth, for shame; 7. when a man by lechery or blows destroys a feetus, 635/571-9; many more sins, in word, thought, or deed that come from ire or anger, 635-43/580-653; 1. imputing to God one's own guilt, or despising God and his saints, as hazarders do, or treating irreverently the sacrament of the altar; 2. attry anger, when one is admonished in his shrift to abandon his sins, and makes angry false excuses; 3. swearing (Exod. xx. 7, Matt. v. 34 quoted), and thus dismembering Christ; various kinds of swearing, lawful and unlawful, enumerated; 4. lying (various kinds enumerated); 5. flattery; how flatterers are the devil's nurses, his enchanters, and chaplains; 6. cursing that comes of irous heart (simile of a bird returning to its nest); 7. chiding and Reproach; "they unsew the seams of friendship in a man's heart;" they spring from evil heart (Matt. xii. 34, Prov. xv. 4, xvii. 1, xxvii. 15, St. Augustine, 2 Tim. ii. 24, Coloss.

iii. 18 quoted); 8. scorning (scorners compared to the foul toad); 9. giving wicked counsel (as Ahithophel to Absalom, 2 Sam. xvii.); 10. sowing and making discord (John xvii. 21); 11. double tongue; 12. betraying of counsel; 13. menace; 14. idle words; 15. jangling (Eccles. v. 2 and a Philosopher quoted); 16. japing; japers are the devil's apes (Ephes. v. 4 quoted), 635—43/580—653. Remedy against Anger, Mansuetude, that is, debonairity and patience, or sufferance (forbearance), 643/654; the actions Matt. v. 9 quoted), 643/655; four kinds of grievances and their remedies: 1. wicked words, 2. damage or loss of property, 3. harm of body, 4. excessive labour-all of which Christ endured patiently, and we should follow his example, 644/663—9; story of a philosopher who had lost his patience, and was rebuked by a child he was about to punish, 644/670-73; obedience comes of patience;

when obedience is perfect, 645/674-76

Accidie or Sloth, the sin of, 645-9/677-727; its action (St. Augustine and Eccles. ix. 10 quoted), 645/677-80; an enemy to the three states of man: 1. innocence, 2. prayer, 3. grace, 645-6/681-4; also, to one's livelihood, 646/685; like to the state of those in hell, 646/686; its consequences: 1. sloth (Prov. xxi. 25 quoted), and its remedy (St. Bernard quoted); 2. dread to begin good works (St. Gregory quoted); 3. wanhope, or despair of God's mercy (St. Augustine, Luke xv. 7, 22, xxiii, 42, 43 quoted); 4. somnolence (Prov. viii. 17 quoted); 5. negligence, and 6. recklessness; the remedy for these two sins; 7. idleness, the gate of all harms; an idle man like to a place without walls—the devils may enter on every side; 8, tarditas, as when a man tarries too much ere he will turn to God; 9. lachesse, as when one begins any good work and gives it up for a slight cause; 10. coldness, that freezes all the heart of a man; 11. undevotion, or languor of soul; 12. worldly sorrow (2 Cor. vii. 10); 646-9/688-727. Remedy against Accidie: fortitude or strength, 650/728-30; many kinds of fortitude: 1. magnanimity, or greatness of spirit; 2. faith and hope in God and in his saints; 3. assurance; 4. magnificence, the doing of great works of goodness; 5. constancy, or stability of spirit, 650/731-7

Avarice and Covetousness, 651-7/739-803; the root of all harms (1 Tim. vi. 10), 651/739; St. Augustine's definition of, 651/741; difference between Avarice and Covetousness (Ephes. v. 5 quoted), 651/744-8; between an idolater and an avaricious man (Exod. xx. 3, 4 quoted), 652/749-51; of covetousness come hard and oppressive lordships and stewardships (St. Augustine, De Civitate, lib. ix., Gen. ix. 25—27), 652/752—5; thraldom comes first by sin, 652/757; Seneca quoted, 653/759; thralls are God's people, 653/760; lords and churls have a common origin and destiny, 653/761, 2; every sinful man is a churl to sin; lords should have the love rather than the dread of their churls, 653/763; there must be high and low, but

extortions from underlings are to be condemned, 653/764; the name of thraldom not known till Noah (Gen. ix 25), 653/766; of those that pillage and do extortions in Holy Church; the significance of the sword a knight receives when dubbed; those that strangle the sheep of Christ are the devil's wolves, according to St. Augustine, 653/767—9; why sovereignty was ordained, 654/744; lords that are like wolves, shall receive by the same measure as they have measured to the poor (Matt. vii. 1), 654/755-6; of deceit between merchant and merchant; merchandise, bodily and spiritual, 654/777; bodily merchandise, when lawful and when cursed and damnable, 654/778-80; spiritual merchandise, or simony, defined, 654/781, 2; simony named from Simon Magus (Acts viii. 18—23), 655/ 783; different kinds of simony, 655/784-7; St. Damasus quoted, 655/788: hasardry, or games of chance, 656/793, 4; other offspring of Avarice: lying, theft, false witness, false oaths, and sacrilege, 656-7/795-803. Remedy against Avarice: misericord (mercy, compassion) and pity, largely taken; and why? kinds of misericord, 657/804—10; reasonable largesse (liberality), 658/811, 12; but one should avoid foolish and vain liberality, 658/813-17

Gluttony, 658-9/818—30; defined, 658/818; corrupted all the world (Philippians iii. 18, 19 quoted), 658—9/819-20; of the kinds of gluttony: 1. drunkenness, "the horrible sepulture of man's reason," 2. troubled spirit, resulting therefrom, 3. voracious eating, 4. distempered bodily humours from excessive eating, 5. forgetfulness from too much drinking, 659/822—27; or, according to St. Gregory, 1. eating before proper time, 2. getting too delicate food or drink, 3. taking too much, 4. making great ado in preparation of food, 5. eating too greedily; these are the five fingers of the devil's hand, 659/828—30. Remedy against Gluttony: abstinence; which is not meritorious if practised only for health of body, and not for virtue (St. Augustine quoted), 660/831, 2; the fellows of abstinence: 1. temperance, that observes a mean, 2. shame, 3. suffisance, that avoids rich meats and drinks, 4. measure, or moderation, 5. soberness, 6. sparing, not sitting long and comfortably

at table, 660/833-35

Lechery (luxuria), 660—68/836—914; the punishments of this sin, in the old law, 660/838; the world drowned therefor, and five cities burnt, 660/839; adultery, and the punishment of adulterers (Rev. xxi. 8 quoted), 661/840-41; a horrible thing to break the sacrament of marriage (Matt. xix. 5 quoted); what the sacrament betokens, 661/842-3 (Exod. xx. 17, St. Augustine, Matt. v. 28 quoted); the consequences of the sin; 661/844—51; the five fingers of the devil's other hand: 1. foolish looking (compared to the basilisk); 2. wicked touching (Prov. vi. 27—29, Eccles. xii. 13, xiii. 1 quoted); 3. foul words; 4. kissing; how a man should love his wife; 5. the stinking deed of lechery, 662-3/852—62; to what end the flend uses his five fingers of lechery, 663/863, 4; different kinds of lechery: formication

between unmarried people (Gal. v. 19-21); taking a maid's maidenhead; the consequences, 663/865—72; adultery defined, 664/874; the many sins it includes: breaking of faith; stealing a woman's body from her husband and her soul from Christ (story of Joseph and Potiphar's wife, Gen. xxxix. 7—9), breaking God's commandment and defouling Christ, 664/875—84; of whoremongers and harlots, 665/885, 6; adultery, set in the decalogue between theft and murder, as it partakes of both sins, 665/ 887-9; the sin most heinous when committed by those in holy orders who are under the vow of chastity, 665/891-4; such are the sons of Belial; are like a free bull in a field; will have the raw flesh of folk's wives and daughters, 666/ 897—901; adultery may be between man and wife, when they copulate for fleshly delight only, 667/904-6; copulation with kinsfolk, spiritual (god-children) or fleshly (blood relations); the abominable unmentionable sin; pollution, from bodily languor, infirmity, surfeit of meat and drink, evil thoughts; 667/907—14. Remedy against Lechery: 668-72/915—57; chastity and continence, 1. in marriage, 668/916; marriage a great sacrament, established by God; true effect of marriage; marriage figured between Christ and Holy Church, 668/918—22; how a man should bear him towards his wife (Ephes. v. 25 quoted), 669/925—29; how a wife should be subject to her husband (1 Pet. iii. 1-7, St. Jerome and St. Gregory quoted), 669, 70/ 930-38; a man and wife may copulate for three things: 1. begetting of children, 2. to pay, each to other, the debt of their bodies, 3. to avoid lechery; 670/939-42; unrestrained indulgence for mere sensual delight is deadly sin, 670/943; 2. chastity in widowhood, 671/944—47; 3. in virginity, 671/948—50; other remedies against lechery; avoiding such things as give occasion thereto, as ease, eating and drinking, lying too long abed, the company of tempters, 671/951—53; let no man trust in his own perfection, unless he be stronger than Samson, holier than Daniel, wiser than Solomon, 672/955. What sin is, according to St. Augustine, 672/959; circumstances that aggravate sins: 1. who it is that sins; 2. the nature of sin, and extent of its continuance; 3. the place (house, field, church, church-yard, etc.); 4. by what enticement or fellowship; 5. the number of times it was committed; 6. by what temptation, and whether the temptation rested with the wrong-doer or came from others; 7. how it was done and all the accompanying circumstances, 672—4/960—78

Confession, the second essential of penitence; conditions of a true and profitable confession: 1. sorrowful bitterness of heart (Is. xxxviii. 15 quoted), 674/982-3; of which there are five signs: shamefastness (St. Augustine quoted, and the Publican instanced); humility (1 Pet. v. 6) in heart and outward sign; the shrift should be full of tears (St. Peter instanced, Matt. xxvi. 75); no standing back for shame (the Magdalen, Luke vii. 37); obedience to the penance imposed, 674, 5/984—97; 2. true confession must be

attended to speedily, and must include four things: the shrift must be well considered, the number, greatness, and duration of the sins well comprehended, the sinner must be contrite, and steadfastly resolve to shun oceasions of sin, 675-6/998-1005; 3. One must shrive him of all his sins, to one man, 676/1006. True shrift involves certain conditions: it must be of free will, and not constrained: both the sinner and the priest must be truly in the faith of Holy Church; one must not despair of Christ's mercy; must accuse himself of his own trespass, and not another; must not, for humility's sake, confess to sins not committed (St. Augustine quoted); must confess by his own mouth, and not by letter; must not paint confession with fair words, but speak plainly, however foul and horrible the sin; must shrive him to a discreet priest, and not for vainglory, but for the fear of Christ, and health of the soul; must not run to a priest to tell him lightly his sin, 677-8/1012-24; to be shriven more than once for the same sin, the greater merit (St. Augustine quoted); one should be houseled at least once a year, 678/1026-27

Satisfaction, the third essential of Penitence, 679—83/ 1029-80; consists most generally in alms and bodily penance, 679/1029; three kinds of alms: contrition of heart; pity for one's neighbour's defaults; giving good spiritual counsel, and providing for the wants of the body (food, clothing, shelter, etc.), 679/1030-33; alms should be done timely, and in secret, if possible, 679/1034

Bodily Penance consists, 1. in prayers; prayers defined; the pater noster characterized; it comprises in itself all good prayers; how it must be said, 679, 80/1038-44; 2. in watching (Matt. xxvi. 41); fasting (?) consists in three things: forbearing meat and drink, worldly jollity, deadly sin, 680-81/1048-49; 3. fasting; to which appertain four things: liberality to the poor, spiritual gladness of heart at fasting, seasonable and moderate eating, 681/1050-51; virtuous, teachings, or discipline, by word, writing, or example; cheerful wearing of hair shirts, etc. (Col. iii. 12); knocking the breast, scourging, kneelings, tribulations, patient endurance of maladies and losses, 681/1052-56; things that disturb penance: dread, shame, hope, and wan-hope or despair, 681/1057; the remedies against these, 682-3/1059-75; the fruit of penance, 683/1076-80; the author takes his leave, and asks mercy and forgiveness of his sins, especially of those committed in his books, 684-5/1081-92

People, the fickleness and unreliableness of the, 434-35/

995—1001 Perce. See Persia

Percyuell, Sire. See Perceval

## SCRIPTURAL QUOTATIONS AND ALLUSIONS.

Genesis i. 28: 335/28; ii. 18: 211/2294; iv. 19: 335/54; xix. 33: 318/485-487; xxvii.: 446/1363-1365; xxvii.: 210/ 2283

Exodus xiv.: 145/489, 490; xx. 7: 323/642; xxxiv. 28: 390t 1885

Leviticus x. 9: 390/1895; xix. 32: 326/744

Judges xvi. 19-21: 354/721-723

1 Samuel xxv. 2—34: 446/1369—1371; xxv. 2—35: 210/ 2290; xxviii. 7—25: 378/1510

1 Kings xi. 12: 472/2301; xix. 8: 390/1890

Job i. 21: 203/2190; i. 21: 430/871, 872; ii. 6: 377/1490; xii. 12: 214/2354 Jeremiah iv. 2: 323/635

Judges xi. 29-40: 309, 310/240-244; xiii. 4: 320/555

Psalms i. 1: 217/2388; viii. 1, 2: 182/1643, 1644; x. 9: 382/ 1657, 1658; xxxiv. 14: 243/2882, 2883; xxxviii. 17: 240/2820, 2821; cxxvii. 1: 223/2494; cxxxiii. 1—3: 245/2925

Proverbs xi. 14: 215/2361; xii. 11: 238/2780; xii. 5: 216/ 2387; xiv. 13: 143/421-424; xiv. 20, xv. 15, xix. 7: 132/ 115—121; xv. 16: 240/2818, 2819; xvi. 32: 234/2706; xvi. 24: 211/2303; xvi. 7: 244/2909, 2910; xvii. 22: 203/ 2185; xviii. 24: 214/2349; xix. 15: 238/2779; xx. 3: 232/2675; xi. 22, xxi. 9, 19: 355, 356/775—785; xxi. 19: 210/2277; xxi. 23: 586/315; xxii. 24: 395/2086, 2087; xxii. 1: 240/2828; xxiii. 9: 206/2237; xxv. 16: 229/2606; xxvi. 17: 235/2732; xxvii. 9: 214/2348; xxviii. 23: 215/ 2367; xxviii. 14: 223/2507, 2508; xxviii. 23: 244/2894, 2895; xxviii. 14: 243/2886; xxiii. 5, xxviii. 22: 237/2768, 2769; xxix. 5: 215/2368; xxxi. 4, 5: 321/584

Ecclesiastes iii. 1:: 403/6; vii. 28: 471/2247, 2248; vii. 28:

207/2247; x. 19: 236/2740; xi. 8: 143/421-424

Song of Solomon ii. 10, 11: 468/2138—2140 Daniel vi. 16 et seg.: 144, 145/473-476 Jonah i. 12-17, ii. 1-10: 145/486, 487

Tobit iv. 19: 211/2308

Judith viii.—xiii.: 210/2289; xiii.: 159/939; xiii. 8: 446/1368 Ecclesiasticus ii. 14: 235/2729; iv. 30: 393/1989; vi. 5: 245/2930; vi. 6: 214/2357; vi. 14: 214/2351; viii. 17: 215/2363; xi. 29: 125/4331; xii. 10: 216/2376; xix. 8: 213/2331; xxii. 6: 206/2235; xxv. 25: 352/653; xxx. 23: 203/2186; xxxiii. 18: 246/2944—2946; xxxiii. 19: 207/ 2250; xl. 28: 132/114; xli. 12: 240/2380

1 Maccabees iii. 18, 19: 241, 242/2851-2853

Matthew v. 3: 391/1923; v. 9: 242/2870; v. 34: 323/634; vii. 3: 112/3919, 3920; xiv. 1—11: 319/490, 491; xiv. 15—21: 145/502—504; xix. 3: 336/74; xix. 5: 335/31; xix. 17: 209/2269; xix. 21: 337/108—110 xxiii. 27: 493/

518, 519 Mark i. 7: 494/555; vi. 37—44: 338/145, 146; xvi. 9: 209/ 2265

Luke v. 10: 388/1820; x. 7: 392/1973; x. 18: 141/366 John ii. 1—11: 334/11; iv. 18: 334/17—19: viii. 3: 205/

2223; xi. 35: 202/2177; xii. 6: 378/1351 Romans vii. 3: 335/49; xi. 33: 228/2596: xii. 15: 202/2179; xii. 17: 222/2482; xii. 19: 231/2650; xiii. 4: 230/2630, 2631; xiii. 12: 540/385 1 Corinthians vi. 13: 319/522, 523; vii. 6: 336/65; vii. 9:

335/52; x. 13: 382/1661

2 Corinthians i. 12: 240/2824; xi. 14: 376/1465; iii. 6: 387/1794; iv. 17: 234/2700 Ephesians v. 18: 318/484; v. 22—33: 338/160; v. 25, 28,

29: 447/1384

Philippians iii. 18, 19: 320/530-533

1 Timothy ii. 9: 343/341—345; iv. 7: 590/33, 34: v. 6: 320/547, 548; vi. 8: 390/1881; vi. 10: 212/2320; vi. 10: 250/

2 Timothy iii. 16: 300/4631, 4632; iv. 7: 541/387, 388 James i. 4: 234/2707; i. 5: 212/2309; i. 13: 439/1153; i. 22: 391/1937; ii. 13: 251/3059; ii. 17: 529/64 1 Peter ii. 21—23: 233/2692—2694

1 John i. 9: 252/3075—3077 Revelations vii. 1—3: 145/491—494; xii.: 141/**3**66



## CHAUCER'S

Comparisons and Similes, Metaphors, and Proberbs, Maxims, &c.,

IN HIS

## "CANTERBURY TALES,"

COLLECTED BY

PROF. HIRAM CORSON, LL.D., cornell university.

### I. COMPARISONS AND SIMILES.

N.B.-The references are to the paging and lines of the Six-Text edition. And of his port as meeke as is a mayde, 3/69 With lokkes crulle as they were levd in presse, 3/81 Embrouded was he, as it were a meede Al ful of fresshe floures whyte and reede, 3/89, 90 He was as fressh as in [is, 2-6] the Monthe of May, 3/92 He slepte namoore than dooth a nyghtyngale, 3/98 hir eyen greye as glas, 5/152 And whan he rood, men myghte his brydel heere Gynglen in a whistlynge wynd als cleere And eek' as loude as dooth be chapel belle, 5/169-171 His heed was balled pat shoon as any glas, And eek his face as it hadde been enount, 6/198, 199 Hise even stepe and rollynge in his heed, That stemed as a forneys of a leed, 6/201, 202 He was nat pale as a forpyned goost, 6/205 His palfrey was as broun as is a berye, 6/207 His nekke whit was as the flour delys, Ther to he strong was as a Champion, 7/238, 239 And rage he koude as it were right a whelpe 8/257 ELLES. INDEX.

Of double worstede was his semycope That rounded as a belle out of the presse, 8/262, 263 Hise eyen twynkled in his heed arvgħt As doon the sterres in the frosty nyght, 8/267, 268 And leene was his hors as is a rake, 9/287 Whit was his heed as is a dayesye, 10/332 An Anlaas and a gipser al of silk' Heeng at his girdel, whit as morne Milk, 11/357, 358 His berd as any sowe or fox was reed, And ther to brood as though it were a spade, 16/552, 553. Vp on the cope right of his nose he hade A werte, and ther on stood a toft of herys Reed as the brustles of a sowes erys, 16/554-556 His mouth as greet was as a greet forneys, 16/559 His tope was doked lyk a preest biforn, fful longe were his legges and ful lene, Ylyk a staf, ther was no calf ysene, 17/590—592 They were adrad of hym as of the deeth, 18/605 Tukked he was as is a frere aboute, 18/621 As hoot he was and lecherous as a sparwe, 18/626 Thanne wolde he speke and crie as he were wood, 18/636 Swiche glarynge eyen hadde he as an hare, 20/684 A voys he hadde as smal as hath a goot, 20/688 ffor trewely confort ne myrthe is noon To ride by the weye doumb as the stoon, 22/773, 774 Emelye pat fairer was to sene Than is the lylie vpon his stalke grene And fressher than the May with floures newe, 31/1035-1037 We stryuen as dide the houndes for the boon, They foughte al day and yet hir part was noon,

We stryuen as dide the houndes for the boon,
They foughte al day and yet hir part was noon,
Ther cam a kyte whil they weren so wrothe
And baar awey the boon bitwixe hem bothe, 34, 35/1177—
1180

dronke is as a Mous, 37/1261

he lyk was to biholde
The Boxtree or the Asshen dede and colde, 38/1301, 1302
pale as Asshen colde, 40/1364
a Courser startlynge as the fir, 44/1502
Now vp, now doun, as boket in a welle, 45/1533

As fiers as leon), 46/1598

To chaungen gan the colour in hir face,
Right as the hunters in the regne of Trace,
That stondeth at the gappe with the spere,
Whan hunted is the leon and the bere,
And hereth hym come russhyng in the greues
And breketh bothe bowes and the leues,
And thynketh "heere cometh my mortal enemy,
With oute faile he moot be deed or I;
ffor outher I moot sleen hym at the gappe,
Or he moot sleen me if pat me myshappe," 47, 48/1637—
1646

Thou myghtest were that this Palamon In his fightyng were [as] a wood leon, And as a crueel Tigre was Arcite; As wilde bores gonne they to smyte, That frothen whit as foom, for Ire wood, 48/1655—1659 He was war of Arcite and Palamon, (That foughten breme as it were bores two:) The brighte swerdes wenten to and fro So hidously, that with the leeste strook' It semed as it wolde fille an ook, 49/1698—1702 [to fighten] As it were in a lystes roially, 50/1713 She woot namoore of al this hoote fare, By god, than woot a Cokkow of an hare, 52/1809, 1810 And lik a grifphon, looked he aboute, 61/2133 Cam ridynge lyk' the god of Armes Mars, 62/2159 And as a leon) he his lookyng caste, 62/2171 His voys was as a trompe thondrynge, 62/2174 An Egle tame as any lilye whyt, 63/2178 As favn as fowel is of the brighte sonne, 70/2437 Arrayed right as he were a god in Trone, 72/2529 Ther has no Tygre in the vale of Galgopheye. Whan pat hir whelpe is stole, whan it is lite. So crueel on the hunte, as is Arcite, ffor Ielous herte, vpon this Palamon, Ne in Belmarye, ther nys so fel leon That hunted is, or for his hunger wood, Ne of his praye desireth so the blood, As Palamon to sleen his foo Arcite, 75/2626-2633 So greet a wepyng was ther noon certayn Whan Ector was ybroght, al fressh yslayn, To Troye, 81/2831—2833 H 2

She was ful moore blisful on to see, Than is the newe pereionette tree, And softer than the wolle is of a wether, 93/3247—3249

fful brighter was the shynyng of hir hewe,
Than in the tour the noble yforged newe,
But of hir song it was as loude and yerne,
As any swalwe sittynge on a berne;
Ther to she koude skippe and make game,
As any kyde or calf folwynge his dame;
Hir mouth was sweete, as bragot or the Meeth,
Or hoord of Apples leyd in hey or heeth,
Wynsynge she was, as is a ioly colt,
Long as a mast and vprighte as a bolt;
A brooch sche baar vp on hir loue coler,
As brood as is the boos of a bokeler, 94/3255—3266
And she sproong as a colt doth in the traue, 94/3282
Hir forheed shoon as bright as any day, 95/3310

Hir forheed shoon as bright as any day, 95/3310 Crul was his heer, and as the gold it shoon, And strouted as a ffanne large and brode, 95/3314, 3315 hise eyen greye as goos, 95/3317 as whit as is the blosme vp on the rys, 95/3324 He syngeth brokkynge as a nyhtyngale, 97/3377 This Nicholas sat capyng euere vp-righte

As he had kiked on the newe moone, 99/3444, 3445 This Nicholas sat ay as stille as stoon, 100/3472

Shal falle a reyn, and that so wilde and wood, That half so greet was neuere Noees flood, 101/3517, 3518 Thanne shal I swymme as myrie, I vndertake, As dooth the white doke after hire drake, 102/3575, 3576

I moorne as dooth a lamb after the tete, 106/3704

I have swich love longynge,
That lik a turtel trewe is my moornynge, 106/3705, 3706
Dirk was the nyght as pich or as the cole, 107/3731
And weepe as dooth a child that is ybete, 107/3759
This Nicholas anon leet fle a fart
As greet as it had been a thonder dent, 109/3806, 3807
Myn herte is mowled also as myne heris,
But if I fare as dooth an Openers, 111/3870, 3871
As eny pecok' he was proud and gay, 113/3926
As piled as an Ape was his skulle, 113/3935

And she was proud and peert as is a pye, 113/3950 She was as digne as water in a dich, 114/3964

eyen greye as glas, 114/3974

Wery and weet as beest is in the reyn, 118/4107

As any Iay she light was and Iolyf, 119/4154

as an hors, he snorteth in his sleepe, 119/4163

And I lye as a draf sek in my bed, 121/4206

They walve as doon two pigges in a poke, 123/4278

Gaillard he was as Goldfynch in the shawe,

Broun as a berye, a propre short fel[a]we, 127/4367, 4368

He was as ful of loue and paramour

As is the hyve ful of hony sweete, 127/4372, 4373

lokid as a wild lyon, Gam. 4/125

stood stille as stoon, Gam. 8/263

stille as any stone, Gam. 12/395

as stille as any stone, Gam. 13/423

-the tyme wasteth nyght and day,

And steleth from vs, what pryuely slepynge And what thurgh necligence in oure wakynge,

As dooth the streem that turneth neuere agayn.

Descendynge fro the montaigne in to playn, 129/20—24

O serpent vnder femynynytee,

Lik to the serpent depe in helle ybounde, 141/360, 361

ffor as the lomb toward his deeth is broght,

So stant this Innocent before the kyng, 149/617, 618

he sleep as a swyn, 153/745

thou ianglest as a Iay, 154/774

And she for sorwe as doumb stant as a tree,

So was hir herte shet in hir distresse,

Whan she remembred his vnkyndenesse, 163/1055—1057

But was as glad ther-of, as fowel of day, 169/1228

they were as glad of his comyng,

As fowel is fayn whan pat the sonne vp riseth, 169/1240,

As in a fourme sit a wery hare,

Were al forstraught with houndes grete and smale, 171/
1294, 1295

And forth she gooth, as Iolif as a pye, 174/1399

And hoom he gooth, murie as a Papeiay, 178/1559

Whit was his face, as Payndemayn, Hise lippes, rede as rose, His rode is lyk scarlet in grayn, 191/1915—1917

His heer, his bend, was lyk saffroun, 191/1920

And sweete as is the Brembul flour, That bereth the rede hepe, 192/1936, 1937

Yet listeth, lordes, to my tale, Murier than the Nightyngale, 195/2023, 2024

As whit as is a lilye flour, 196/2057

His brydel as the sonne shoon, Or as the moone light, 196/2069, 2070

And forth vpon his wey he rood, And sparcle out of the bronde, 197/2094, 2095

Salomon seith That right as Motthes in the shepes flees anoyeth to the clothes, and the smale wormes to the tree, right so anoyeth sorwe to the herte, 203/2187

right as maladies been cured by hir contraries, right so shul men warisshe werre by vengeance (advice of the physicians to Melibeus), 204/2207

lik' a wilde leon fool-hardy, 253/3106

Thou art nat lyk' a penant' or a goost, 254/3124

And lik an Egles fetheres, wax his heres, 262/3365

Hise nayles lyk a briddes clawes weere, 262/3366

His voys was murier than the murie Orgon On Messedayes that in the chirche gon; Wel sikerer was his crowyng in his logge, Than is a Clokke or an abbey Orlogge, 284/4041—4044

His Coomb was redder than the fyn coral, And battailed as it were a castel wal; His byle was blak, and as the Ieet it shoon, Lyk Asure were hise legges and his toon; Hise nayles whiter than the lylye flour, And lyk the burned gold was his colour, 284/4049—4054 He looketh as it were a grym leoun, 293/4369

and Chauntecleer so free,
Soong murier than the Mermayde in the see, 295/4459, 4460
They yolleden as feendes doon in helle, 298/4579
And rynge it out as round as gooth a belle, 314/331
And Est and West, vp-on the peple I bekke,
As dooth a downe, sittynge on a berne, 316/396, 397

Thou [O dronke man] fallest as it were a styked swyn 320/556

as dronken as a Mous, 341/246 as a spaynel, she wol on hym lepe, 341/267 ffor thogh he looked as a wood leon, 346/429 I koude walke as fressh as is a rose, 346/448 ioly as a pye, 346/456 And singe, ywis, as any nyghtyngale, 347/458 from all so either as odd anomaly the hard

ffor al so siker as cold engendreth hayl,

A likerous mouth moste han a likerous tayl, 347/465, 466 Stibourne I was, as is a Leonesse, 352/637

A fair womman, but she be chaast also, Is lyk a gold ryng in a sowes nose, 356/784, 785

And he vp stirte, as dooth a wood leoun, 356/704

As thikke as motes in the sonne beem, 359/868. Cf. Milton's Il Penseroso, vv. 7, 8.

And as a Bitore bombleth in the Myre,
She leyde hir mouth vn-to the water doun, 362/972, 973
This knyght ne stood nat stille, as doth a best, 364/1034
And al day after hidde hym as an Owle, 365/1081
Ye faren lyk a man had lost his wit, 365/1095
wood as an hare, 372/1327

Hadde alwey bawdes redy to his hond As any hauk to lure in Engelond, 373/1339, 1340

ffor in this world nys dogge for the bowe,
That kan an hurt deer from an hool knowe,
Bet than this Somnour knew a sly lecchour,
Or an Auowtier or a paramour, 374/1369—1372
The Cartere smoot and cryde as he were wood, 378/1542
lyk an Aspen leef he quook for Ire, 383/1667
And now hath Sathanas, seith he, a tayl
Brodder than of a Carryk is the sayl, 383/1687, 1688
Right so as bees out swarmen from an hyue,
Out of the deueles ers ther gonne dryue
Twenty thousand freres in a route, 384/1693—1695
chirteth as a sparwe, 387/1804
He is as angry as a pissemyre, 388/1825
He groneth lyk oure boor lith in oure sty, 388/1829

ffat as a whale, and walkynge as a swan, 391/1930 Al vinolent as Botel in the spence, 391/1931

Therfore, right as an hauk vp at a sours, Vp springeth in-to their, right so prayeres Of charitable and chaste bisy freres Maken hir sours to goddes eres two, 391/1938—1941

as Iust as is a squyre, 395/2090

The frere vp stirte, as dooth a wood leoun, 397/2152
He looked as it were a wilde boor, 397/2160
with bely stif and toght As any Tabour, 400/2268
Ye ryde as coy and stille as dooth a mayde,
Were newe spoused, sittynge at the bord, 403/2, 3
In crepeth age alwey, as stille as stoon, 407/121
And as a lamb, she sitteth meke and stille, 420/538
O stormy peple, vnsad and euere vntrewe,
Ay vndiscreet and chaungynge as a vane,
Delitynge euere in rumbul that is newe,
ffor, lyk the moone, ay wexe ye and wane, 434/995—99
And she ay sad and constant as a wal, 436/1047

strong as is a greet Camaille, 441/1196
Beth egre as is a Tygre yond in Ynde, 441/1199
Ay clappeth as a Mille, 441/1200
couche as doth a quaille, 441/1206
Be ay of chiere as light as leef on lynde, 441/1211
That passen as a shadwe vpon a wal, 445/1315

Myn herte and alle my lymes been as grene As laurer thurgh the yeer is for to sene, 449/1465, 1466

Thanne shal youre soule vp to heuene skippe Swifter than dooth an Arwe out of the bowe, 455/1672, 1673

she was lyk the brighte morwe of May, 457/1748 Lyk to the naddre in bosom sly vntrewe, 458/1786 as stille as a ston, 459/1818

With thilke brustles of his berd vnsofte, Lyk to the skyn of houndfyssh, sharpe as brere, 459/1824, 1825

ful of Iargon as a flekked pye, 459/1848

As fressh as is the brighte someres day, 461/1896 an herte as hard as any stone, 463/1990

he gooth as lowe
As euere dide a dogge for the bowe, 464/2013, 2014
O sodeyn hape, O thou fortune Instable,
Lyk to the Scorpion, so deceynable,
That flaterest with thyn heed, whan thou wolt synge,
Thy tayl is deeth, thurgh thyn enuenymynge,
O brotil Ioye, o sweete venym queynte,
O monstre that so subtilly kanst peynte
Thy yiftes vuder hewe of stidefastnesse,
That thou deceynest bothe moore and lesse, 465/2057—2064
Soul as the turtle pat lost hath hire make, 466/2080
Thogh thou myghtest se as fer as shippes saille, 467/2108
as blynd as is a stoon, 468/2156

as lewed as gees, 471/2275

Syngeth ful murier than the Papeiay, 473/2322

And vp he yaf a roryng and a cry,
As dooth the mooder whan the child shal dye, 474/2364,
2365

But doutelees, as trewe as any steel, I have a wyf, though pat she poure be, 476/2426, 2427 They murmureden as dooth a swarm of Been, 484/204

Vp riseth fresshe Canacee hir selue, As rody and bright as dooth the youge sonne, That in the Ram is foure degrees vp ronne, 489/384—386 a tree fordryed as whit as chalk!, 490/409

And lith aswowne deed, and lyk a stoon, 492/474

Right as a serpent hit hym vnder floures Til he may seen his tyme for to byte, 493/512, 513

As in a toumbe is all the faire aboue And vnder is the corps, 493/518, 519

That fressher was and Iolyer of array, As to my doom, than is the Monthe of May, 506/927, 928 langwissheth as a furye dooth in helle, 507/950

lyk a bisy bee, 534/195

fful lyk a fiers leoun, 534/198

As meke as euere was any lamb, 534/199

euery mortal mannes power nys But lyke a bladdre ful of wynd, ywys, 542/438, 439 He hadde ay priked lik as he were wood, 547/576

But it was ioye for to seen hym swete:

His forheed dropped as a stillatorie

Were ful of Plantayne and of Paritorie, 547/579-581

ffor al the world, they stynken as a goot, 556/886

Al though this thyng myshapped haue, as now,

Another tyme it may be wel ynow.

Vs moste putte oure good in auenture;

A Marchant, pardee, may nat ay endure,

Trusteth me wel, in his prosperitee; Somtyme his good is drenched in the see,

And somtyme comth it sauf vn-to the londe, 558/944-950

Was neuere brid gladder agayn the day,

Ne nyghtyngale in the seson of May, 570/1342, 1343

They move wel chiteren as pat doon Joyes (jays), 572/

Ye been as boold as is Bayard the blynde,

That blondreth forth, and peril casteth noon, 572/1413, 1414

Thou songe whilom lyk' a nyghtyngale, 585/294

Right as a swerd forkutteth and forkerueth

An Arm atwo, my deere sone, right so

A tonge kutteth freendshipe al atwo, 586/340-342

right as the roote of a tree hydeth hym in the erthe, 596/113

soothly, ther is no thyng that sauoureth so wel to a child as the Milk of his Norice, ne no thyng moore abhomynable than thilke Milk whan it is medled with oother mete, right so the synful man that loueth his synne, hym semeth that it is to him moost sweete of any thyng; but fro that tyme that he loueth sadly oure lord Ihesu crist, and desireth the lif perdurable, ther nys to him no thyng moore abhomynable, 596/122—124

as dooth the hound pat retourneth to eten his spewyng 597/138

ye be roten in youre synne as a beest in his dong, 598/139

right as a soughe wroteth in euerich ordure, so wroteth hire [a fair woman's] beautee in the stynkynge ordure of synne, 599/157

right as doop a derk clowde bitwixe vs and the sonne, 601/185

A greet wawe of the see comth som tyme with so greet a violence that it drencheth the shipe. And the same harm dooth som tyme the smale dropes of water that

- entren thurgh a litel creuace in to the thurrok, and in the botme of the shipe, if men be so necligent that they ne descharge hem nat by tyme. And therfore, all though ther be a difference bitwise thise two causes of drenchynge, algates the shipe is dreynt, 616/363, 364
- Looke how muche that a drope of water that falleth in a fourneys ful of fyr anoyeth or greueth, so muche anoyeth a venial synne vn-to a man that is perfit in the loue of Ihesu crist, 618/384
- right as the gaye leefsel atte Tauerne is signe of the wyn that is in the Celer, 621/411
- the buttokes of hem faren as it were the hyndre part of a she Ape in the fulle of the Moone, 622/424
- Looke how that fir of smale gleedes that been almost dede vnder asshen, wollen quike agayn whan they been touched with brymstoon; right so Ire wol eueremo quyken agayn whan it is touched by the pride that is couered in mannes herte, 633/548
- Ther is a maner tree, as seith sein Ysidre, that whan men maken fire of thilke tree, and couere the coles of it with Asshen, soothly the fir of it wol lasten al a yeer or moore. And right so fareth it of rancour: whan it is ones conceyued in the hertes of som men, certein it wol lasten perauenture from oon Estre day vnto another Estre day and moore, 633/551, 552
- And ofte tyme swich cursynge wrongfully retorneth agayn to hym pat curseth, as a bryd that retorneth agayn to his owene nest, 639/620
- He [who tarries ere he will turn to God] is lyk to hym that falleth in the dych, and wol nat arise, 649/718
- He is lyk to an hors that seketh rather to drynken drouy or trouble water than for to drynken water of the clere welle, 658/816
- Certes they been lyk' to houndes: for an hound, whan he comth by the Roser, or by othere beautees, though he may nat pisse, yet wole he heue vp his leg and make a contenance to pisse, 662/858
- right as he som tyme is cause of alle damages that beestes don in the feeld, that breketh the hegge or the closure, thurgh which he destroyeth that may nat been restoored, 663/870
- namoore may maydenhede be restoored than an Arm that is smyten fro the body may retourne agayn to wexe, 663/871

a fouler thefte than for to breke a chirche and stele the chalice, 664/879

bordels... that move be liked to a commune gonge where as men purgen hire ordure, 665/885

hem thynketh they been free and han no Iuge, namoore than hath a free bole that taketh which Cow that hym liketh in the town, 666/898

right as a free bole is ynough for al a toun, right so is a wikked preest corrupcion ynough for al a parisshe, or for al a contree, 666/899

lyk to houndes that taken no kepe to kynrede, 667/907

though that hooly writ speke of horrible synne, certes hooly writ may nat been defouled, namoore than the sonne that shyneth on the Mixne, 667/911

Soothly, a whit wal, al-though it ne brenne noght fully by stikynge of a candele, yet is the wal blak of the leyt, 672/954

### METAPHORS.

Vp roos oure hoost and was oure aller cok, 24/823
I haue, god woot, a large feeld to ere,
And wayke been the Oxen in my Plough, 26/886, 887
Thanked be ffortune, and hire false wheel, 27/925
—of Chivalrie the flour, 29/982
My lookyng is the fader of pestilence [said by Saturn],

My lookyng is the fader of pestilence [said by Saturn], 71/2469

this foule prison of this lyf, 87/3061

vnbokeled is the male, 89/3115

He hadde moore tow on his distaf Than Gerueys knew, 108/3774, 3775

And Absolon hath kist hir nether eye, 110/3852

With bleryng of a proud Milleres eye, 111/3865

Gras tyme is doon, my fodder is now forage, 111/3868

Yet in oure Asshen olde is fyr yreke, 111/3882. Cf. Gray's *Elegy*, v. 92.

ffoure gleedes han we, whiche I shal deuyse, Avauntyng, liyng, Anger, Coueitise: Thise foure sparkles longen vn to eelde, 111/3883-3885 And yet ik haue alwey a Coltes tooth, 112/3887

As many a yeer as it is passed henne

Syn that my tappe of lif bigan to renne,

ffor sikerly, whan I was bore, anon

Deeth drough the tappe of lyf and leet it gon,

And euer sithe hath so the tappe yronne

Til that almoost al empty is the tonne,

The streem of lyf now droppeth on the chymbe, 112/3889

—3895

So was hir ioly whistle wel y-wet, 119/4155

Your bagges been nat fild with ambes as, But with sys cynk, that renneth for youre chaunce, 132/ 124, 125

Humblesse hath slayn in hire al tirannye; She is Mirour of alle curteisie, Hir herte is verray chambre of hoolynesse, Hir hand Ministre of fredam for almesse, 135/165—168

welle of vices, 140/323 roote of Iniquitee, 141/358 nest of euery vice, 141/364 foot hoot, 143/438

Me list nat of the chaf, or of the stree,
Maken so long a tale, as of the corn, 152/701, 702

In hym triste I, and in his mooder deere,
That is to me, my seyl and eek my steere, 156/833
hauen of refut, brighte sterre of day (said of the Virgin),

of cristen folk the flour, 164/1090

Now longe moote thou saille by the cost, 181/1626

This gemme of chastite, this Emeraude,
And eek of martirdom the Ruby bright, 187/1799, 1800

This welle of mercy, Cristes mooder sweete, 188/1846

Confession is neighbor to Innocence, 247/2966

It is a gentil pasture ther thow goost, 254/3123

He [was] of knyghthod and of fredom, flour, 276/3832

Thy sys ffortune hath turned in-to Aas, 277/3851

But I ne kan nat bulte it to the bren, 294/4430

Taketh the fruyt, and lat the chaf be stille, 300/4633

the olde daunce, 305/75

ffor dronkenesse is verray sepulture Of mannes wit, and his discrecion, 320/558, 559

And on the ground, which is my moodres gate, I knokke with my staf, bothe erly and late, And seye, leeue mooder, leet me In, 325/729—731

Crist, that of perfeccion is welle, 337/107

the flour of myn age, 337/113

Nay, thou shalt drynken of another tonne Er that I go, shal sauoure wors than Ale, 339/170, 171

Than maystow chese wheither thou wolt sippe Of that tonne that I shal abroche, 339/176, 177

The flour is goon, ther is namoore to telle, The bren as I best kan, now moste I selle, 347/477, 478

I made hym of the same wode (i. e. jealousy) a croce, 347/484

in his owene greee, I made hym frye ffor Angre, and for verray Ialousye, 347/487, 488 I was his purgatorie, 347/489

Whan pat his shoo ful bitterly hym wrong, 347/492 I holde a Mouses herte nat worth a leek, That hath but oon hole for to sterte to, 350/572, 573

But yet I hadde alwey a coltes tooth,
Gat tothed I was, and that bicam me weel,
I hadde the prente of seint Venus seel, 351/602—604

Hoold nat the deueles knyf ay at thyn herte, 395/2091

I am vnder youre yerde, 403/22

flour of wyfly pacience, 432/919

ffor if þat they were put to swiche assayes, The gold of him hath now so badde alayes With bras, þat thogh the coyne be fair at eye, It wolde rather breste atwo than plye, 440/1166—1169

Youre herte hangeth on a ioly pyn, 450/1516
But I woot best where wryngeth me my sho, 451/1553
O perilous fyr, that in the bedstraw bredeth, 458/1783
Night with his Mantel, þat is derk and rude,
Gan ouersprede the Hemysperie aboute, 458/1798, 1799
welle of alle gentillesse, 493/505
With outen come, he drank al his penaïce, 506/042

With outen coppe, he drank al his penance, 506/942 Thow welle of mercy (the Virgin), 528/37

. . . blered is myn eye, 552/730

. . . roote of alle trecherie, 562/1069

fox, used for a sly person, 563/1080

roote of alle cursednesse, 569/1301

the preest he made his Ape, 569/1313

wol ye Iusten atte ffan, 577/42

Another day he wole, perauenture,

Reclayme thee, and brynge thee to lure, 578/71, 72

blered is thyn eye, 584/252

Vnbokele and shewe vs what is in thy Male, 590/26

Why sholde I sowen draft out of my fest,

Whan I may sowen whete, if pat me lest, 590/35, 36

Thilke manere of folk been the flyes that folwen the hony, or elles the houndes that folwen the careyne, 623/441

Thanne stant' Enuye and holdeth the hoote Iren vpon the herte of man, with a peire of longe toonges, of long rancour, 633/555

fflatereres been the deueles norices, that norissen hise children with Milk of losengerie, 639/613

# PROVERBS, MAXIMS, AND SENTENTIOUS EXPRESSIONS IN GENERAL.

Wel koude he [the Miller] stelen corn and tollen thries, And yet he hadde a thombe of gold, pardee, 16/563

And this figure he added eek ther to,
That if gold ruste, what shal Iren doo? 15/500

And yet this manciple sette hir aller cappe, 17/586

And priuely a fynch eek koude he pulle, 19/652

Purs is the Ercedekenes helle, seyde he, 19/658

The wordes roote be cosyn to the dede, 21/742

If euen song and morwe song accorde, 24/830

who shal yeue a louere any lawe?

Loue is a gretter lawe, 34/1164,1165. Boethius, De Consol. III. 12:

' Quis legem det amantibus? Major lex amor est sibi. A man moot nedes loue, maugree his heed, 34/1169

Ech man for hym self, 35/1182

But sooth is seyd, go sithen many yeres, That feeld hath eyen, and the wode hath eres, 44/1521, 1522

It is ful fair a man to bere hym euene, ffor al day meeteth men at vnset steuene, 44/1523, 1524

Now in the crope, now down in the breres,

Now vp, now doun, as boket in a welle, 44, 45/1532, 1533

loue ne lordshipe

Wol noght hir thankes haue, no felaweshipe, 47 1625, 1626

ffor pitee renneth soone in gentil herte, 51/1761

He moot [e] pipen in an yuy leef, 53/1838

Ther is no newe gyse that it nas old, 61/2125

As sooth is seyd, elde has greet auantage; In elde is bothe wysdom and vsage; Men may the olde at renne and noght at rede, 70/2447—2449

Som tyme an ende ther is of euery dede, 75/2636

And certeinly, ther Nature wol nat wirche,

ffare wel Phisik', go ber the man to chirche, 79/2759, 2760

What is this world, what asketh men to haue,

Now with his loue, now in his colde graue, 79/2777, 2778

Ioye after wo, and wo after gladnesse, S1/2S41

This world nys but a thurghfare ful of wo, And we been pilgrymes, passynge to and fro; Deeth is an ende of enery worldes soore, 81/2847—2849

Thanne is it wysdom, as it thynketh me, To maken vertu of necessitee, 87/3041, 3042

How that a clerk hath set the wrightes cappe, 90/3143 men shal nat maken ernest of game, 91/3186

Men sholde wedden after hire estast, ffor youthe and elde is often at debaat, 93/3829, 3830

A clerk hadde litherly biset his whyle, But if he koude a Carpenter bigyle, 95/3299, 3300

ffor som folk' wol ben wonnen for richesse, And somme for strokes, and somme for gentilesse, 97/3381, 3382

blowe the bukkes horn, 97/3387

alwey the nye slye

Maketh the ferre leeue to be looth, 97/3392, 3393

A man woot litel what hym shal bityde, 99/3450

Werk al by conseil, and thou shalt nat rewe, 101/3530

of an hastif thyng

Men may nat preche, or maken tariyng 102/3545, 3546

Men seyn thus, sende the wise, and sey no thyng, 103/3598

Lo, which a greet thyng is Affeccion!

Men may dyen of ymaginacion,

So depe may impression be take, 103/3611-3613

The deuel made a Rene for to preche,

And of a Soutere, Shipman or a leche, 112/3903, 3904.

sette his howue, 112/3911

ffor leueful is with force force of showue (vim vi repellere), 112/3912

ffor Ialous folk ben perilous euermo, 114/3961

ffor hooly chirches good moot been despended

On hooly chirches blood, that is descended, 114/3983, 3984

nede has na peer,

Hym boes serue hym selue, that has na swayn, 116/4026,

The gretteste clerkes been nought wisest men,

As whilom to the wolf thus spak the mare, 116/4054, 4055

Yet kan a Millere make a clerkes berd

(i.e. cheat him; Fr. faire la barbe, to shave), 117/4096

Man sal taa of twa thynges,

Slyk as he fyndes, or taa slyk as he brynges, 118/4129,

With empty hand men may none haukes tulle, 119/4134

That gif a man in a point be ygreued,

That in another he sal be releved, 120/4181, 4182

Vnhardy is vnseely, thus men sayth, 121/4210

Hym thar nat wene wel that yuele dooth,

A gylour shal hym self bigyled be, 124/4320, 4321

Ne brynge nat every man in-to thyn hous, (Ecclus. xi. 29), 125/4331

Wel oghte a man, anysed for to be,

Whom that he broghte in-to his pryuetee, 125/4333, 4334 ELLES. INDEX.

A man may seye ful sooth, in game and pleye, 125/435\$ But sooth pley quaad pley, as the flemyng seith, 126/4357 thefte and Riot they been convertible, 127/4395

Reuel and trouthe, as in a lowe degree, They been ful wrothe al day, as men may see, 128/4397, 4398

Wel bet is roten Appul out of hoord,
Than pat it rotie al the remenaunt;
So fareth it by a riotous seruaunt,
It is wel lasse harm to lete hym pace
Than he shende alle the seruantz in the place, 128/4406—
4410

ther is no theef with-oute a lowke, That helpeth hym to wasten and to sowke, Of that he brybe kan, or borwe may, 128/4415—4417

After bale cometh bote, borgh goddes might, Gam. 18/631 He moste nedes walke in felde bat may not walke in towne, Gam. 20/672

ffor losse of catel may recoured be, But losse of tyme shendeth vs, quod he (Seneca), 129/27, 28 Biheste is dette, 130/41

ffor swich lawe as a man yeueth another wight, He sholde hym seluen vsen it by right, 130/43, 44

in the sterres, clerer than is glas, Is writen, god woot, who so koude it rede, The deeth of euery man, withouten drede, 136/194—196

O sodeyn wo, that euere art successour,
To worldly bliss, spreynd with bitternesse;
The ende of the ioye of oure worldly labour,
Wo occupieth the fyn of oure gladnesse, 143/421--424

Vp on thy glade day, haue in thy mynde The vnwar wo or harm pat comth bihynde, 143/426, 427 gentil herte is fulfild of pitee, 150/660

The fruyt of euery tale, is for to seye, 152/706

Ther dronkenesse regneth in any route, Ther is no conseil hyd, with outen doute, 154/776, 777

Ioye of this world for tyme wol nat abyde, fire day to nyght it changeth as the tyde, 166/1133, 1134

Who lyued euere in swich delit o day, That hym ne moeued outher conscience, Or Ire, or talent, or som kynnes affray, Enuve, or pride, or passion, or offence § 166/

Enuye, or pride, or passion, or offence? 166/1135-1138

Mordre wol out, 186/1766

He that soone deemeth, soone shal repente, 205/2220 whil that Iren is hoot, men sholden smyte, 205/2226

he that precheth to hem that listen nat heeren his wordes.

he that precheth to hem that listen nat heeren his wordes, his sermon hem anoieth, 206/2234

good conseil wanteth whan it is moost [nede], 206/2238

he hasteth wel that wisely kan abyde, And in wikked haste is no profit, 207/2244

thre thynges dryuen a man out of his hous . . . Smoke, droppyng of Reyn, and wikked wyues, 209/2276

he pat soone deemeth, soone repenteth, 212/2325

he that to muche embraceth, distreyneth litel, 218/2405

for to do synne is mannyssh, but, certes, for to perseuere longe in sinne, is werk of the deuel, 221/2454

Ther is an old prouerbe, quod she, seith, That the goodnesse pat thou mayst do this day, do it, and abide nat ne delaye it nat til to morwe, 248/2984, 2985

Of fieble trees ther comen wrecched ympes, 254/3146

Mordre wol out, 289/4242

the latter ende of ioye is wo (Petrus Comestor), 293/4395 what pat god forwoot, moot nedes bee, 294/4424

A theef of venyson, that hath forlaft'
His likerousnesse and all his olde craft,

Wen keys a fforest best of any man 305/82.

Kan kepe a fforest best of any man, 305/83—85 Of alle tresons sourceyn pestilence

Is whan a wight bitrayseth Innocence, 305/91, 92

Vnder a shepherde, softe and necligent, The wolf hath many a sheepe and lamb to-rent, 306/101, 102

fforsaketh synne, er synne yow forsake, 311/286

ffor peril is, bothe fyr and tow tassemble, 336/89

God elepeth folk to hym, in sondry wyse, And euerich hath of god a propre yifte,

Som this, som that, as hym liketh shifte, 337/102—104

Who so pat wol nat be war by othere men,

By hym shul othere men corrected be, 339/180, 181

Ne noon so grey goos gooth in the lake,

As seistow wol been with-oute make, 341/269, 270

Of alle men, his wysdom is the hyeste,

That rekketh neuere who hath the world in honde, 343/326, 327

He is to greet a nygard that wolde werne A man to lighte his candle at his lanterne, 343/333, 334 Who so comth first to Mille, first grynt, 345/389 With empty hand men may none haukes lure, 345/415 Greet prees at Market maketh deere ware, And to greet cheepe is holde at litel prys, 348/522, 523 Who so that buyldeth his hous al of salwes, And priketh his blynde hors ouer the falwes, And suffreth his wyf to go seken halwes, Is worthy to been hanged on the galwes, 352/655-658 er bat thonder stynte, comth a reyn, 354/732 fful selde vp riseth, by his branches smale, Prowesse of man, for god, of his goodnesse, Wole that of hym we clayme oure gentillesse, ffor of oure eldres may we no thyng clayme But temporel thyng pat man may hurte and mayme, 366/

1128-1132 he is gentil that dooth gentil dedis, 367/1170 Glad pouerte is an honeste thyng, certeyn, 368/1183 ffreres and feendes been but lyte a-sonder, 383/1674 Lo ech thyng that is oned in it selve, Is moore strong than whan it is to scatered, 392/1968, 1969 With-Inne thyn hous ne be thou no leoun, 393/1989 Bountee comth al of god, nat of the streen Of which they been engendred and ybore, 408/157, 158 Loue is noght oold as whan bat it is newe, 430/857 Bet is, quod he, a pyk than a pykerel, And bet than olde boef is the tendre veel, 448/1419, 1420 Noon in this world that trotteth hool in al. 451/1538 Lo pitee remeth soone in gentil herte, 463/1986 But worldly Ioye may nat always dure, 465/2055 Passe ouer is an ese, 467/2115 As many heddes, as manye wittes ther been, 484/203 That pitee renneth soone in gentil herte, 492/479 by the whelpe chasted is the leon, 492/491 A trewe wight and a theef thenken nat oon, 494/537

That I made vertu / of necessitee, 495/593

Therfore bihoueth hire a ful long spoon That shal ete with a feend, 495/602, 603 That alle thyng repeiringe to his kynde,

Gladeth hym self, thus seyn men, as I gesse, 495, 496/ 608, 609

Pacience is an heigh vertu, certeyn, ffor it venguysseth, as thise clerkes seyn, Thynges pat rigour sholde neuere atteyne, 502/773-775 Lerneth to suffre, or elles, so moot I goon, Ye shul it lerne wher so ye wole or noon, 502/777, 778

That that is ouerdoon, it wol nat preeue Aright, as clerkes seyn, it is a vice, 549/645, 646 (Omne nimium vertitur in vitium.)

ffor whan a man hath ouer greet a wit, fful oft hym happeth to mysusen it, 549/648, 649

he that gilty is Demeth alle thyng be spoke of hym, ywis, 550/688, 689 ffor vn-to shrewes, ioye it is and ese, To have hir felawes in peyne and disese, 552/746, 747 But every thyng which pat seineth as the gold, Nis nat gold, as pat I have herd told, Ne euery appul that is fair to eye, Nis nat good, what so men clappe or crye, 558, 559/962-965

Of euery ordre som shrewe is, pardee, 560/995 bet than neuere is late, 572/1410

Ye been as boold as is Bayard the blynde, 572/1413

Dun is in the Myre, 576/5

The word moot nede accorde with the dede, 583/208. See 21/742

litel Ianglyng' causeth muchel rest, 587/350 Thyng that is seyd, is seyd, and forth it gooth, 587/355 many smale maken a greet, 616/362

## PRAYERS, ENTREATIES, IMPRECATIONS, ETC.

God spede you, 73/2558 God saue swich a lord, 73/2563 God shilde that he deyde sodeynly, 98/3427 ffor Ihesus loue, 106/3717 for Cristes swete tree, 108/3767 for goddes banes, 117/4073 for cristes peyne, 117/4084 ffor Cristes saule, 122/4263 for cristes passion, 125/4327 I pray to god so yeue me sorwe and care, 125/4335 god forbede, 125/4339; 207/2248 for the loue of god and of Seint Iohn, 129/18 god hym see, 134/156 I pray to god in honour hire susteene, 134/160 almyghty god thee gyde, 137/245 crist that starf for our sauacion So yeue me grace hise heestes to fulfille, 138/283, 284 Ihesu crist be with you alle, 139/318 He that is lord of ffortune be thy steere, 144/448 Osanne, 150/642 thanked be cristes grace, 151/686 Lord, wel come be thy lust and thy pleasance My lust I putte al in thyn ordinance, 154/762, 763 lord, ay wel come be thy sonde, 156/826 heryed be goddes grace, 157/872 ffor wynd and weder, almyghty god purchace, 157/873 god yeve him meschance, 159/914 cristes mooder, blessed be she ay, 160/950 Now god, quod he, and hise halwes brighte So wisly on my soule as haue mercy, 163/1060, 1061 Now Ihesu Crist that of his myght may sende Ioye after wo, gouerne vs in his grace And kepe vs alle that been in this place. Amen, 166/ 1160-1162

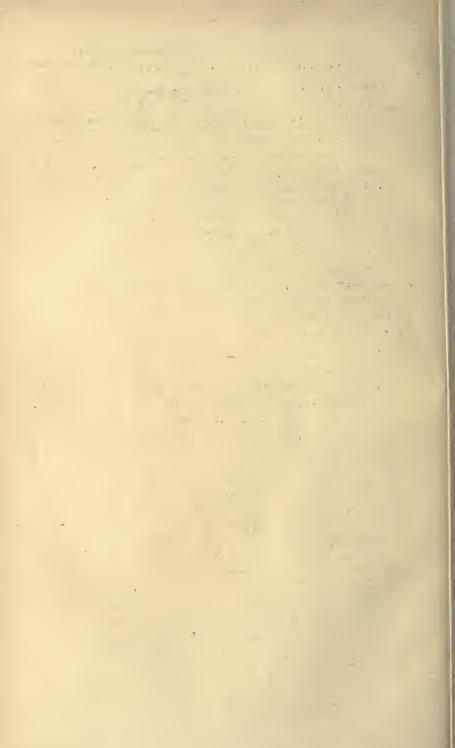
God shilde, 172/1356 god take on me vengeance, 173/1383 al so god me saue, 174/1416 God and seint Austyn spede yow and gyde, 175/1449 god shilde yow fro care, 175/1454 god vs sende Taillynge ynough vn-to oure lyues ende, 180/ 1624 Ave Maria, 183/1698 O seinte Marie benedicite, 193/1974 God shilde his cors fro shonde, 197/2098 for goddes dignitee, 199/2109 god yelde yow, 219/1772 I vowe to god, 254/3122 I pray to god yeue him confusioun, 254/3133 God veue me sorwe, 254/3140 so god yow blesse, 281/3978 god his soule blesse, 296/4485 for seinte charitee, 297/4510 god lat him neuere thee, 300/4622 for the love of Christ pat for vs dyde, 323/658 I make anow to goddes digne bones, 324/695 god vow see, 325/715 God saue yow bat boghte agayn mankynde, 326/766 god yeue his soule reste, 348/501 God lete his soule neuere come in helle, 348/504 god his soule blesse, 348/525 God haue hir soule, 349/530 ffor goddes loue, 364/1060 for goddes loue, 365/1096 God sende hem soone verray pestilence, 370/1264 on goddes name, 371/1276 Grantmercy, 375/1403 I pray to god saue thee, and seint loy, 379/1564 And god bat made after his ymage Mankynde, saue and gyde vs alle and some, 381/1642, 164 God saue yow alle saue this cursed frere, 384/1707

Deus hic, 386/1770 god amende defautes, 388/1810 Graunt mercy, 388/1812 for seinte Trinitee, 388/1824 god be thanked of his loone, 389/1861 Te deum, 389/1866 for hym that harwed helle, 396/2107 for seinte Charitee, 396/2119 god yow see, / 398/2169 God yelde yow, 398/2177 god lat hym neuere thee, 399/2207 god lete thee neuere thee, 399/2232 god hym saue, 400/2265 I prey to god so yeue his soule reste, 404/30 as god forbede, 407/136 god forbeede, 437/1076 Grauntmercy, 437/1088 God shilde that it sholde so bifalle, 442/1232 so god yow blesse, 442/1240 ther god his bones corse, 444/1308 a Seinte marie benedicite, 445/1337 god haue yow in his grace, 445/1688 God shilde vs alle from youre aqueyntance, 453/1787 God graunte thee thyn hoomly fo tespye, 458/1792 ffor goddes loue, 459/1814 God be thyn helpe, 460/1874 for hir loue pat is of heuene queene, 473/2334 God blesse vs and his mooder Seinte Marie, 475/2418 ffor goddes loue, 491/464 god veue thee good chaunce, 498/679 for thilke god aboue, 517/1321 god yeue thee chance, 548/593 God it amende, 549/651 god yeue it harde grace, 550/665 the foule feend hym quelle, 551/705

Er that he dye, sorwe haue he and shame, 551/709

god forbede, 560/996; 562/1046, 1064 God kepe vs from his false dissymulynge, 563/1073 Graunt mercy, 565/1156 the foule feend hym feeche, 665/1159 for goddes loue, 565/1176 vuele moot he cheeue, 567/1225 Goddes blessyng and his moodres also And alle halwes, have ye sire Chanon, 567/1243, 1244 the deuel out of his skyn Hym terve (2. 4. 6. torne, 3. 5. turne) I pray to god for his falshede, 568/1273, 1274 ffor love of god that for vs alle deyde, 570/1351 God it forbeede, 571/1375 grant mercy, 571/1380 God sende euery trewe man boote of his bale, 574/1481 for Cokkes bones, 576/9 god yeue thee sorwe, 576/15 foule moote thou falle, 577/40 on goddes name, 586/318 for Cokkes bones, 590/29 Now faire yow bifalle, 591/68 to do wel god sende yow his grace, 591/74

so browke I myn eie, Gamalyn 10/334 so browke I myn hals, Gam. 12/407 banked be goddes sonde, Gam. 13/419 for cristes passion, Gam. 14/477 so browke I my bone, Gam. 15/489 so euer here I masse, Gam. 15/515 for seint charite, Gam. 15/513 So brouke I my chyn, Gam. 17/567 so mote I wel the, Gam. 17/577 euel mote I thryue, Gam. 17/586 so euer here I masse, Gam. 17/595 god sende vs gode, Gam. 19/640 haue god my treuthe, Gam. 20/678 for be gode rode, Gam. 21/707 haue god my lyfe, Gam. 21/714 euel mote thu the, Gam. 21/720 so mote I wel the, Gam. 24/833 so god zeue me good rest, Gam. 24/841 God bring vs to be Ioye hat euer shal be, Gam. 26/902



INDEX OF PROPER NAMES AND SUBJECTS

# Changer's Canterbury Tales

TOGETHER WITH

COMPARISONS AND SIMILES, METAPHORS AND PROVERBS, MAXIMS, IN THE SAME.

ETC., MAK 6

COLLECTED BY

PROF. HIRAM CORSON, LL.D.

OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY.



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The issue for 1874, in the First Series, 18,

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XLII. Second Nun's, Canon's-Yeoman's, Doctor's, Pardoner's Tales, Sir Thopas, Melibeus, Monk's, Nun's-Priest's, Manciple's Tales, Petworth MS, Part V. XLIII. Second Nun's, Canon's-Yeoman's, Doctor's, Pardoner's, Shipman's, Prioress's Tales, Sir Thopas, Melibeus, Monk's, Nun's-Priest's, Manciple's Tales, Lansdowne MS, Part V.

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LX. Odd-Texts of Chancer's Minor Poems, Part II, containing, 3. The ABC, from 2 MSS; 4. The House of Fame, from the Pepys' MS, &c.; 5. The Legend of Good Women from 3 MSS; 6. The Dethe of Blaunche the Duchesse from 1 MS; 7. The Complaint to Pity from 2 MSS; 8. The Parlament of Fowles from 1 MS; 9. Truth from 3 MSS; 10. Envoy to Seogan from 1 MS; 11.

Purse from 1 MS.

LXI. A One-Text Print of Chaucer's Minor Poems, Part II, containing, VI. Mother of God; VII. Anelida; VIII. The Former Age; IX. Adam Scrivener; X. The House of Fame; XI. Legende; XII. Truth; XIII. Venus; XIV. Scogan; XV. Marriage; XVI. Gentilesse; XVII. Proverbs; XVIII. Stedfasiness; XIX. Fortune; XX. Purse.

LXII. Autotype Specimens of the chief Chaucer MSS. Part III: 2 from Henry V's MS of the *Troilus*, when he was Prince of Wales (now Mr Bacon Frank's): 1 from Shirley's MS of the ABC at Sion Coll.

The issue for 1881, in the First Series, is,
LXIII. A Parallel-Text edition of Chaucer's Troilus & Criseyde from the Campsall
MS, b. 1415 a.d. (written for Henry V when Prince of Wales), Harleian
MS. 2280, and Cambr. Univ. Libr. Gg. 4. 27. Part I. Books 1 and 2.

The issue for 1882, in the First Series, is, LXIV. A Parallel-Text edition of Chaucer's Troilus & Criseyde from the Campsall MS, before 1415 A.D. (written for Henry V when Prince of Wales), Harleian MS 2280, and Cambr. Univ. Libr. Gg. 4. 27. Part II. Books 3, 4, 5.

The issue for 1883, in the First Series, is,

LXV. Part II of Mr W. M. Rossetti's Comparison of Chaucer's Troilus and Cryseyde with Boccaccio's Filostrato, completing the work.

The issue for 1884, in the First Series, is, LXVI-LXXI. 6 Appendixes to the 6 MSS of the Six-Text, with Wood-cuts and colord Cuts of 6 Tellers of Tales and of 6 emblematical Figures from the Cambridge Univ. MS, Gg. 4. 27, &c., and Process Engravings, for the Ellesmere MS Part, of the 23 Ellesmere MS Miniatures. The Hengwrt MS, Part VI, contains The Canon's-Yeoman's Tale from the Lichfield MS.

LXXII. The Six-Text, Part IX, with colord Cuts of 6 Tellers of Tales and 6 emble-matical Figures from the Cambridge Univers. MS Gg. 4. 27; and Prof. Hiram Corson's Index to the Subjects and Names of *The Canterbury* Tales. [Issued in 1911.]

The issue for 1885, in the First Series, is,

LXXIII. The Harleian MS 7334 of The Canterbury Tales, with Woodcuts of 23 Teliers of Tales from the Ellesmere MS, &c.

LXXIV. Autotype Specimens of the chief Chaucer MSS. Pt IV. The Ellesmere. The issue for 1886, in the First Series, is, LXXV. Chaucer's Boece from the Cambridge University MS. Ii. 3, 21.

LXXVI. Chaucer's Boece from the Additional MS 10,340 in the British Museum, as edited by the Rev. Dr. R. Morris for the E. E. Text Soc. in 1868.

LXXVII. More Odd Texts of Chaucer's Minor Poems, containing, 1. The Compleynte to Pite; 2. The Complaint of the Anelida and Arcite; 3. Truth; 4. Lack of Stedfastness; 5. Fortune; 6. Purse. Appendix: I. The Balade II. Roundels (Mercilesse Beaute).

The issue for 1887, in the First Series, is,

LXXVIII. A Ryme-Index to Chancer's Minor Poems, by Miss Isabel Marshall and Miss Lela Porter, in Royal 4to for the Parallel-Text.

The issue for 1888, in the First Series, is,

LXXIX. A One-Text Print of Chaucer's Troilus, from the Campsall MS bef. 1415 A.D.

The issue for 1889, in the First Series, is, LXXX. A Ryme-Index to Chaucer's Minor Poems, by Miss Isabel Marshall and Miss Lela Porter, in 8vo for the One-Text print of the Minor Poems.

The issue for 1890, in the First Series, is,

LXXXI. Parallel-Text Specimens of all accessible unprinted Chaucer MSS: The Pardoner's Prolog and Tale, edited by Prof. Zupitza, Ph.D. Part I, from 7 MSS: Cambridge Dd. 4. 24, Christ-Church, Additional 5140, Devonshire, Haistwell (or Egerton 3726), Ingilby, Northumberland: the Dd. Group. LXXXII. The Romaunt of the Rose, from Thynne's print, 1532, ed. F. J. Furnivall.

[Issued in 1911.]

The issue for 1891, in the First Series, is,
LXXXIII. A Parallel text of The Romaunt of the Rose (of which the first 1705 lines
are most probably Chaucer's), from the unique MS at Glasgow, and its
French original, Le Roman de la Rose, edited by Dr Max Kaluza. Part I. LXXXIV. A Rime-Index to Chaucer's Troilus, by Prof. Skeat, Litt.D.

The issue for 1892, in the First Series, is,

LXXXV. Parallel-Text Specimens of all accessible unprinted Chaucer MSS: The
Pardoner's Prolog and Tale, edited by Prof. Zupitza, Ph.D. Part II, from 10 MSS.

The issue for 1893, in the First Series, is,

LXXXVI. Parallel-Text Specimens of all accessible unprinted Chaucer MSS: The Pardoner's Prolog and Tale, edited by Prof. Zupitza, Ph.D. Part III, from 6 MSS.

The issue for 1894, in the First Series, is,

LXXXVII. A Parallel-Text of 3 more MSS of Chaucer's Troilus, the St. John's and Corpus, Cambridge, and Harl. 1239, Brit. Mus., put forth by Dr. F. J. Furnivall. Part I, with a Note by G. C. Macaulay, M.A.

The issue for 1895, in the First Series, is, LXXXVIII. A Parallel-Text of 3 more MSS of Chaucer's Troilus, Part II.

The issue for 1896, in the First Series, will be,

LXXXIX. Prof. McCormick's Introduction to Chancer's Troilus, discussing its MSS, its Text, its Metre and Grammar: 2nd Parallel-Texts, Part III.

The issue for 1897, in the First Series, is,

XC. Parallel-Text Specimens of all accessible unprinted MSS: The Pardoner's Prolog and Tule, Part IV, from 17 MSS, edited by the late Prof. Zupitza, Ph.D., and Prof. John Koch, Ph.D.

The issue for 1898, in the First Series, is, XCI. Parallel-Text Specimens, Part V: The Paralner's Prolog and Tale, a Six-Text, from 3 MSS and 3 black-letters, edited by Prof. John Koch, Ph.D., and Dr. F. J. Furnivall.

The issue for 1899, in the First Series, is, XCII. Parallel-Text Specimens, Part VI: The Clerk's Tale, a Six-Text Print from 6 MSS not containing The Pardoner's Tale, put forth by Dr. F. J. Furnivall. The issue for 1900, in the First Series, is, XCIII. Parallel-Text Specimens, Part VII: The Clerk's Tale from the Phillipps

MS 8299 and the Longleat MS, put forth by Dr. F. J. Furnivall.

XCIV. Parallel-Text Specimens, Part VIII: The Pardoner's Prolog and Tale from the Hodson MS 39, put forth by Dr. F. J. Furnivall with an Introduction

by Prof. John Koch, Ph.D.

The issue for 1901, in the First Series, is, XCV. The Cambridge MS Dd. 4. 24. of the Canterbury Tales, completed by the Egerton MS 2726 (the Haistwell MS), ed. F. J. Furnivall. Part I.

The issue for 1902, in the First Series, is, XCVI. The Cambridge MS Dd. 4. 24. of the Canterbury Tales, completed by the Egerton MS 2726 (the Haistwell MS), with woodcuts of the 23 Tellers of The Canterbury Tales, from the Ellesmere MS-and of 6 Tellers of Canterbury Tales, from the Cambridge MS Gg. 4. 27, ed. F. J. Furnivall. Part II.

XCVII. Parallel-Text Specimens, Part IX: An Introduction to the eight Specimens of Chaucer's Clerk's Tale, by Prof. Dr. John Koch.

(None for 1903-1910.)

### SECOND SERIES.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1868 is,

1. Early English Pronunciation, with especial reference to Shakspere and Chaucer, by Alexander J. Ellis, Esq., F.R.S. Part I. This work includes an amalgamation of Prof. F. J. Child's two Papers on the use of the final -e by Chaucer (in T. Wright's ed.

of The Canterb. Tales) and by Gower (in Dr Pauli's ed. of the Confessio Amantis).

2. Essays on Chaucer, his Words and Works, Part I.: 1. Prof. Ebert's Review of Sandras's Etude sur Chaucer, translated by J. W. van Rees Hoets, M.A.; 2. A 13th-century Latin Treatise on the Chilindre (of the Shipman's Tale), edited by

Mr. E. Brock.

3. A Temporary Preface to the Society's Six-Text edition of Chaucer's Canterbury Tales, attempting to show the right Order of the Tales, and the Days and Stages of the Pilgrimage, &c. &c., by F. J. Furnivall, Esq., M.A.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1869 is,

Early English Pronunciation, with especial reference to Shakspere and Chaucer, by Alexander J. Ellis, Esq., F.R.S. Part II.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1870 is,

5. Early English Pronunciation, with especial reference to Shakspere and Chaucer, by Alexander J. Ellis, Esq., F.R.S. Part III.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1871 is.

6. Trial-Forewords to my Parallel-Text edition of Chaucer's Minor Poems for the Chaucer Society (with a try to set Chaucer's Works in their right order of Time), by Fredk. J. Furnivall. Part I.

()f the Second Series, the issue for 1872 is,

7. Originals and Analogues of some of Chaucer's Canterbury Tales, Part I. 1. The original of the Man of Law's Tale of Constance, from the French Chronicle of Nicholas Trivet, Arundel MS 56, ab. 1340, a.D., collated with the later copy, ab. 1400, in the National Library at Stockholm; copied and edited, with a translation, by Mr. Edmund Brock. 2. The Tale of "Merelaus the Emperor," englisht from the Gesta Romanorum by Thomas Hoccleve, in Harl. MS 7333; and 3. Part of Matthew Paris's Vita Offæ Primi, both stories illustrating incidents in the Man of Law's Tale. 4. Two French Fabliaux like the Reeve's Tale. 5. Two Latin Stories like the Friar's Tale.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1873 is,

8. Albertano of Brescia's Liber Consilii et Consolationis, A.D. 1246 (the Latin source of the French original of Chancer's Melibe), edited from the MSS, by Dr. Thor Sundby.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1874 is,

9. Essays on Chaucer, his Words and Works, Part II.: 3. John of Hoveden's Practica Chilindri, edited from the MS. with a translation, by Mr. E. Brock. 4. Chaucer's use of the final -e, by Joseph Payne, Esq. 5. Mrs. E. Barrett-Browning on Chancer: being those parts of her review of the Book of the Poets, 1842, which relate to him; here reprinted by leave of Mr Robert Browning. 6. Professor Bernhard ten Brink's critical edition of Chaucer's Compleyate to Pite.

()f the Second Series, the issue for 1875 is,

10. Originals and Analogues of Chaucer's Canterbury Tales, Part II. 6. Alphonsus of Lincoln, a Story like the Prioress's Tale. 7. How Reynard caught Chanticleer, the source of the Nun's-Priest's Tale. 8. Two Italian Stories, and a Latin one, like the Pardoner's Tale. 9. The Tale of the Priest's Bladder, a story like the Summoner's Tale, being 'Li dis de le Vescie a Prestre,' par Jakes de Basiw. 10. Petrarch's Latin Tale of Griseldis (with Boccaccio's Story from which it was re-told), the original of the Clerk's Tale. 11. Five Versions of a Pear-tree Story like that in the Merchant's Tale. 12. Four Versions of The Life of Saint Cecilia, the original of the Second Nun's Tale. Edited by F. J. Furnivall. 10. Originals and Analogues of Chaucer's Canterbury Tales, Part II. 6. Alphon-

11. Early English Pronunciation, with especial reference to Shakspere and Chaucer, by Alexander J. Ellis, Esq., F.R.S. Part IV.

12. Life-Records of Chaucer, Part I, The Robberies of Chaucer by Richard Brerelay and others at Westminster, and at Hatcham, Surrey, on Tuesday, Sept. 6, 1390, with some Account of the Robbers, from the Enrolments in the Public Record Office, by Walford D. Selby, Esq., of the Public Record Office.

13. Thynne's Animadversions (1599) on Speght's Chaucers Workes, re-edited from the unique MS, by Fredk. J. Furnivall, with fresh Lives of William and Francis Thynne, and the only known fragment of The Pilgrim's Tale.

Thynne, and the only known fragment of The Pitgrim's Tate.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1876 is,

14. Life-Records of Chaucer. Part II, The Household Ordinances of King Edward II, June 1323 (as english) by Francis Tate in Murch 1601 A.D.), with extracts from those of King Edward IV, to show the probable duties of Chaucer as Valet or Yeoman of the Chamber, and Esquire, to Edward III of whose Honsehold Book no MS is known; together with Chaucer's Oath as Controller of the Customs, and an enlarged Autotype of Hoceleve's Portrait of Chaucer, ed. by F. J. Furnivall.

15. Originals and Analogues of Chaucer's Canterbury Tales, Part III. 13. The Story of Constance, for the Man of Law's Tale. 14. The Boy killd by a Jew for singing 'Gaude Maria,' an Analogue of the Prioress's Tale. 15. The Paris Beggarboy nurderd by a Jew for singing 'Alma redemptoris mater!' an Analogue of the Prioress's Tale; with a Poem by Lydgate. Edited by F. J. Furnivall.

16. Essays on Chaucer, his Words and Works, Part III. 7. Chaucer's Prioress, her

16. Essays on Chaucer, his Words and Works, Part III. 7. Chaucer's Prioress, her Nun Chaplain and 3 Priests, illustrated from the Paper Survey of St Mary's Abbey, Winchester, by F. J. Furnivall. 8. Alliteration in Chaucer, by Dr Paul Lindner. 9. Chaucer a Wicliffite; a critical Examination of the Parson's Tale, by Herr Hugo Simon. 10. The sources of the Wife of Bath's Prologue: Chaucer not a borrower from John of Salisbury, by the Rev. W. W. Woollcombe.

17. Supplementary Canterbury Tales: 1. The Tale of Beryn, with a Prologue of the New York Maryton of the Devilue with a Transact Contribution of Salisbury.

the merry Adventure of the Pardoner with a Tapster at Canterbury, re-edited from the Duke of Northumberland's unique MS, by Fredk. J. Furnivall. Part I, the Text, with Wm. Smith's Map of Canterbury in 1588, now first engravd from his unique MS., and Ogilby's Plan of the Road from London to Canterbury in 1675.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1878 (there was none in 1877) is,

18. Essays on Chaucer, his Words and Works, Part IV. 11. On here and there in Chaucer (his Pronunciation of the two e's), by Dr R. F. Weymouth; 12 On α. An Original Version of the Knight's Tale; β. the Date (1381) and Personages of the Parlament of Foules; γ. on Anelida and Arcyte, on Lollius, on Chaucer, and Boccaccio, &c., by Dr. John Koch, with a fragment of a later Palamon and Ersyte from the Dublin MS D. 4. 18.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1884 (none in 1879, '80, '81, '82, '83, '85) is, 19. Essays on Chancer, his Words and Works, Part V: 13. Chancer's Pardoner: his character illustrated by documents of his time, by Dr J. J. Jusserand. 14. Why the Romaint of the Rose is not Chancer's by Prof. Skeat, M.A. 15. Chancer's Schipment of the Novel Chancer's Partone 15. Chancer's Partone 15. and his Barge 'The Maudelayne,' by P. Q. Karkeek, Esq. 16. Chaucer's Parson's Tale compared with Frère Lorens's Somme de Vices et de Vertus, by Wilhelm Eilers, Ph.D., 1882, englisht 1884. 17. On Chancer's Reputed Works, by T. L. Kington-Oliphant, M.A.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1886 is,

20. Originals and Analogs of the Canterbury Tales. Part IV. Eastern Analogs I,

W. A. Clouston.

by W. A. Clouston.

21. Life-Records of Chancer, Part III, a. The Household book of Isabella wife of Prince Lionel, third son of Edward III, in which the name of Geoffrey Chaucer first occurs; edited from the unique MS in the Brit. Mns., by Edward A. Bond, LL.D., Chief Librarian. b. Chaueer as Forester of North Petherton, Somerset, 1390—1400. by Walford D. Selby, Esq. With an Appendix by Walter Rye, Esq., on I, Chaueer's Grandfather; II, Chaucer's connection with Lynn and Norfolk.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1887 is,

22. Originals and Analogs of the Canterbury Tales, Part V (completing the volume). Eastern Analogs, II, by W. A. Clouston.
23. John Lane's Continuation of Chaucer's Squire's Tale, edited by F. J. Furnivall

from the 2 MSS in the Bodleian Library, Oxford, A.D. 1616, 1630. Part I.

24. Supplementary Canterbury Tales: 2, The Tale of Beryn, Part II. Forewords by F. J. Furnivall, Notes by F. Vipan, M.A. &c., and Glossary by W. G. Stone; with an Essay on Analogs of the Tale, by W. A. Clouston.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1888 (wrongly markt No. 27 for 1889) is, 25. Early English Pronunciation, with especial reference to Shakspere and Chaucer, by Alexander J. Ellis, Esq., F.R.S. Part V, and last,

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1889 is,

26. John Lane's Continuation of Chaucer's Squire's Tale. Part II, with an Essay on the Magical Elements in the Squire's Tale, and Analogues, by W. A. Clouston.

- Of the Second Series, the issue for 1890 is, 27. The Chronology of Chaucer's Writings, by John Koch, Ph.D., Berlin.
- Of the Second Series, the issue for 1891 is, 28. Observations on the Language of Chancer's Troilus (a Study of its MSS, their words and forms), by Prof. George Lyman Kittredge, M.A.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1892 is,

29. Essays on Chaucer, his Words and Works, Part VI, by Prof. Cowell, LL.D., Alois Brandl, Ph.D., Rev. Prof. Skeat, Litt.D., and W. M. Rossetti.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1898 (none in 1893-97) is, 30. Notes on the Road from London to Canterbury, ed. H. Littlehales, Esq.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1900 (none in 1899) is,

31. The Portraits of Geoffrey Chaucer. By M. H. Spielmann. 32. Life-Records of Chaucer, Part IV, Enrolments and Documents from the Public Record Office, the City of London Town-Clerk's Office, &c., ed. R. E. G. Kirk, Esq.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1901 is, 33. R. Brathwait's Comments on 2 Tales of Chaucer, 1665, ed. Miss C. Spurgeon.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1902 is,

34. Supplementary Canterbury Tales: 3, A new Ploughman's Tale, being Hoccleve's englisht Legend of the Virgin and her Sleeveless Garment, from the Christchurch and Ashburnham MSS, edited by A. Beatty, M.A., Wisconsin.

35. The Pardoner's Prologue and Tale, a critical edition by John Koch.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1903 is,

36. Analogues of Chancer's Canterbury Pilgrimage, the 4-days' Journey from

London to Canterbury and back of the Aragonese Ambassadors, 31 July—3 Aug. 1415, etc., etc., ed. R. E. G. Kirk and F. J. Furnivall. (Publisht in 1906.) 37. The Development and Chronology of Chaucer's Works, by John S. P. Tatlock, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of English in the University of Michigan. (Issued in 1907.) 38. The Evolution of the Canterbury Tales, by Prof. W. W. Skeat, Litt.D. (1907.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1904 (publisht in 1907) is, 39. Studies in Chaucer's Hons of Fame, by Wilbur Owen Sypherd, Ph.D., Professor of English in Delaware College, U.S.A.
40. The Origin and Development of the Story of Troilus and Criseyde, by Karl

Young, Ph.D. 41. The Harleian MS 7334 and Revision of the Canterbury Tales, by Prof. Tatlock, Pb.D.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1905 (publisht in 1908) is, 42. The Date of Chaucer's Troilus and other Chaucer matters, by Prof. George Lyman Kittredge, LL.D., Litt.D.

43. The Eight-Text Edition of the Canterbury Tales; with especial reference to the Harleian MS 7334, by Prof. W. W. Skent, Litt.D.

44. The Syntax of the Infinitive in Chaucer, by John Samuel Kenyon, Ph.D.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1906 (publisht in 1910-1) is,

45. A Study of the Miracles of Our Lady, told by Chaucer's Prioress, by Prof. Carleton Brown, Ph.D.
46. Lydgate's Siege of Thebes, ed. from the MSS by Prof. Axel Erdmann, Ph.D. Part I, the Text (1911). Part II will be publisht by the E.E.T.S.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1907 (to be publisht in 1912) will be,

47. Five Hundred Years of Chaucer Criticisms and Allusions, 1362-1900 A.D., by Miss Caroline F. E. Spurgeon, Docteur de l'Université de Paris, and Miss Evelyn Part I.

Of the Second Series, the issue for 1908 (to be publisht in 1912) will be, 48. Five Hundred Years of Chaucer Criticisms and Allusions, 1362 to 1900 A.D., by Miss Caroline F. E. Spurgeon, Docteur de l'Université de Paris, and Miss Evelyn Part II. Fox.

**Am**ong the Texts and Chaucer Essays, &c., preparing for the Society are:—

Further Studies in Chaucer's Canterbury Tales, by Prof. Tatlock, Ph.D.

A Comparative Study of all the MSS of the Canterbury Tales, by Professor George Stevenson, B.A.

Entries concerning Thomas Chaucer, compiled by R. E. G. Kirk, Esq.

# Early English Text Society.

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